

* * SATELLITE OPERATIONS*

Latest Status of National and International Low-Earth Orbiting (LEO) Satellites – NOAA Updates on Data Processing, Distribution, and Product Generation to Users

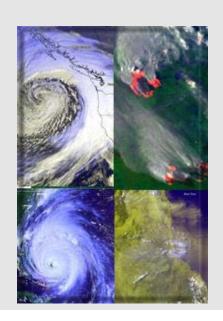
Jason Taylor

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Office of Satellite & Product Operations
NOAA/NESDIS/OSPO

15th Annual Symposium on
New Generation Operational Environmental Satellite Systems
Session 4B - January 9, 2019

Presentation Outline

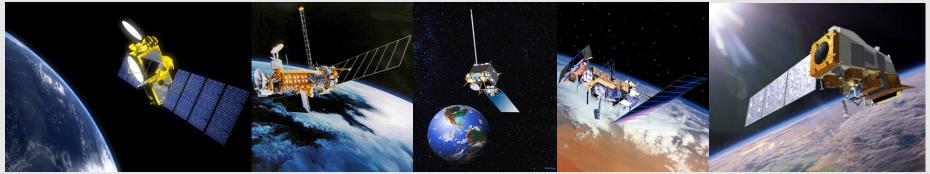
- Introduction
- Status of POES, Jason-2/3, DSCOVR
- S-NPP/NOAA-20 Updates
- Meteosat Second Generation Service Updates
- Himawari-8/9 Updates
- Questions/comments





NESDIS Office of Satellite and Product Operations (OSPO)

- Operates the Nation's 18 environmental satellites:
 - 5 Geostationary (GOES) by NOAA
 - 2 Joint Polar Satellite Systems by NOAA + NASA (NOAA-20, Suomi-NPP)
 - 3 Polar-Orbiting (POES) by NOAA
 - 5 Defense Meteorological Satellite program (DMSP) operated by NOAA
 - 2 OSTM Jason-2 & Jason-3 (Ocean Surface Topography Mission) -Joint NOAA, NASA, CNES, EUMETSAT effort
 - 1 DSCOVR (Deep Space Climate Observatory) by NOAA



OSPO's Key Roles

- Ground System Command & Control, Ingest, Generation, and Distribution
- Pre-Launch and Post-Launch Testing
- Operational Testing, Validation, and Verification
- User Readiness for Broadcast Services and Product Delivery
- Long-Term Continuity of Products and Services





NOAA Operational Facilities



Over 500 staff supporting or operating the satellites, receptors, and processing systems



College Park, MD



* GOES-R and JPSS Backup Facility



Wallops, VA

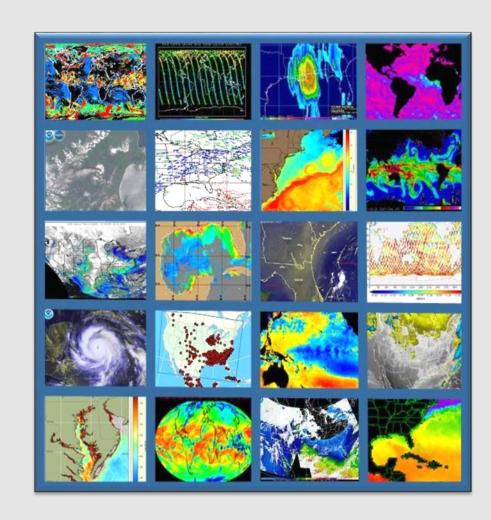


Fairbanks, AK



OSPO's Satellite Products and Services Division

- Provides 24x7 interpretive analyses of satellite data
 - Atmospheric temp/moisture
 - Hurricane intensity & position
 - Volcanic Ash
 - Fire and Smoke
 - Oil Spills
 - Significant Precipitation (20x7)
- Manages automated environmental products
- Collaborates with partners to support transition of research products into operations





Polar Operational Environmental Satellite (POES) Performance Status

December 19, 2018

Spacecraft Subsystems	METOP-A	МЕТОР-В	NOAA-19	NOAA-18	NOAA-15
Launch Date	Oct 2006	Sept 2012	Feb 2009	May 2005	May 1998
Operational Date	May 2007	April 2013	Jun 2009	Aug 2005	Dec 1998
Mission Data Category	Secondary (AM)	Primary (AM)	Prime Services Mission (PM)	Secondary (PM)	Secondary (AM)
Payload Instruments					•
AVHRR	G	G	G	G	Y(19)
HIRS	Y(40)	P(32)	0(30)	R (3)	R (5)
AMSU-A1	O (30)	Y(36)	G	P (33)	Y(20)
AMSU-A2	G	G	G	G	
AMSU-B	N/A		N/A	N/A	R (11)
MHS	G	G	Y (6)	R(42)	N/A
SEM	Y(38)	G	Y(39)	Y(37)	G
SBUV	N/A		S/C (9)	R(27)	N/A
Spacecraft Subsystems					-
Telemetry, Command & Control	G	G	G	G	G
ADACS	G	G	G	Y (41)	O(40)
EPS	G	G	G	G	G
Thermal Control	G	G	G	G	Y(21)
Communications	Y (1)	G	G	G	Y(22)
APT/LRPT	R (2)	G	G	G	G
DCS	N/A	N/A	N/A	G	G
ADCS	G	O(29)	Y(34)	N/A	N/A
SAR: SARR & SARP	G	Y(35)	G	G	Y(23)

Operational	G
Spacecraft Issue but No User Impact	S/C
Investigating Performance Issue which will Impact Users	Р
Operational with Limitation	Y
Operational with Degradation	0
Non- Operational	R
Not Applicable	

POES Instrument Status Changes

NOAA-18 MHS

- On October 21, 2018, the NOAA-18 reflector drive motor current became irregular causing scan control errors. This resulted in all 5 MHS channels developing channel striping.
- Microwave Humidity Sounder (MHS) data degraded impacting the Microwave Integrated Retrieval System (MiRS)
- Impact seen to NOAA-18 products, especially rain rate and moisture profile.
- A detailed quality impact assessment was been performed by the MiRS science team (recommendations made)
- MHS was turned off December 19, 2018. Further analysis scheduled for mid-January 2019.



POES Instrument Status Changes (cont'd)

Metop-A

- There has been no instrument status change to AVHRR, HIRS,
 AMSU-A and MHS.
- All the HIRS IR channels have their noise levels out of Spec.
 However, the HIRS instrument radiometric performance is stable.

Metop-B

- There has been no instrument status change to AVHRR, HIRS,
 AMSU-A and MHS.
- HIRS radiometric performance has been good, though a few channels have their noise levels out of Spec.

Metop-C

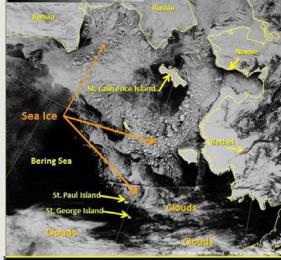
Launched successfully on Nov 7, 2018. AMSU, AVHRR, MHS instruments on. Data is being evaluated.



POES AVHRR Seasonal Channel 3A/3B Switching on NOAA-15 & 19 over Alaska

To seasonally optimize the fire weather & cryosphere observing posture for Alaska:

- Deactivated May 15th Sep 15th
 - Channel 3B (3.7 um) to support fire detection
- Activated Sep 16th May 14th
 - Channel 3A (1.6 um) to support snow and ice mapping.
 - Initiated as a collaborative effort between:
 - NESDIS/OSPO
 - NWS Alaska Region
 - University of Alaska Geographic Information Network of Alaska (GINA)
 - NWS Fire Weather Service Manager

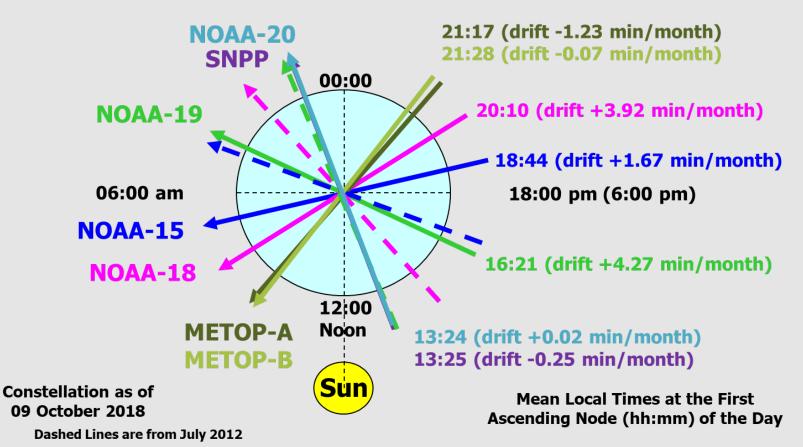






Constellation Orbital Configuration

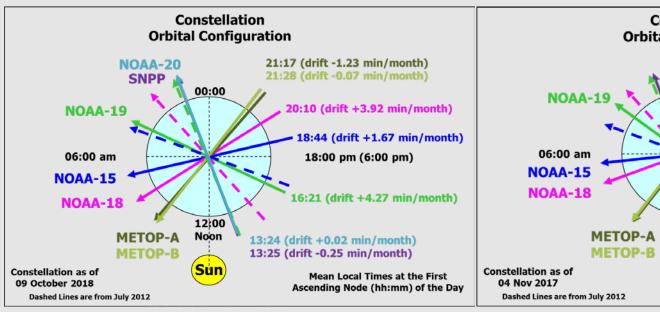


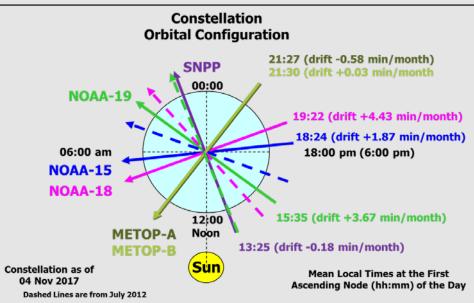


Metop-A
has
started to
separate
from
Metop-B
orbit plane



IJPS Polar Constellation O'clock Orbital Configuration





October 2018 versus November 2017

Ocean Surface Topography Mission/Jason-2

Surveying Earth's Oceans

- Operations nominal periodic safe hold events triggered by health of gyros
- 98.52% data capture within 3 hours, requirement 75% within 3 hours (for period June 10, 2018 – January 2, 2019)

Highlights:

- Jun 20, 2018: Jason-2 marked its 10th year in orbit
- Jul 16 & 18: Maneuvers executed to transfer Jason-2 to an Interleaved Long Repeat Orbit
- Sep 25 Oct 2: Jason-2 fuel depletion maneuver burns (some product degradation)
- Dec 18: Jason-2 and Jason-3 station keeping maneuvers no impact to products.
- January 9: Deploy TM-NRT patch to correct certain quality flags
- January 8-15: NJGS Tech Refresh Factory Acceptance Testing
- Feb 4-8: Ground system tech refresh (replacing servers with new Dell systems and updating operating system to RHEL 7.5)



- Operations nominal
- 98.63% data capture within 3 hours, requirement 75% within 3 hours (for period June 10, 2018 – January 2, 2019)

Highlights:

- July 17: NWS activated Jason-3 wave/altimetry in SBN/AWIPS2
- **December 18:** Jason-2 and Jason-3 station keeping maneuvers no observable impact to products.
- January 8-15: NJGS Tech Refresh Factory Acceptance Testing
- January 9: Deploy TM-NRT patch to correct certain quality flags
- **February 4-8**: Tech refresh for TM-NRTs (replacing servers will new Dell systems and updating operating system to RHEL 7.5)

Deep Space Climate Observatory (DSCOVR) Status – Dec 2018



Spacecraft	DSCOVR
Launch Date	Feb 11, 2015
Activation	June 2015

Spurious resetx occur occasionally causing spacecraft to enter safehold. No root cause has been identified. A patch was uploaded to speed up the recovery time from spurious resets. NASA ACE is used as a backup to mitigate impacts of data loss to users.



Payload Instruments	Status
EPIC	G
PlasMag	G
NISTAR	G
Faraday Cup	G
ESA	G
Magnetometer	G
PHA	G

Operational (or capable of)
- p - c - c - c - c - c - c - c - c - c

Operational with limitations
(or in standby)

Operational with degraded performance

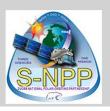
Not functional
1 10 C Tarrectional

Spacecraft Subsystem	Status
Telemetry, Command & Control	O
Guidance, Navigation and Control	Ð
Attitude Control System	G
Propulsion	G
Mechanisms	G
Electrical Power	O
Thermal Control	G
Communications Payloads	G
Flight Software	G
1394	G

Functional but turned off

No status reported





S-NPP & NOAA-20 Instrument Dashboard Status



Spacecraft	Suomi-NPP
Launch Date	Oct 28, 2011
Mission Category	LTAN 1325 (PM) Primary Satellite in PM orbit

S-NPP		
Payload - Instruments	Status	
ATMS	G	
CERES	G	
CrIS	G	
OMPS – Nadir	G	
OMPS – Limb	G	
VIIRS	G	

S-N	PP N	lotes:

27-Nov-2018: All instruments operating normally and are meeting/exceeding their established performance specifications.

- Extensive monitoring of the S-NPP ATMS scan drive motor current loads and temperatures is ongoing.
- Spacecraft and sub-systems are power positive and operating nominally

Spacecraft	NOAA-20 (JPSS-1)
Launch Date	Nov 18, 2017
Mission Category	LTAN 1325 (PM) Operational

NOAA-20		
Payload - Instruments	Status	
ATMS	G	
CERES	G	
CrIS	G	
OMPS – Nadir	G	
VIIRS	G	

NOAA-20 (JPSS-1) Notes:

27-Nov-2018: All instruments operating normally and are meeting/exceeding their established performance specifications.

Operational (or capable of)

Operational with limitations (or in standby)



Operational with degraded performance





Functional but turned off



Calendar of Events – Summary

Upcoming spacecraft maneuvers and other known events that may impact data distribution are:

• Drag Make-Up maneuver (DMU) for maintaining optimum geo-location:

S-NPP DMU Schedule	NOAA-20 (JPSS-1) DMU Schedule	
Late Feb-2019	12-Dec 2018 (~1717 UTC) - DMU 002	

VIIRS Lunar Roll for VIIRS calibration activities (subject to change):

S-NPP VIIRS Lunar Roll Schedule		
18 Dec 2018 (~1854 UTC)	17 Mar 2019 (~0857 UTC)	
17 Jan 2019 (~0905 UTC)	905 UTC) 15 Apr 2019 (~1644 UTC)	
15 Feb 2019 (~2149 UTC)	14 May 2019 (~2111 UTC)	

NOAA-20 (JPSS-1) VIIRS Lunar Roll Schedule		
18 Dec 2018 (~1756 UTC)	17 Mar 2019 (~0808 UTC)	
17 Jan 2019 (~0957 UTC)	15 Apr 2019 (~1556 UTC)	
15 Feb 2019 (~2149 UTC)	14 May 2019 (~2205 UTC)	

• Inclination Adjustment Maneuver (IAM) to ensure optimum LTAN maintenance:

S-NPP IAM Schedule	NOAA-20 (JPSS-1) IAM Schedule
Sep 2019 (TBC)	Mar 2019 (TBC)

Last update: 27-Nov-2018



Calendar of Events – Summary continued...

Other activities:

VIIRS Day-Night Band (DNB) Calibration Schedule

S-NPP DNB Calibration Schedule		
7 Dec 2018	6 Mar 2019	
6 Jan 2019	5 Apr 2019	
4 Feb 2019	4 May 2019	

NOAA-20 (JPSS-1) DNB Calibration Schedule		
7 Dec 2018	6 Mar 2019	
6 Jan 2019	5 Apr 2019	
4 Feb 2019	4 May 2019	

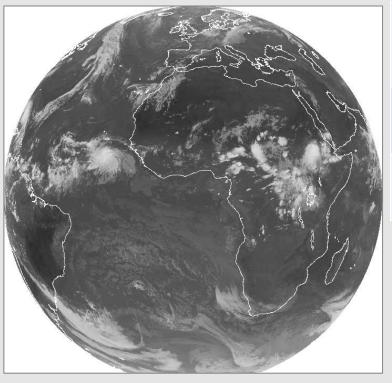
- Dec 3, 2018

 NOAA-20 HRD/Direct-Readout data/product reduction in order to mitigate HRD buffer overflow conditions that can result in some missing HRD data to direct-readout sites
 - Removal of NOAA-20 VIIRS M07 from HRD transmission is tentatively planned
- 31 Dec 2018 Planned Distribution Termination JPSS IDPS produced Environmental Data Records (EDR) HDF5 products.
- Annual COOP/Backup Exercise Fairmont, WV
 - Next planned exercise (TBC): Apr/May/Jun 2019 time period

Last update: 27-Nov-2018



Current MSG Constellation



SATELLITE	LIFETIME	POSITION	SERVICES
Meteosat-11	Launched: 15/07/2015 Availability lifetime is until 2024	0°	0º SEVIRI Image Data. Real-time Imagery.
Meteosat-9	Launched: 22/12/2005 Availability lifetime is until 2024	3.5° E	Rapid Scan Service gap filling spacecraft and back-up to prime Met- 11 spacecraft
Meteosat-10	Launched: 05/07/2012 Availability lifetime is until 2024	9.5° E	Rapid Scan Service Real-time Imagery.
Meteosat-8	Launched: 28/08/2002 Availability lifetime is until 2020	41.5° E	Full IODC service. Real- time imagery.

Note – EUMETSAT performs periodic SERVI (imager) decontamination process which requires activation of spare (spare is active for 2-3 weeks)



NOAA MSG (Prime) DOMSAT Service Cancelled

- Due to aging EUMETSAT hardware encryptor/decryptor equipment in the user network chain, the NOAA MSG DOMSAT service was cancelled on November 16, 2018
- DOMSAT users were notified in advance of the cancellation to take the appropriate action to maintain access to prime MSG data at 0 degrees
- Alternate MSG data sources available after DOMSAT service cancellation:
 - PDA (currently in a freeze for new users)
 - STAR
 - EUMETCast Terrestrial and Satellite Broadcast Services
 - GTS



Future Meteosat Third Generation (MTG) Series

MTG-I1

- Launch scheduled for Q3, CY2021
- 16 channel imager (FCI)
- Lightning imager (LI)

MTG-S1

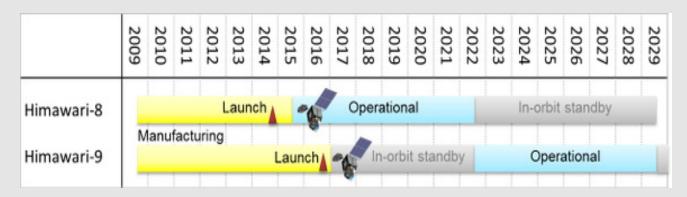
- Launch scheduled for Q1, CY2023
- Infrared sounder (IRS)
- Ultraviolet, Visible and Near-Infrared Sounder (UVN)
- Operational delivery options for MTG data are in the process of being determined
 - Current use: High-speed/capacity trans-Atlantic comm links between EUMETSAT and NOAA (called JEUNO)





Himawari-8/9 Constellation

- Himawari-8 is operational at 140E
- Himawari-9 is in standby at 140.7E
 - Slated for prime 140E operations in 2022
 - Himawari-9 end of life around 2031



*NESDIS plans to distribute Himawari-8 data through Product Distribution and Access (PDA) In February-March 2019 timeframe (operationally 24x7 support)



Questions?



Backup



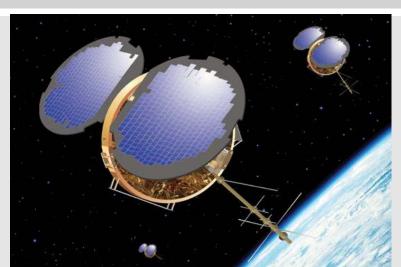
COSMIC (Constellation Observing System for Meteorology, Ionosphere and Climate)

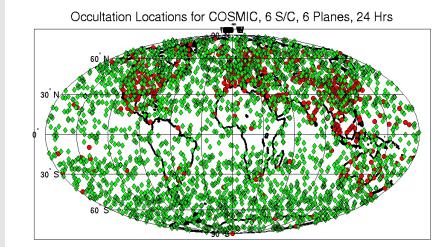
- 6 Satellites launched in Apr 2006
- Joint effort U.S. and Taiwan
- 2 of 6 COSMIC-1 satellites operational
 - ✓ GPS radio occultation data (among best sources) of data for improving forecast accuracy)
 - 3-D profiles of temperature, humidity, and pressure, as well as electron density in the ionosphere
- COSMIC-1 issues with battery failing data is intermittent and sunlight dependent
- > COSMIC-2A, a new set of 6 satellites, is to be launched no earlier than Apr 2019
- Development of a 2nd set of 6 COSMIC satellites, known as COSMIC-2B, not supported due to funding issues.



http://www.cosmic.ucar.edu/index.html







DMSP Polar Mission Status

- DMSP is the longest running production satellite program ever
- 5 s/c in Polar Orbit
- Program is in Fly-out Status
- Air Force is working on new Constellation to replace DMSP



