

High Spectral Resolution Infrared and Advanced Microwave Sounders (CrIS/ATMS) Data Products generated at **NOAA/NESDIS** A.K. Sharma

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http://www.ospo.noaa.gov/Products/atmosphere/soundings/index.html

Recently, the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) National Environmental Satellite Data and Information Service (NESDIS) has made significant improvements for retrieving the atmospheric sounding using the high spectral resolution infrared and advanced microwave sounders data from the Cross-track Infrared Sounder (CrIS) and the Advanced Technology Microwave Sounder (ATMS) instruments on board the Suomi-National Polar-orbiting Partnership (S-NPP) and the Infrared Atmospheric Sounding Interferometer (IASI) which resides on the European Space Agency's (ESA) Metop series of polar-orbiting satellites. In a series of advanced operational sounders CrIS, in conjunction with ATMS, provides more accurate, detailed atmospheric temperature and more accurate sounding data from CrIS and ATMS support continuing advances of advances of advances of advances of advanced operational sounders CrIS, in conjunction with ATMS, provides more accurate, detailed atmospheric temperature and more accurate sounding data from CrIS and ATMS support continuing advances of advances of advances of advanced operational sounders CrIS, in conjunction with ATMS, provides more accurate, detailed atmospheric temperature and more accurate sounding data from CrIS and ATMS support continuing advances of advances of advances of advanced operational sounders CrIS, in conjunction with ATMS support continuing advances of advances of advances of advanced operational sounders CrIS, in conjunction with ATMS support continuing advances of advances of advances of advances of advanced operational sounders CrIS and ATMS support continuing advances of advances of advances of advanced operational sounders of advances in data assimilation systems and NWP models to improve short- to medium-range weather forecasts. Currently the NOAA Unique Combined Atmospheric Processing System (NUCAPS) produces level 2 products from Metop-A/B and S-NPP satellites include temperature and humidity profiles; trace gases such as ozone, nitrous oxide, carbon dioxide, and methane; and the cloud cleared radiances (CCR) on a global scale and these products are available to the operational user community.

In an effort to ensure consistent levels of service and quality assurance for the NUCAPS data products the Office of Satellite and Product State and executed new innovative tools to better monitor performance and data quality of the operational sounder and imager products that are being generated. The OSPO webpages and data quality monitoring tools have been extended to include the CrIS/ATMS SKEW-T (Logarithmic Pressure vs Temperature) soundings. At each grid points last ten soundings are retained to track the changes in the atmospheric conditions. The incorporation of these tools in the OSPO operation has facilitated the diagnosis and resolution of problems when detected in the operational environment.

This presentation will include several of these tools developed and deployed for the sounding products monitoring and data quality assurance which led to improving the maintenance and sustainment of the ENVIRONMENT of the ENVIRONMENT of the Several of the Several of these tools developed and deployed for the discussion on the ESPC system architecture involving sounding data processing and distribution for CrIS and IASI sounding products. Discussion will also include the improvements made for data quality measurements, granule processing and distribution, and user timeliness requirements envisioned from the next generation of JPSS satellites. There have been significant changes in the operational system due to system upgrades, algorithm updates, and value added data products and services.

REATERY HEATHER HEATHER

http://www.ospo	NUCAPS/SNPP Retrieval Statistics				
			NUCAPS/SNPP Global Granules Composite Images	NUCAPS/SNPP Global Gridded Products	The NUCAPS retrieval statistics are generated for Temperature (Tp) over two layers: average over mid-troposphere (520-790 mb) and average over full troposphere (200-1100 mb); and
NUCAPS Sounding Products		NUCAPS Sounding Products	The NUCAPS global granules composite images are produced for the last seven days at the 15 fixed air pressure levels or layers. They are produced by using the NUCAPS retrievals which are derived based on a fixed air pressure variable grid: temperature is derived at the fixed pressure levels (1014 mb, 853 mb, 707 mb, 497 mb, 407 mb, 300 mb, 260 mb, 201 mb, 151 mb, 103 mb, 71.5 mb, 51.1 mb, 29.1 mb, 9.5 mb, 1.0 mb), and mixing ratio variables are derived at the layer pressure using the effective air pressure variable (1000 mb, 840 mb, 695 mb, 487 mb, 399 mb, 293 mb, 254 mb, 196 mb, 147 mb, 99.5 mb, 68.8 mb, 49.3 mb, 27.6 mb, 8.82 mb, .838 mb). Each product is computed separately for each granule, and then the global image is generated by combining the data from individual granules based on the granule	SNPP Global Gridded 0.5 deg lat x 2 deg lon Images NUCAPS EDR Global Gridded products include the Temperature (deg K), Water Vapor Mixing Ratio (g/Kg), Liquid Water Mixing Ratio (g/Kg), Ozone Mixing Ratio (ppb), Methane Mixing Ratio (ppb), Carbon Dioxide dry mixing ratio (ppm), Carbon Monoxide Mixing Ratio (ppb), Sulfur Dioxide mixing ratio (ppb), Nitric Acid Mixing Ratio (ppb), and Nitrous Oxide Mixing Ratio (ppb). The retrievals are derived based on a fixed air pressure variable grid: temperature is derived at the fixed pressure level (1014 mb, 853 mb, 707 mb, 497 mb, 407 mb, 300 mb, 260	 Water Vapor Mixing Ratio (WVMR) statistics are generated over full troposphere. The NUCAPS retrieval estimates are compared with GFS estimates to compute bias and rms error over these layers and are plotted for each granule on the 24-hour scale for the day. To generate the temperature bias and rms error over a large ensemble of K granules one needs to take the bias for a single granule, bias(k), weighted by the number of accepted cases, Nacc(k) such as: bias = sum {Nacc(k)*bias(k)} / sum{Nacc(k)}, where sum is for k = 1, K
SNPP Global Gridded 0.5 deg lat x 2 deg lon Images Archives: Select a Date Go		The NOAA Unique CrIS/ATMS Processing System (NUCAPS) was developed to generate (1) spectrally and spatially thinned radiances, (2) retrieved products such as profiles of temperature, moisture, trace gases and cloud-cleared radiances, and (3) global validation			
Monday, December 29, 2014		products such as radiosonde matchups and gridded radiances and profiles. The thinned radiance products are produced in BUFR format using the NetCDF4 Reformatting Toolkit (N4RT) and are tailored to specifically Numerical Weather Prediction (NWP) centers. The			
Temperature Mixing Ratio of Water Vapor (H2O)	<u>0-24 Z</u> <u>0-24 Z</u>	NUCAPS Environmental Data Records (EDR) products are archived in Comprehensive Large	geographical location. For each image the granules from the preceding 12 hours of observation are used; each image combines the granules of data measured at both ascending and	variables are derived at the layer pressure using the effective air pressure variable (1000 mb,	rms = sqrt [{(sumNacc(k)*rms(k)^2) } / sum {Nacc(k)}], where sum is for k = 1, K
Mixing Ratio of Liquid H20 Mixing Ratio of Ozone (O3)	<u>0-24 Z</u> 0-24 Z	www.nsof.class.noaa.gov.	descending nodes.	840 mb, 695 mb, 487 mb, 399 mb, 293 mb, 254 mb, 196 mb, 147 mb, 99.5 mb, 68.8 mb, 49.3 mb, 27.6 mb, 8.82 mb, 838 mb)	To generate the WVMR bias and rms error over a large ensemble of K granules the following formulas are used:



Vertical profiles of the Temperature and Dew Point temperature are derived from the CrIS/ATMS instruments onboard the NOAA SNPP satellite, as well as the IASI instruments aboard the Metop-A and Metop-B satellites. They are dynamically displayed using the Javascript D3 library with a Skew-T Log-P diagram format. Skew-T Coverage exists for the entire globe. Previously, this coverage was restricted to only the U.S. continental region (CONUS). Using this map, one can view a NUCAPS sounding plots, as well as the corresponding aerologic and profile data tables, all as part of a 10-day animation (separate page).

PURPOSE:

This website shows Skew-T plots and the relevant profile and aerologic data tables based on data output from the nucaps algorithm.

USAGE:

There are a couple ways to show NUCAPS Skew-T data tables and soundings plots. First, the user must click the button on the upper-left side of the map with the black rectangle ("Draw a rectangle"). By clicking this button, the user can click and drag to draw a rectangular domain of interest on the interactive and zoomable map. After drawing the rectangle, colored dots will appear on the map in the domain of interest. These colored dots represent the age of the latest sounding at that particular location.





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Param	MW+IR	MW		P (hPa)	T (°C)	DP (°C)
VIEW	-25		•	1000	17	12
SOLZ	58		•	950	14	9
ASC				920	13	8
ELEV	34	34	m	850	11	5
PARP	950	950	hPa	780	8	1
PART	17	18	°C	700	3	-4
PARD	39	15	°C	670	1	-7
TSKN	14		°C	620	-4	-12
PW	26	32	mm	570	-8	-19
L.I.	6	-4	°C	500	-15	-28
CAPE	0	860	J/kg	475	-18	-30
NCAP	0	10	cm/s ²	430	-24	-31
MXHAIL	O	3	cm	400	-28	-34
CINH		10	J/kg	350	-34	-38
K.I.	25	31		300	-41	-44
тт	47	51		250	-48	-54
SHOW	2	-2	°C	200	-56	-66
LR8-5	6	6	K/km	150	-62	-76
CVT	304	297	°C	135	-64	-79
LCL	928	913	hPa	115	-66	-81
LFC		786	hPa	100	-67	-82
EL		303	hPa			
ELT		-41	°C			
CCL	740	811	hPa			
MCL	0	806	hPa			
-20C	6216	6116	m			
15TH	5608	5596	m			
87TH	1601	1593	m			
FRZL	3437	3216	m			
PCPT	R	R				

By checking the "Hover Thumbnail Viewer" checkbox above the map,







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