



# Validation of JEDI Software for NCEP's Unified Data Assimilation System

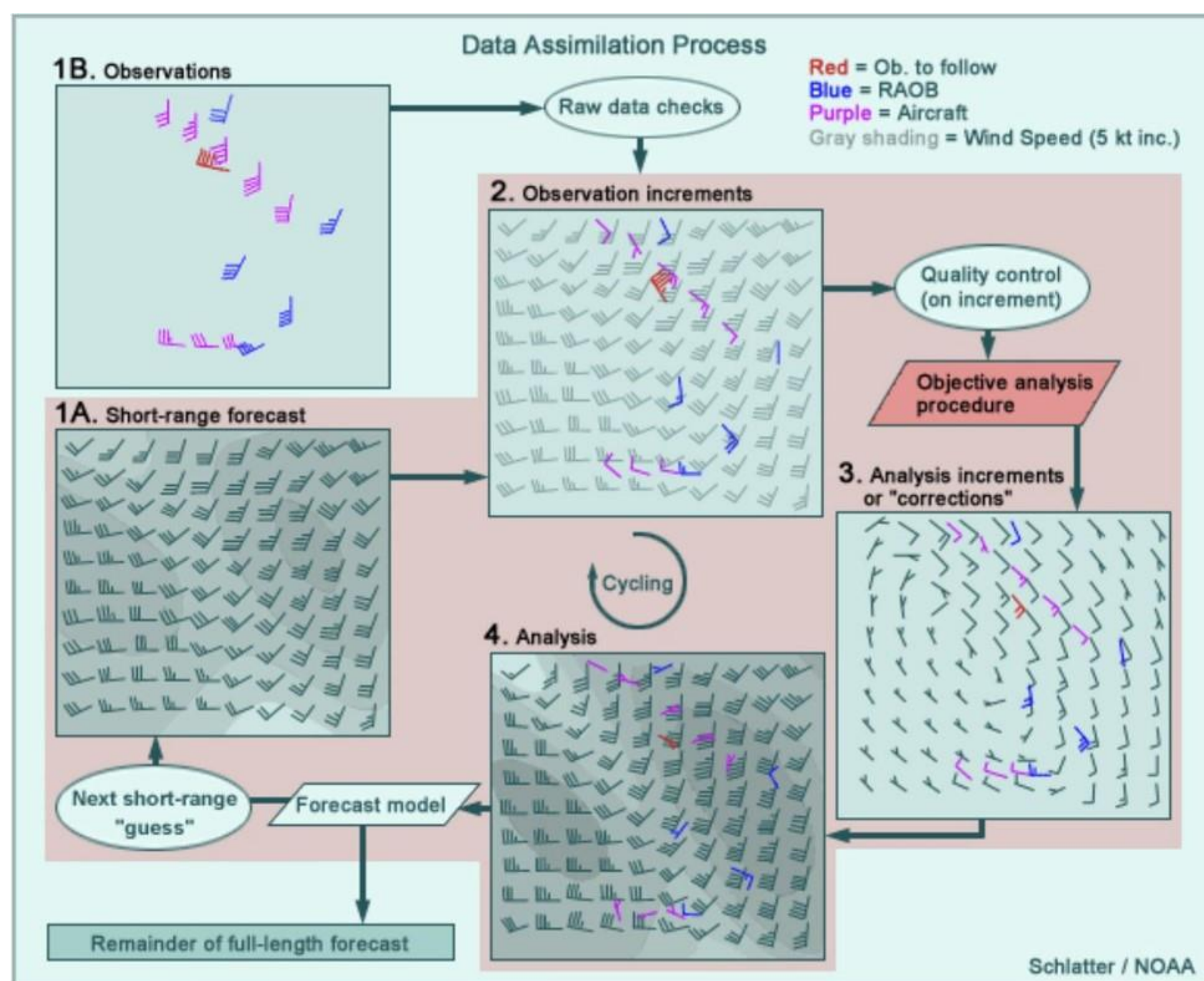
Kenneth Swan<sup>1</sup>, Cory Martin<sup>2</sup>, Catherine Thomas<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Mississippi State University, <sup>2</sup>NOAA NWS NCEP EMC



## Introduction

- Data Assimilation (DA)** is the science of combining observations with prior forecasts.
  - Compares short-term forecasts to observations valid at the same time
- The Joint Effort for Data Assimilation Integration (JEDI)** is a collaboration between NOAA and federal partners for a new DA framework.



## Methods

**Project Goal:** Examine JEDI software for scientific validity and potential bugs.

- Single observation impact tests using air temperature
- 3DVar assimilation on a forecast from the Global Forecast System (GFS)
- Innovation values of +5 Kelvin

**Hypothesis:** Impact tests should result in isotropic increments that are consistent spatially and computationally.

Independent Variables	Dependent Variables
Latitude / Longitude	Increment Temperature
Pressure	Increment Wind
Observation Error	Computation Time
Background Error	
Processor Count	

```
obsdataout: singleob.nc
lockkeys:
  latitude: 0.0 # degrees
  longitude: 0.0 # degrees
  datetime: '2021-08-01T00:00:00Z'
  pressure: 100000.1 # pascals
variable:
  name: 'air_temperature'
  obsvalue: 300 # kelvins
  obserr: 1.0
  preqc: 0
```

Sample observation file

## Key Terms

### First Guess

- a short-range model forecast

### Innovation: obs. - forecast

- how the observations differ from the first guess

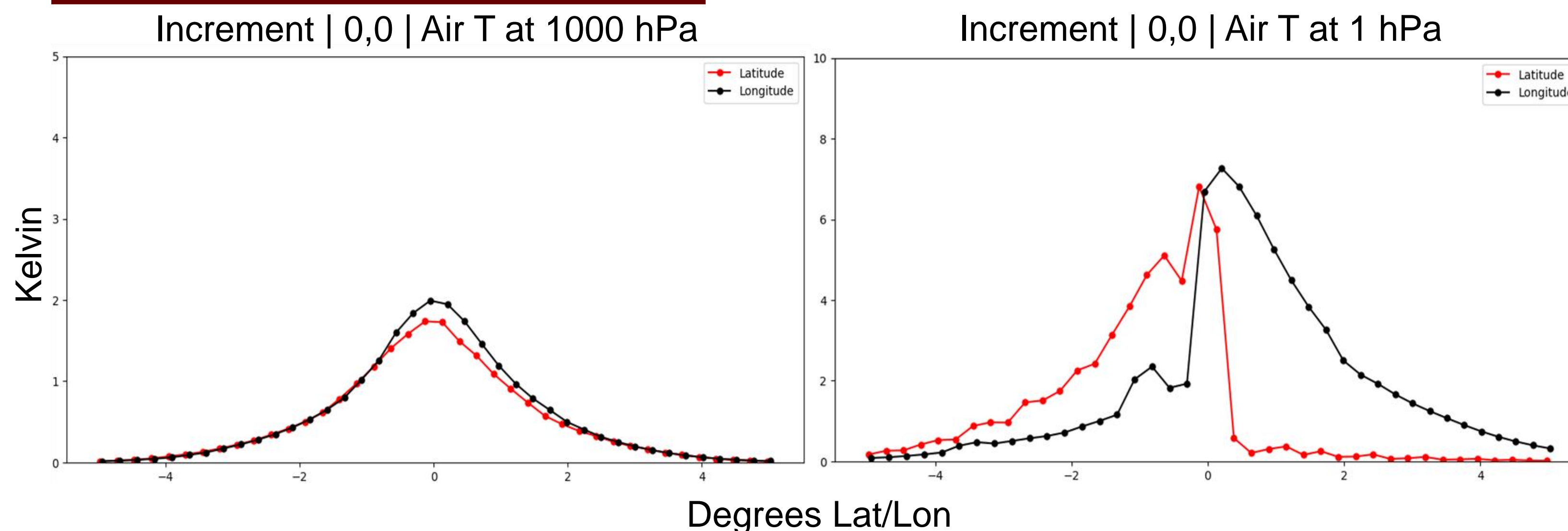
### Increment: analysis - forecast

- corrections to the first guess after data analysis

### Isotropic:

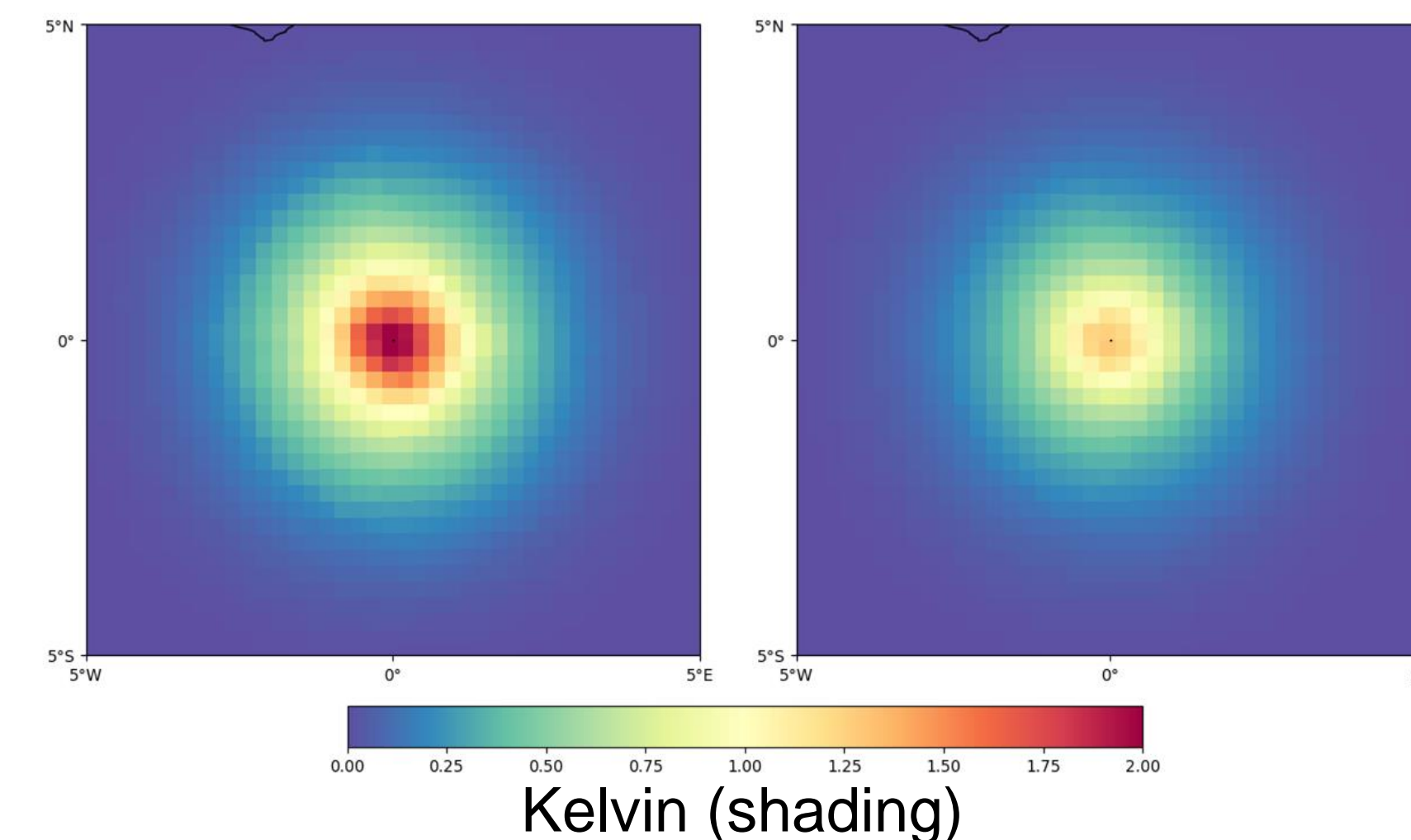
- Background model errors are distributed evenly in the x- and y- planes

## Results & Findings



- Impact tests created isotropic increments of air temperature in most model layers.
- Changing values for observation error and background error impacted the magnitude and shape of the gaussian distributions, respectively.
- Above 10 hectopascals, increment fields became noisy or incoherent.

Increment | 0,0 | Air T at 1000 hPa  
216 CPUs



- Increasing the processor count changed the magnitude of the resulting increments.
- The analysis procedure was not reproducible on different machine configurations.

**Conclusion:** Issues of reproducibility and non-physical results are being investigated before JEDI software becomes operationally ready.