Recommendations for Improving Teaching and Learning in Atmospheric Science Through Research

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Motivation

 Geoscience education research formalized over fifteen years ago; importance recognized by National Science Foundation (Manduca et al. 2003; National Research Council 2012)

 Suggestions to improve participation in atmospheric science education research (ASER) by members of atmospheric science community proposed over a decade ago (Charlevoix 2008)

 Literature assessing and promoting pedagogy in atmospheric sciences has been sparse compared to other geoscience disciplines (Wilson 2016)



Recent History

AMS Short Course: Atmospheric Science Education Research: A Beginner's Guide January 7th, 2018

Determined needs and potential research questions:

Collaborators to increase sample sizes? Where to publish? Is ASER valued?

A Community Framework for Geoscience Education Research

1 Framework - 48 Authors - 10 Research Themes 2 to 5 Grand Challenges per Theme



Project to identify goals for geoscience education research that will be achievable within ten years and will have significant impact on geoscience education teaching and learning – called **Grand Challenges** (St. John 2018)



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<u>Grand Challenge 5</u>: How do we broaden the participation of faculty who are engaged in educational research in environmental sciences, atmospheric sciences, ocean sciences and climate sciences and encourage implementation of research-based instruction?

Surveyed community to determine...

1. The number of community members involved in ASER;

2. Whether ASER is valued within the community, and if so, to what extent;

3. Potential barriers to involvement in ASER; and

A Community Framework for Geoscience Education Research

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4. Resources necessary to encourage involvement in ASER



Demographics

Gender			% Response		
Male			57		
Female			41		
Age	%		Employment	%	
18-24	3		Educator	64	
25-34	17		Graduate	4	
			Student		
35-44	28		Post doc	4	
	18		Research	12	
45-54			Scientist	13	
55-64	17		Administration	2	
> 64	16		Other	13	

223 total respondents

→ Smaller N values for 20 questions asked of educators only

Majority of respondents were professionals in academia which is not surprising given the focus of the survey

13% in "Other" category (e.g., Science Program Directors, Retirees, Operational Meteorologists, High School teachers, and Computer scientists)

Importance of ASER

How important is research that investigates teaching practices and student learning in Atmospheric Sciences?



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Interest in ASER activities



Interest in ASER activities





Involvement in ASER

Approximately 20% of participants applied for or received funding for ASER project (N = 35)

Nearly 30% of respondents published an ASER paper (N = 45)

Involvement in ASER



Involvement in ASER



N Perceptions of existing merit structures

- How much weight should ASER carry toward tenure/promotion?
 - 80.5%, 81.7% choose moderate to significant weight

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- How much weight should ASER carry toward tenure/promotion?
 - 80.5%, 81.7% choose moderate to significant weight
- How would conference presentation/peer reviewed publication on ASER be viewed as compared to other research project?
 - Equal weighting (42.5%, 48.4%)
 - Less favorably (38.8%, 34%); viewed as Teaching, Outreach, Service, Professional Development



Education research in the atmospheric science community is valued: More than it should be



Nearly 74% of respondents feel that education research is undervalued by the broader community



Potential Barriers





Resources

Most valuable experiences:

- Internal training
- Discipline-specific
 external workshops
- Longer-term

→High-impact training occurs in graduate school

Themes	Training (%)	Professional Development (%)
Internal	49.5	38.6
External	18.9	28.1
Longer-term	75.8	62.7
Graduate school	29.8	2.6
Informal	23.5	20.2

Surveyed community to determine...

1. The number of community members involved in ASER;

 \rightarrow 20-30% of respondents (N = 35 – 45)

2. Whether ASER is valued within the community, and if so, to what extent;

→Yes! 85% of respondents view ASER as moderately to very important; uncertainty about value at institutional level or in broader community



3. Potential barriers to involvement in ASER

→Lack of visibility of existing ASER work

→Lack of institutional support may be resulting in perceived risk

4. Resources necessary to encourage involvement in ASER?

Promoting effective change

- Feig 2013 conducted a small scale interview study of geoscience education practitioners; identified the perceived lack of recognition, lack of formal training, and a lack of access to education research publications as challenges
- Significant changes to teaching practices are more likely when support structures and feedback mechanisms are present (i.e., longer-term opportunities; Gormally 2017, McLaughlin et. al. 2010, Stains et. al. 2018)
- Results from this survey are in line with these findings



Recommendations

1. Improve access to ASER literature to increase the visibility and legitimacy of ASER;

2. Develop longer-term training and professional development opportunities for those interested in formally pursuing ASER, including at the graduate level;

3. Increase support for ASER projects, both internal and external;

4. Develop a web-based resource for sharing and finding research-based resources on teaching and learning in atmospheric science



Ongoing efforts

- AMS Ad-hoc Committee on ASER (convened Nov. 15th, 2018)
 - Provided written recommendations to the AMS Education and Human Resources (EHR) Commissioner on the role of AMS in supporting advancement of ASER (June 1st, 2019)
 - Develop an ASER website with information and links to ASER-related resources

 \rightarrow Increase visibility and demonstrate that ASER is valued by the larger community



Ongoing efforts

Current website

unl.libguides.com/ASER





Ongoing efforts

Current website

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 ASER landing page on AMS Education & Careers website (in development)



Education & Careers

Education Program

AMS can help you educate the next generation of atmospheric, oceanic, and hydrologic scientists and professionals. Join the 200,000+ teachers and millions of students who have benefited from the professional development, workshops, and undergraduate courses that we offer.

LEARN MORE





Careers

Through networking opportunities and career-building resources, AMS helps you keep up with new technologies, competition in the workforce, and continuous changes in the weather, water, and climate sciences. From students to experienced professionals in the private, public, or academic sector, AMS helps support your career at every point in your professional journey.





Website



Listserv



unl.libguides.com/ASER

https://bit.ly/2FbDlx8





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1. Do we need an ASER journal or a special ASER issue?

2. What types of training/professional development would you like to see?

3. How can we advocate for increased support for ASER projects, both internal and external;

4. What kinds of web-based resources would be most valuable?