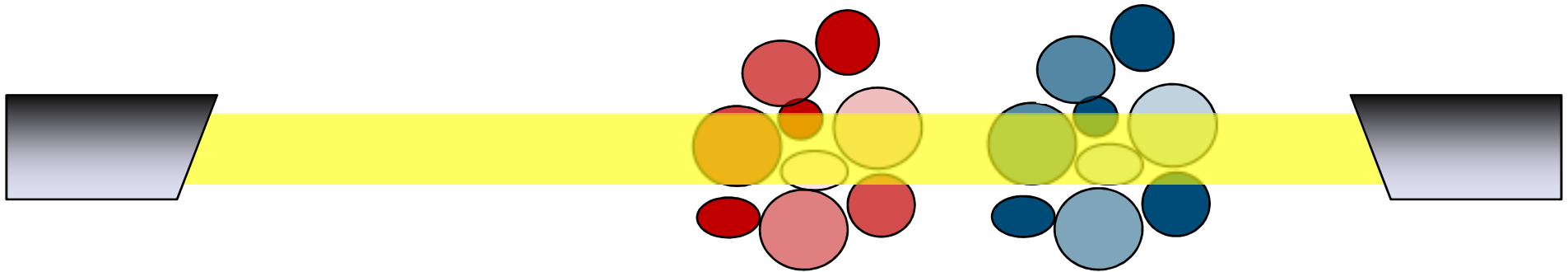
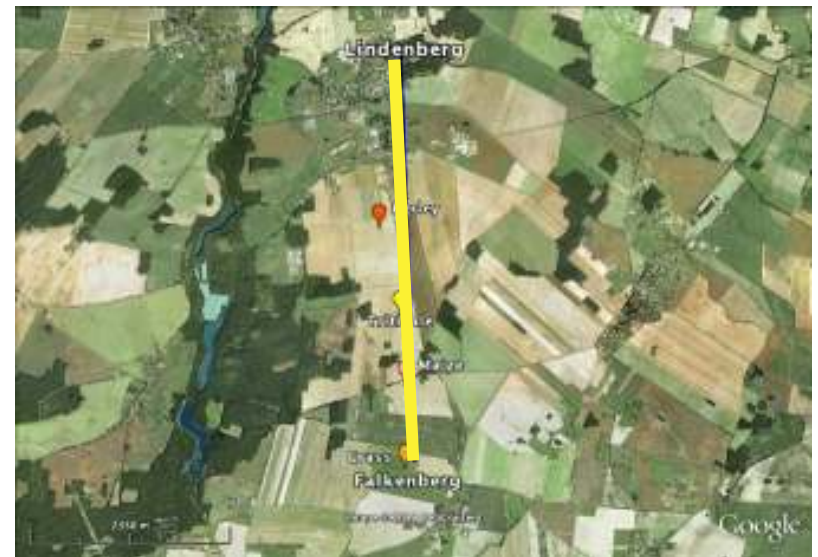


On the discrepancy in simultaneous observations of C_T^2 by **scintillometers**, sonics and unmanned aircraft



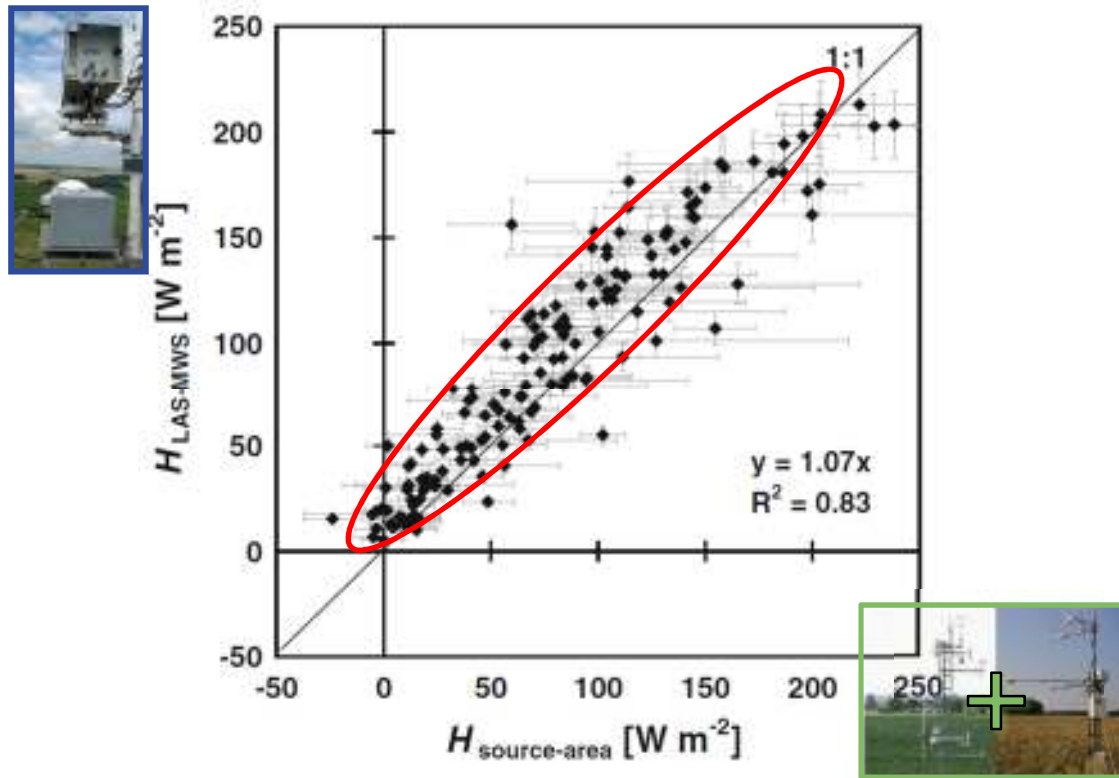
- Miranda Braam (DWD-WU)
- Frank Beyrich (DWD Lindenberg)
- Arnold Moene (WU Wageningen)
- Jens Bange (EKUT Tübingen)
- Andreas Platis (EKUT Tübingen)
- Sabrina Martin (TUB Braunschweig)
- Björn Maronga (LUH Hannover)



Lindenberg area

Why? C_T^2 On the discrepancy in simultaneous observations of C_T^2 by scintillometers, sonics and unmanned aircraft

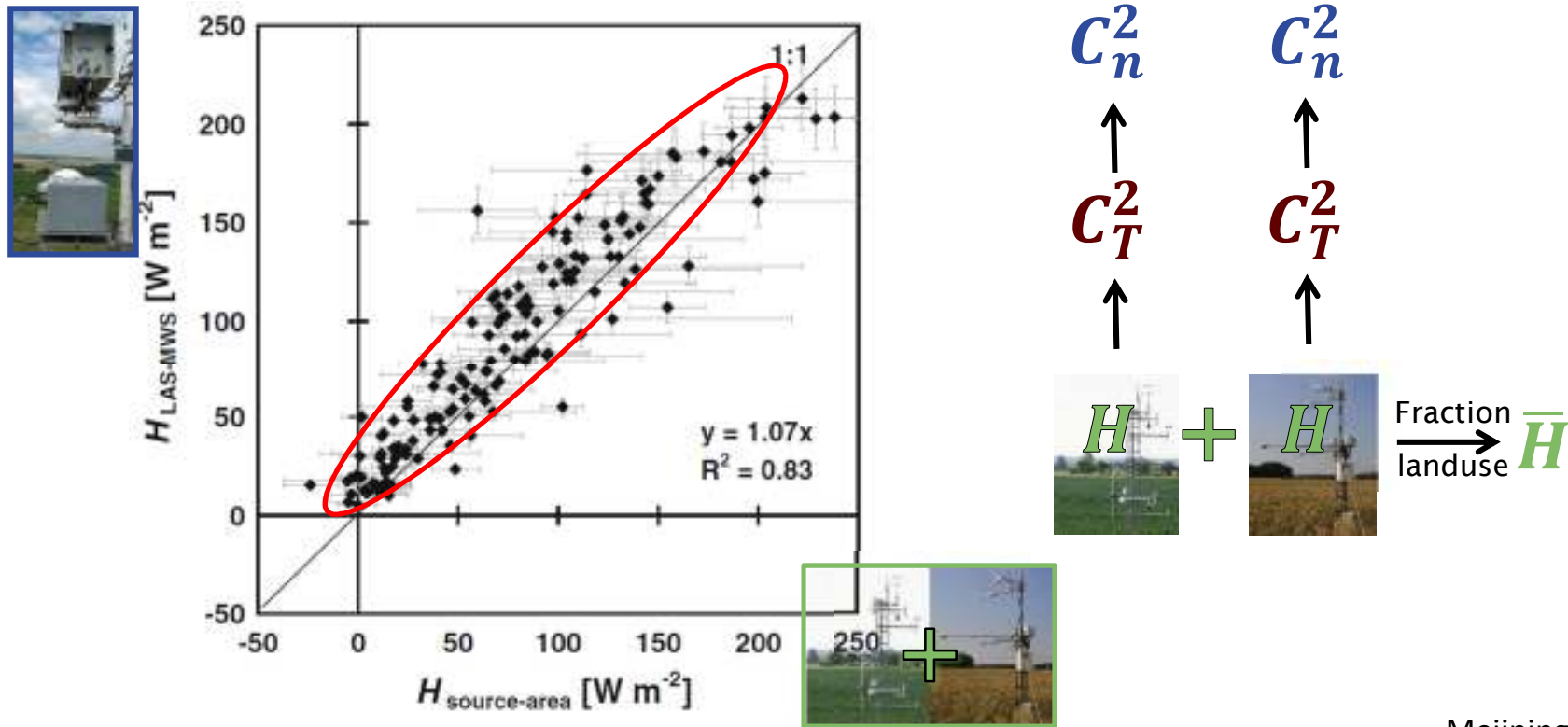
Previous results: LITFASS-2003



Meijninger *et al.* 2006

Why? C_T^2 by scintillometers, sonics and unmanned aircraft

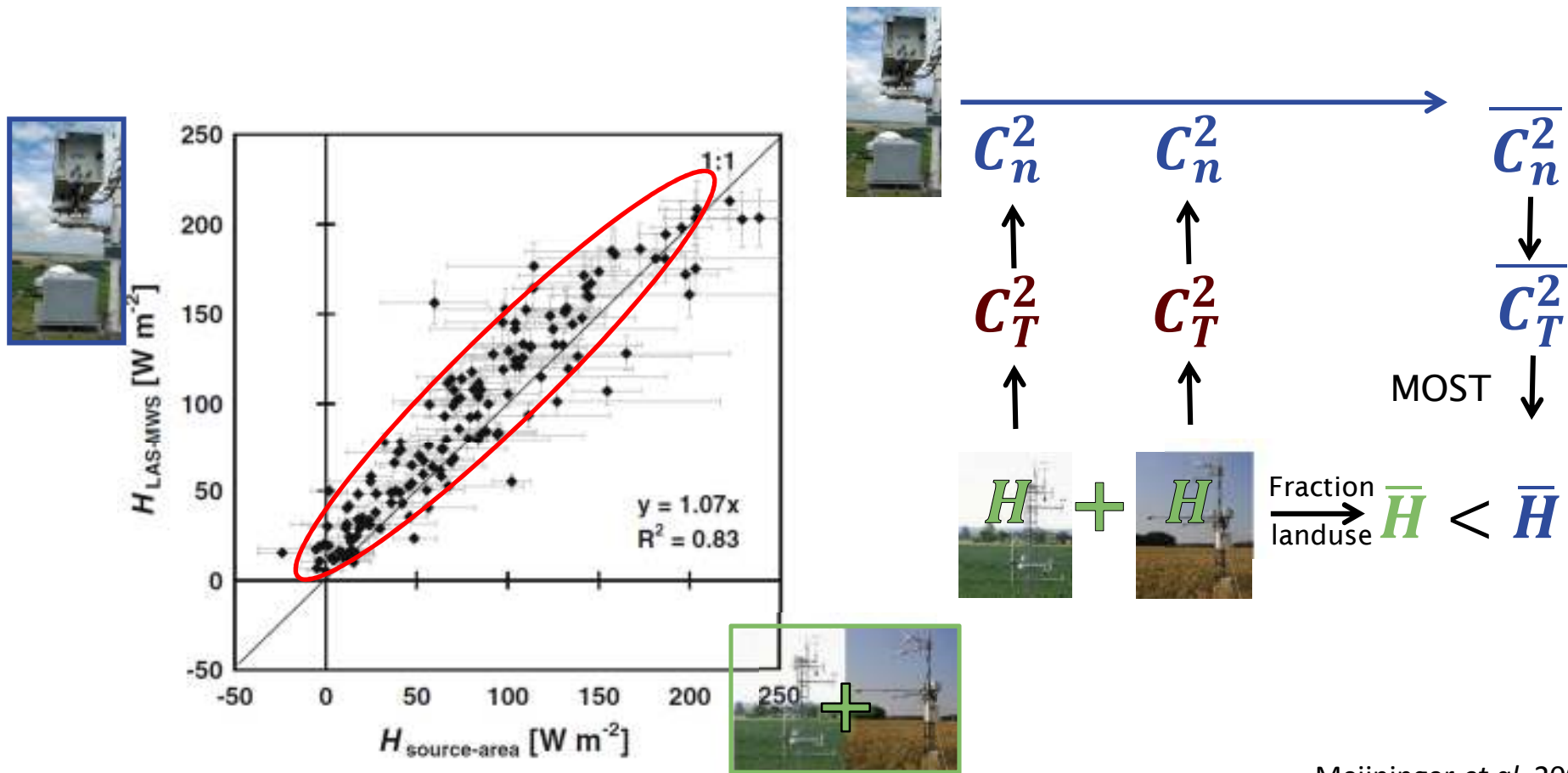
Previous results: LITFASS-2003



Meijninger *et al.* 2006

Why? C_T^2 by scintillometers, sonics and unmanned aircraft

Previous results: LITFASS-2003

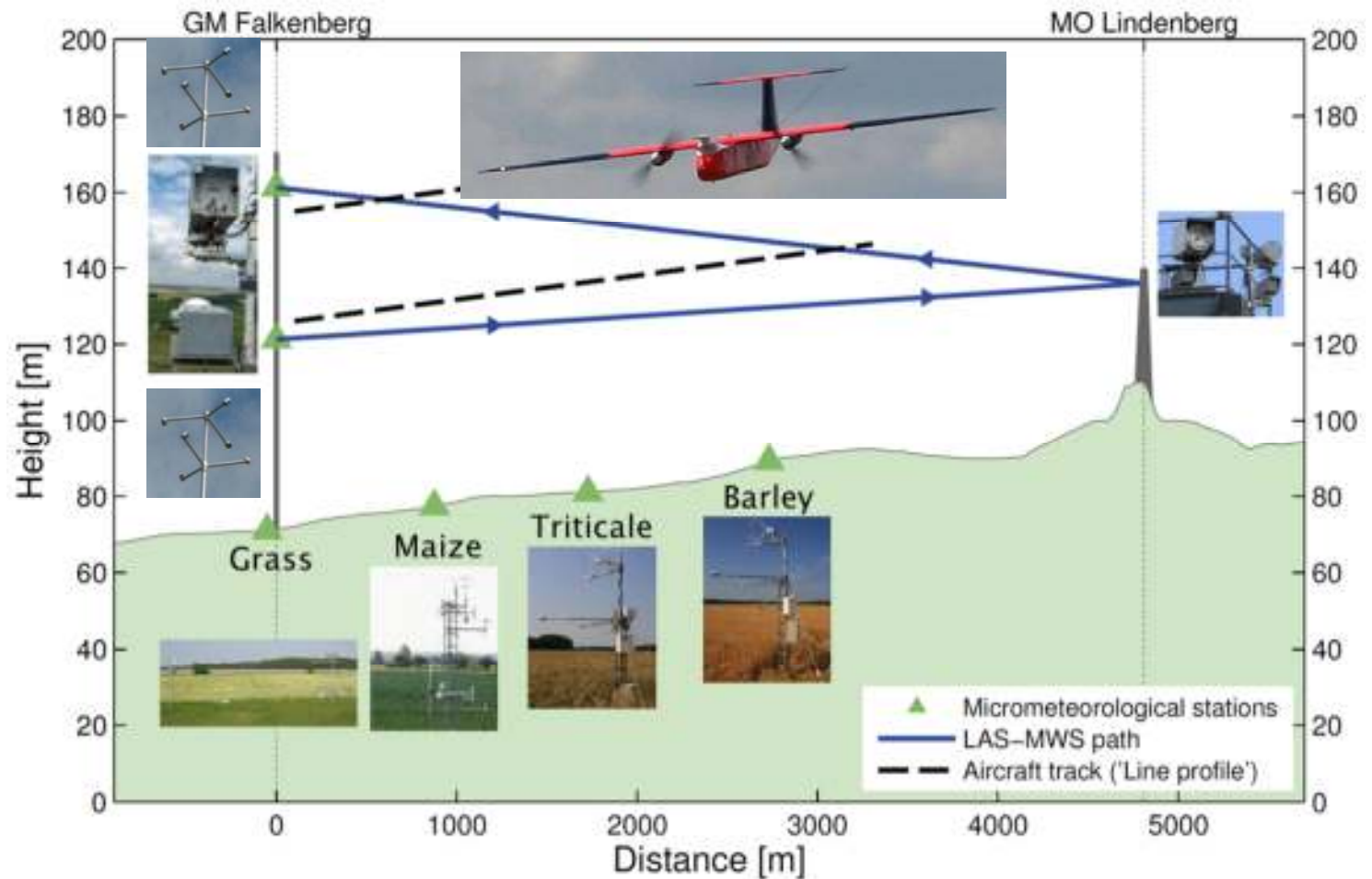


Meijninger *et al.* 2006

How? On the discrepancy in simultaneous observations of C_T^2 by **scintillometers, sonics and unmanned aircraft**

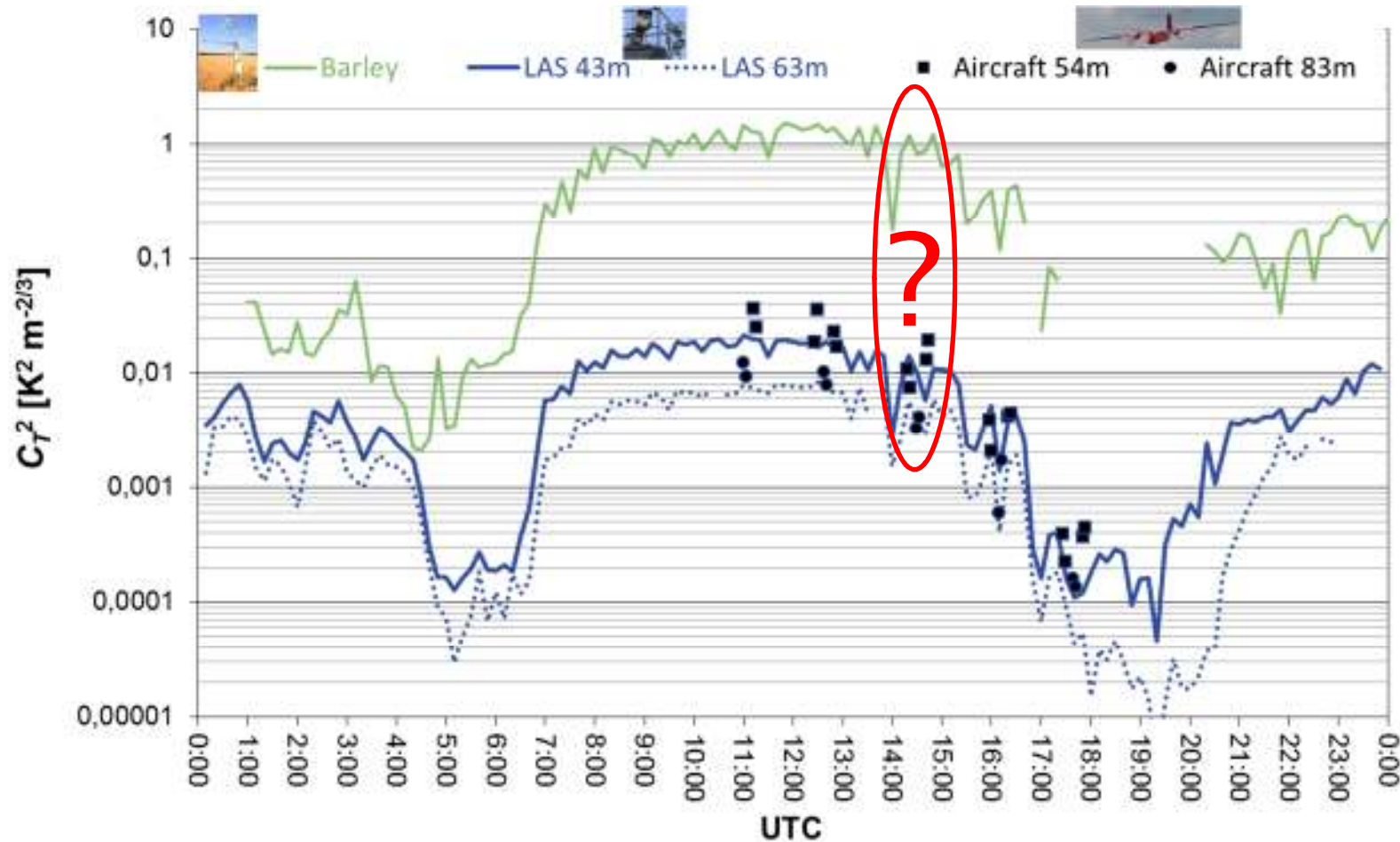
New campaign: LITFASS-2009

$z_{\text{eff}} = 63 \text{ m}$
 $z_{\text{eff}} = 43 \text{ m}$



What? On the **discrepancy** in simultaneous observations of C_T^2 by scintillometers, sonics and unmanned aircraft

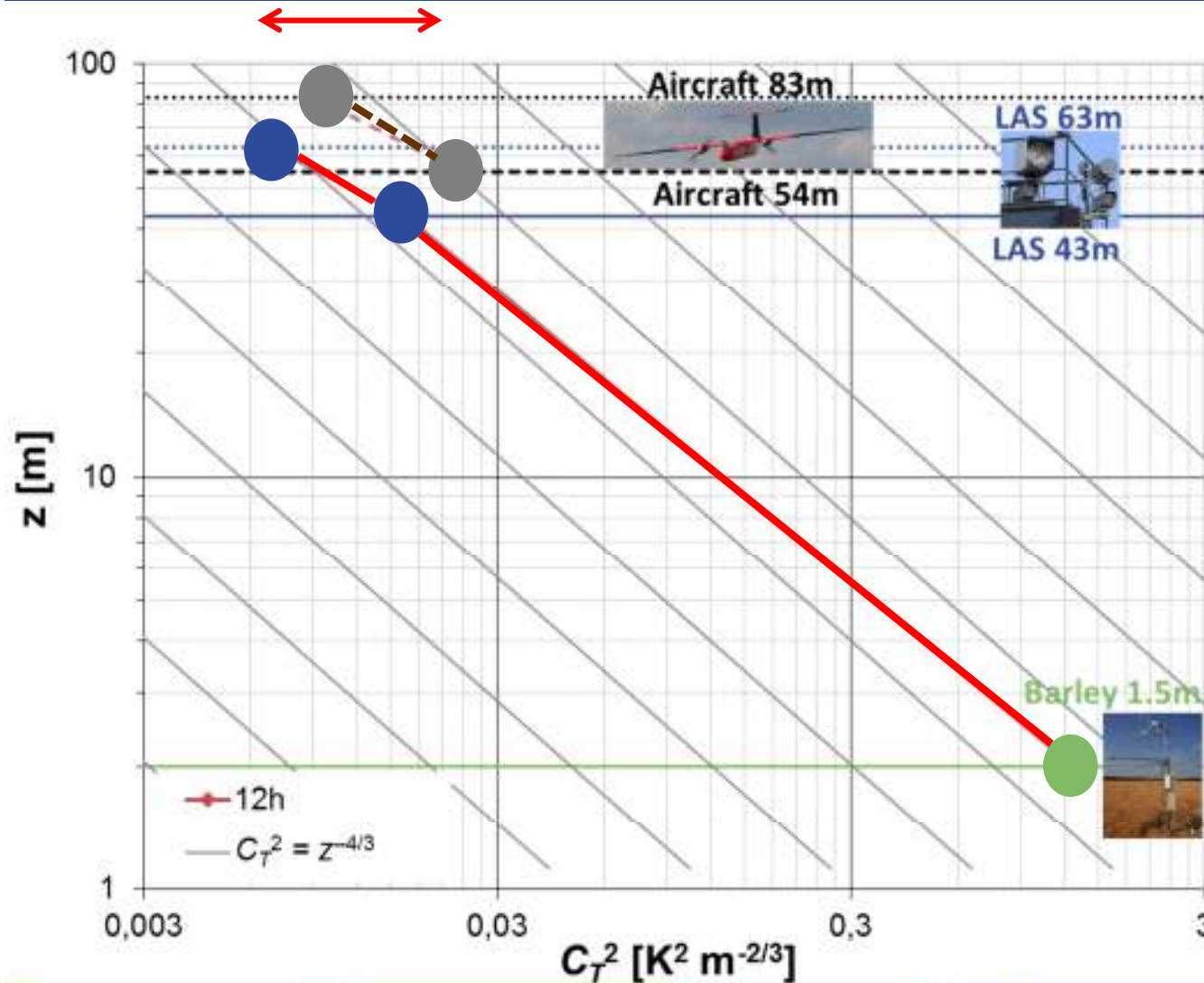
First results – “quick overview”: LITFASS-2009



13-07-2009

Beyrich *et al.* 2012

What? On the discrepancy in simultaneous observations of C_T^2 by scintillometers, sonics and unmanned aircraft



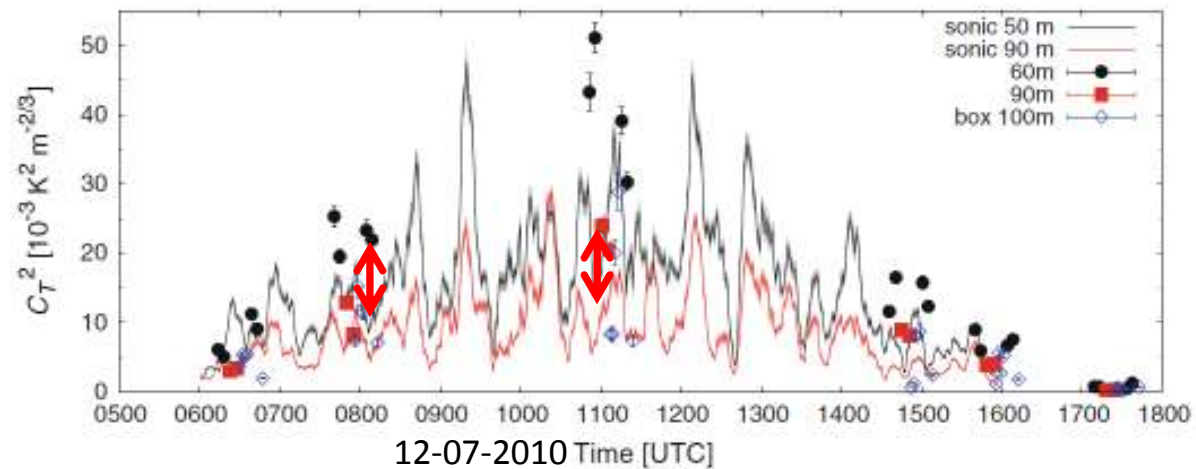
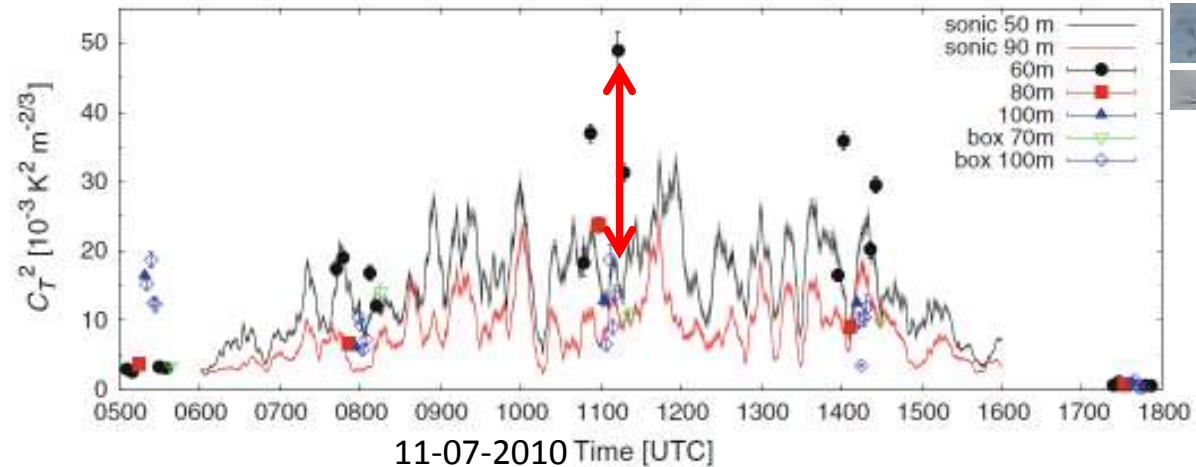
- UAV
- LAS
- EC

C_T^2 aircraft > C_T^2 LAS

Beyrich et al. 2012

What? On the **discrepancy** in simultaneous observations of C_T^2 by scintillometers, sonics and unmanned aircraft

First results: LITFASS-2010



C_T^2 aircraft > C_T^2 EC

Van den Kroonenberg *et al.* 2012

Conclusions so far...

LITFASS-2009

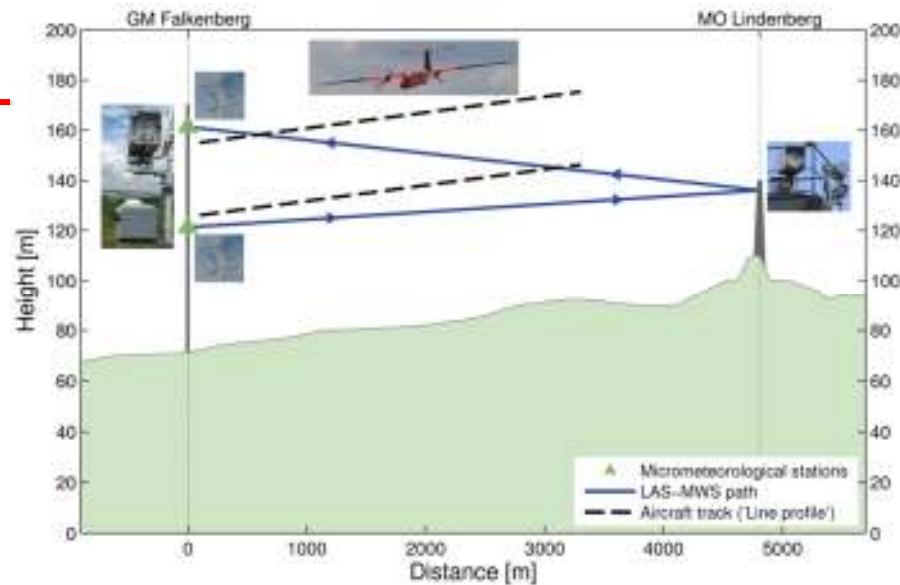
C_T^2 aircraft $\approx 2 C_T^2$ LAS

One day
“quick overview”

LITFASS-2010

C_T^2 aircraft $\approx 2 C_T^2$ EC

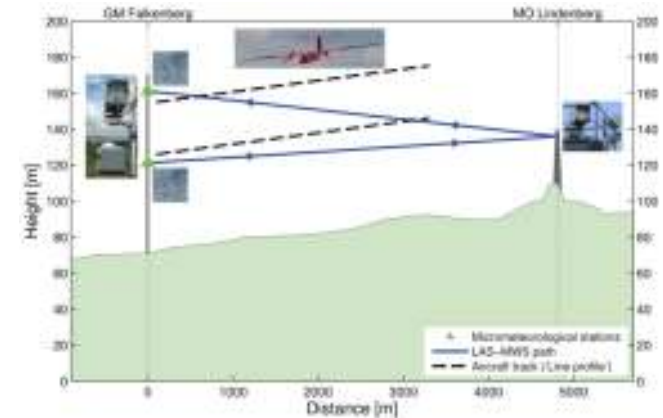
No C_T^2 LAS



This study

On the discrepancy² of C_T

- More days
- More validation data (EC & LAS)
- Normalizing to $z = 50$ m



- Elaborate data processing

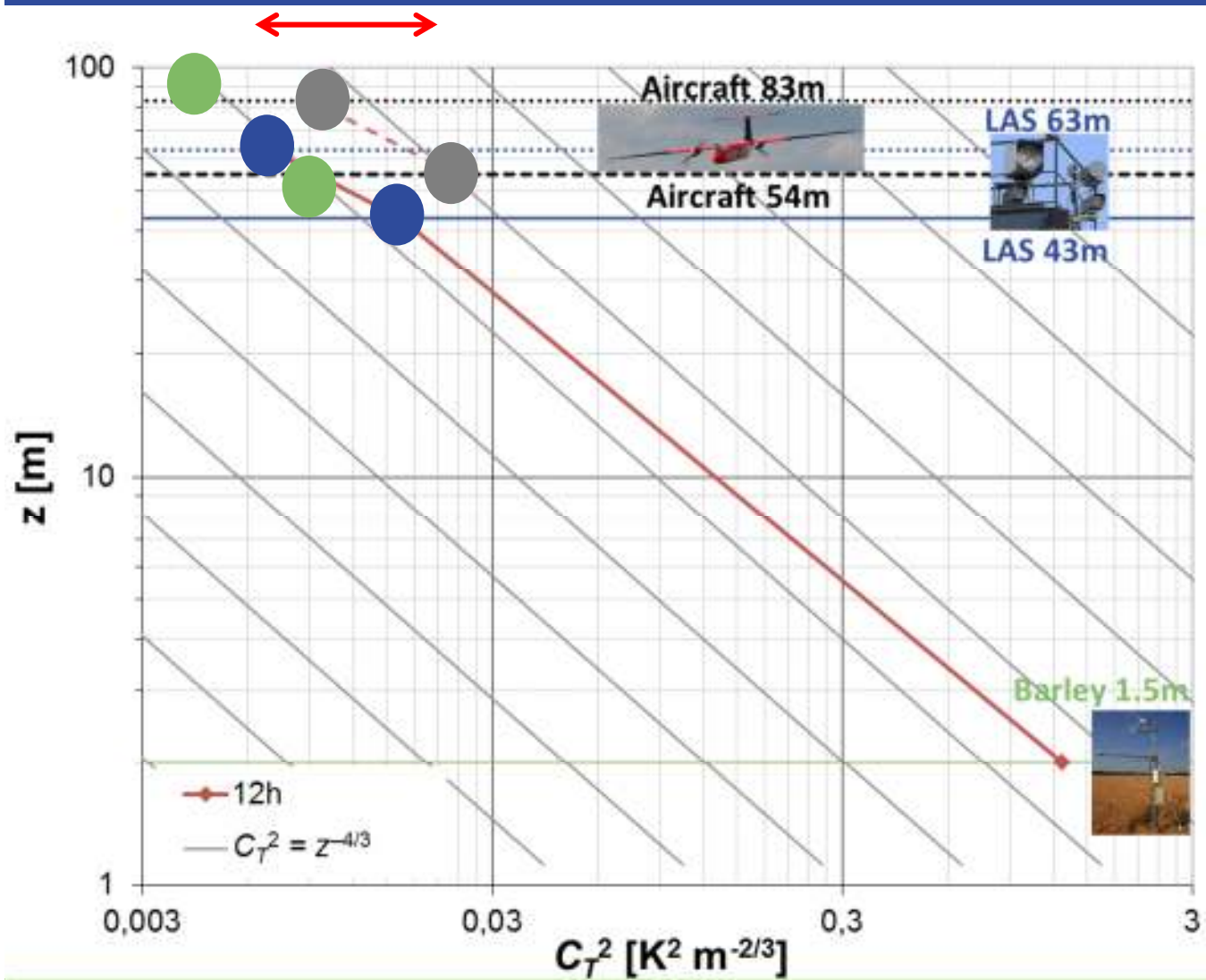
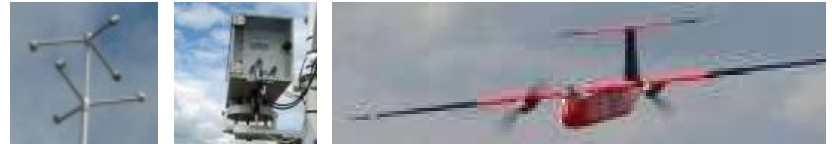


- Saturation correction
- $C_n^2 \rightarrow C_T^2$: Humidity correction
- Synchronising averaging times



- Path-weighting function of LAS
- Mathematical methods

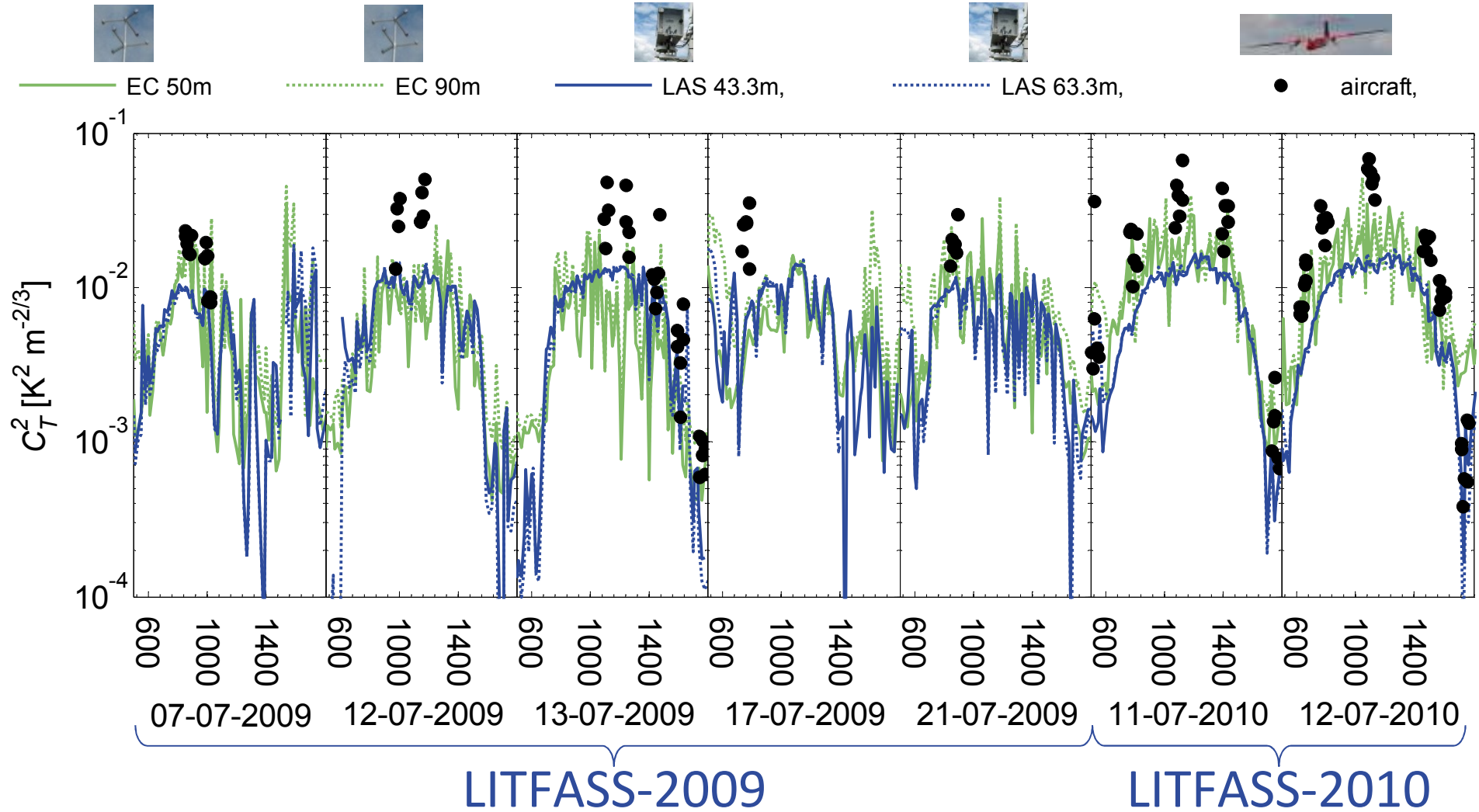
Elaborate data processing normalizing to $z = 50$ m



- UAV
- LAS
- EC

Results

normalizing to $z = 50$ m



Elaborate data processing

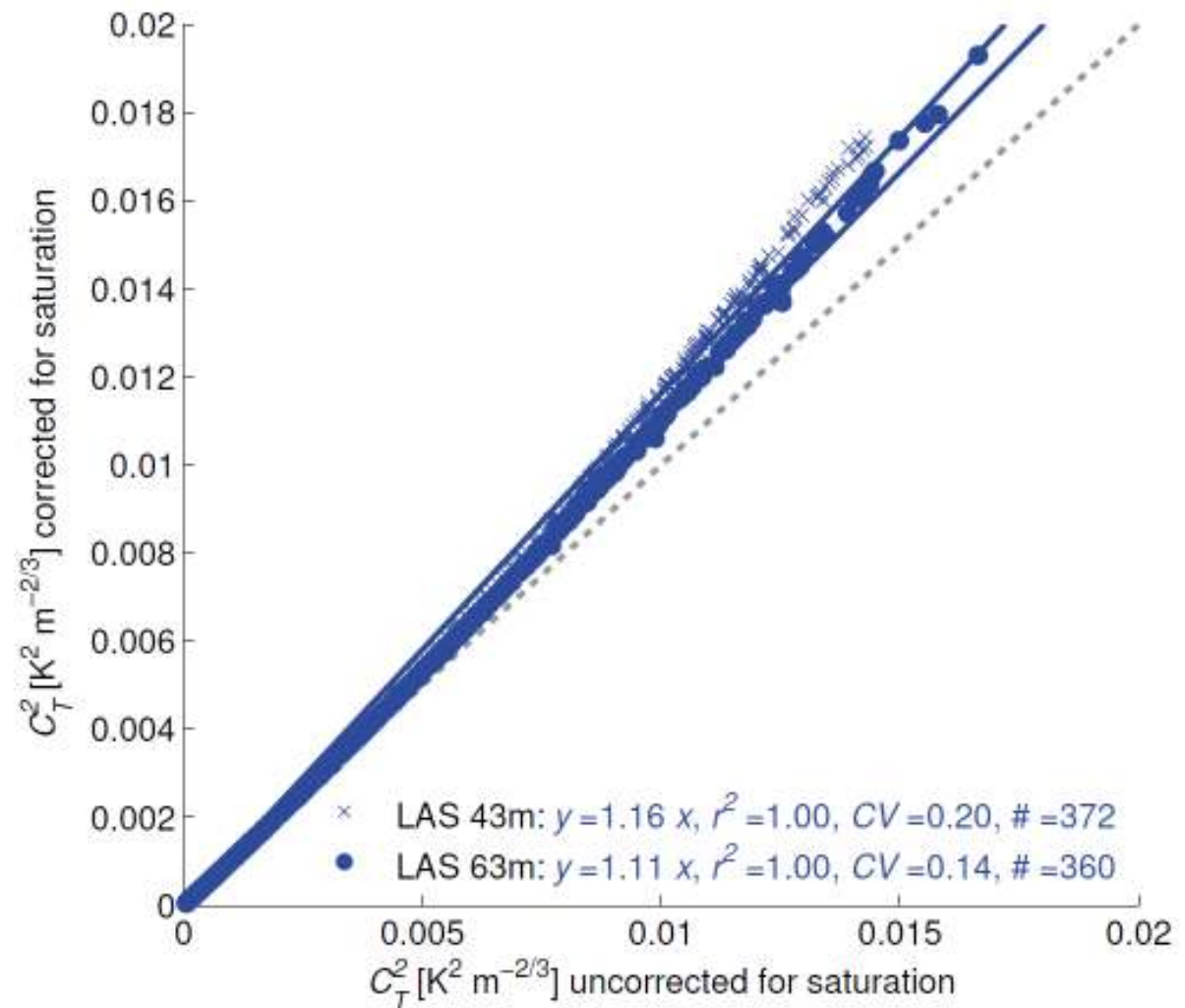
C_n^2 : Saturation correction



- Clifford correction method

Kleissl *et al.* 2010
Clifford *et al.* 1974

- LAS:
 - 43 m: +16%
 - 63 m: +11%



Elaborate data processing

$C_n^2 \rightarrow C_T^2$: Humidity correction



$$C_n^2 = A_T C_T^2 + A_{Tq} C_{Tq} + A_q C_q^2$$

1. Extra Microwave Scintillometer (MWS) two wavelength method



- $\text{cov}(\ln I_{LAS}, \ln I_{MWS})$ (Lüdi et al, 2005)
- R_{Tq} (Hill)

LITFASS-2009
@ 43 m

2. Extra EC (Moene, 2003)



- R_{Tq} , σ_T and σ_q
- R_{Tq} , β
- β

LITFASS-2009
LITFASS-2010
@ 43 m
@ 63 m

Elaborate data processing



$C_n^2 \rightarrow C_T^2$: Humidity correction

$$C_n^2 = A_T C_T^2 + A_{Tq} C_{Tq} + A_q C_q^2$$

1. Extra MWS two wavelength method



- $\text{cov}(\ln I_{LAS}, \ln I_{MWS})$
- R_{Tq}

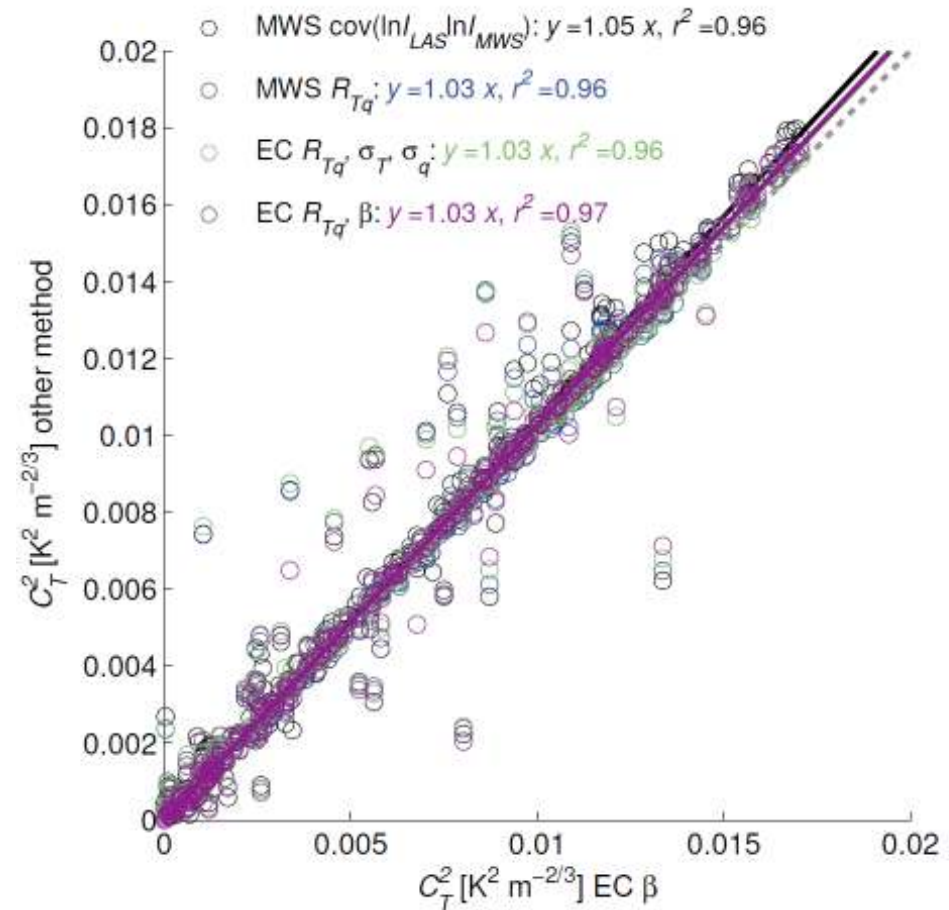
2. Extra EC



- R_{Tq}, σ_T and σ_q
- R_{Tq}, β
- β

LAS: +5%

(relative to standard Bowen correction)



Elaborate data processing

Synchronizing averaging times



Normally:



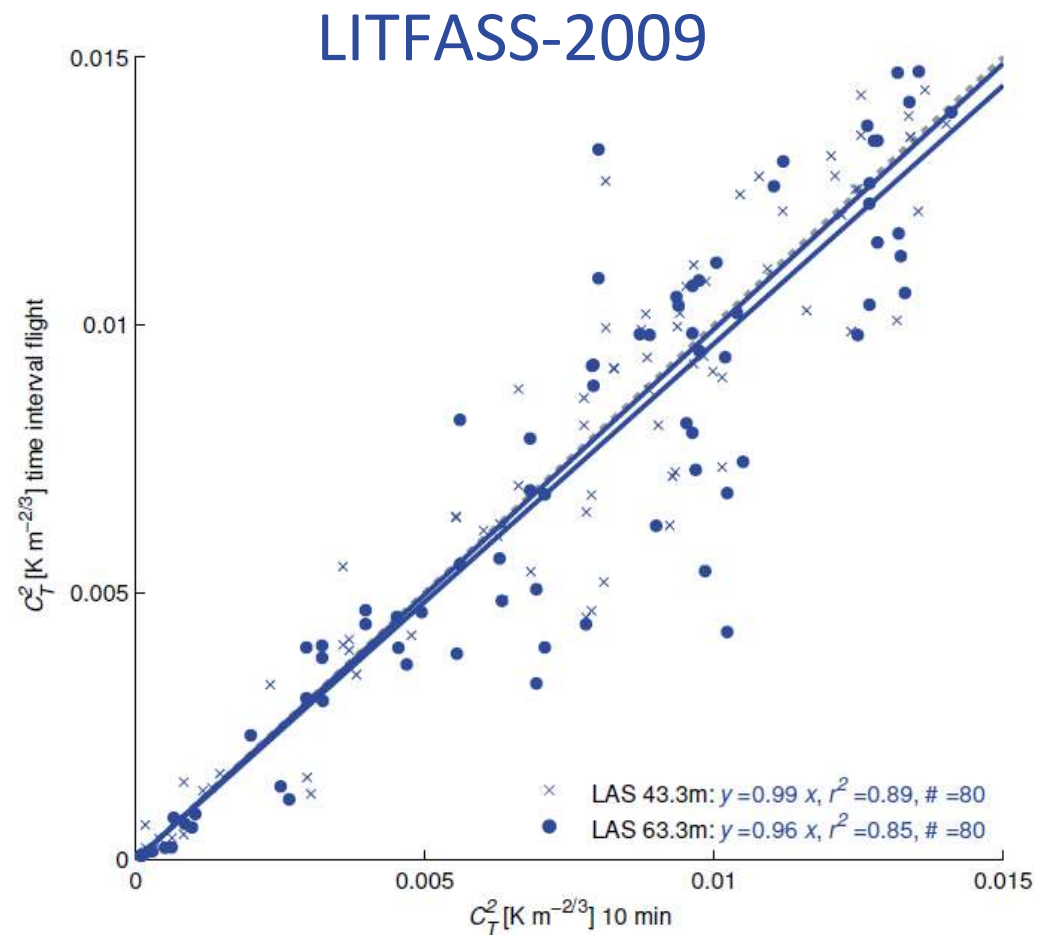
10 or 30 min



approx. 2min

LAS:

- 43m: -1%
- 63m: -4%
- uncertain



This study

On the discrepancy of C_T



- Other days
- Extra validation with EC
- Normalizing to $z = 50$ m
- Elaborate data processing

$$C_T^2 \text{ aircraft} \approx 2C_T^2 \text{ LAS}$$



- Saturation correction
- $C_n^2 \rightarrow C_T^2$: Humidity correction
- Synchronising averaging times

$$C_T^2 \text{ LAS} +15\%$$

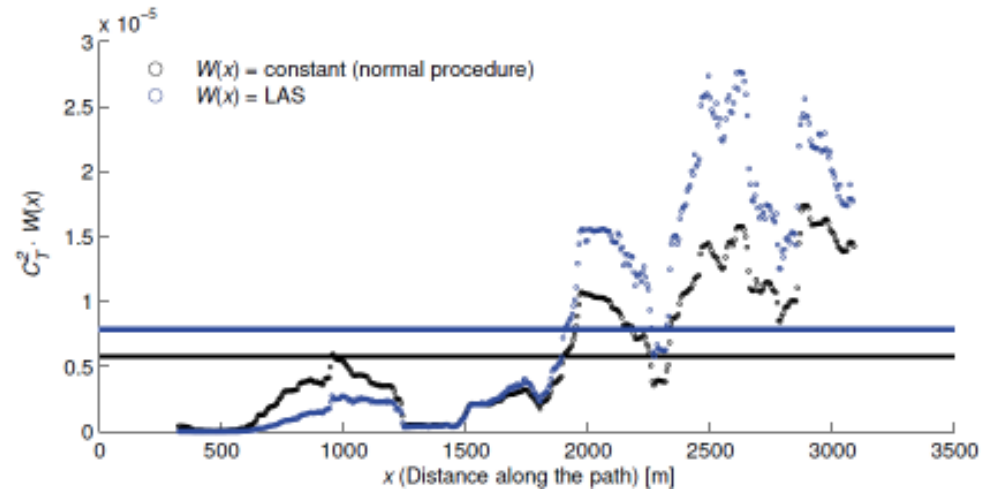
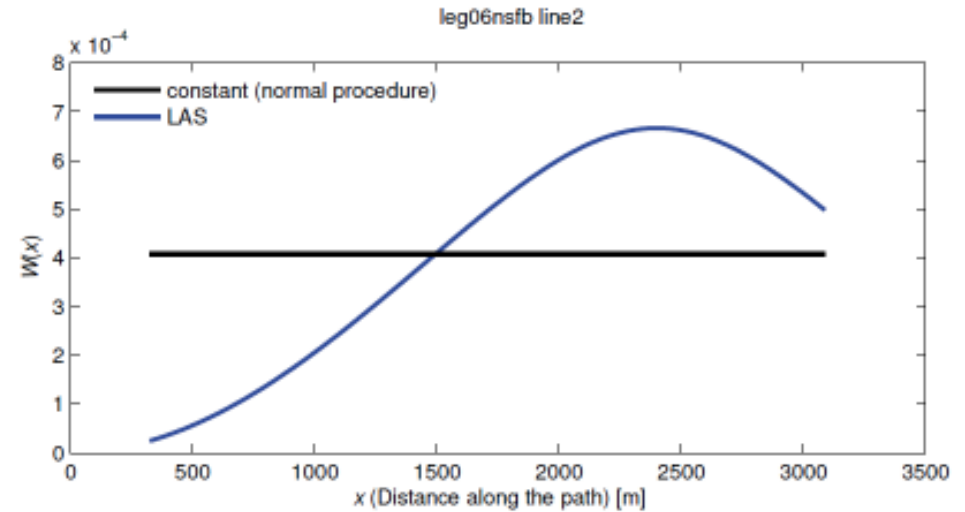
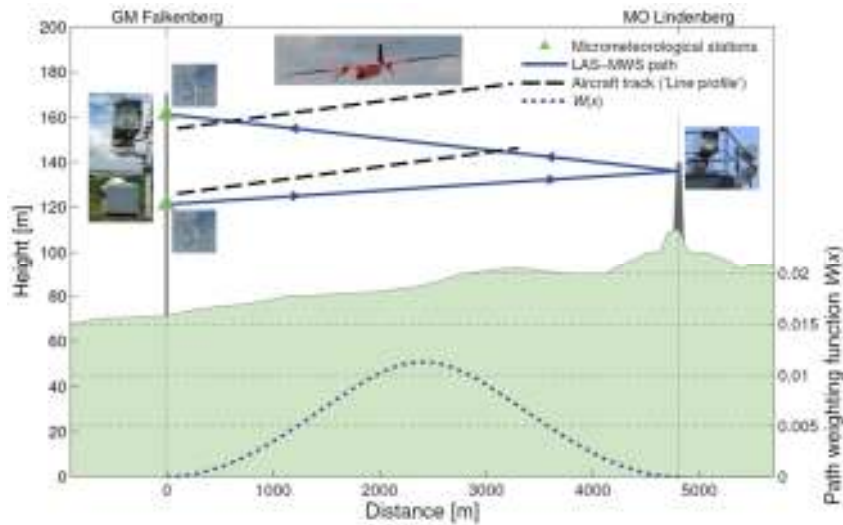
$$C_T^2 \text{ LAS} +5\%$$

$$C_T^2 \text{ LAS} 0\%$$

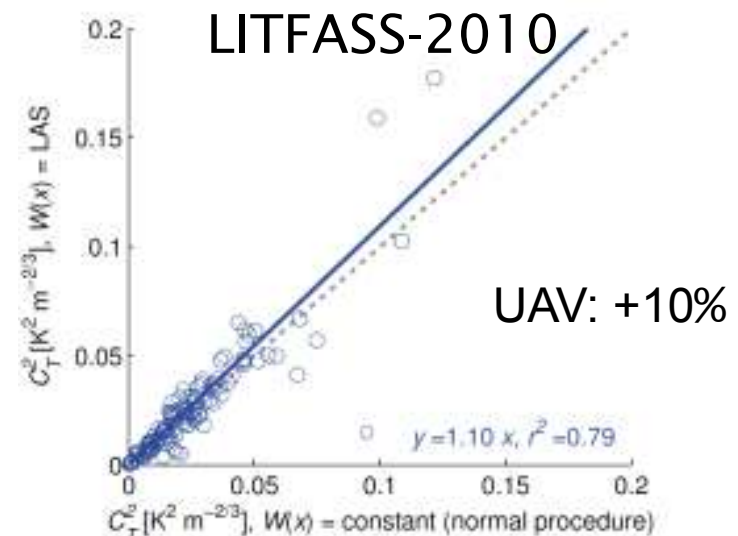
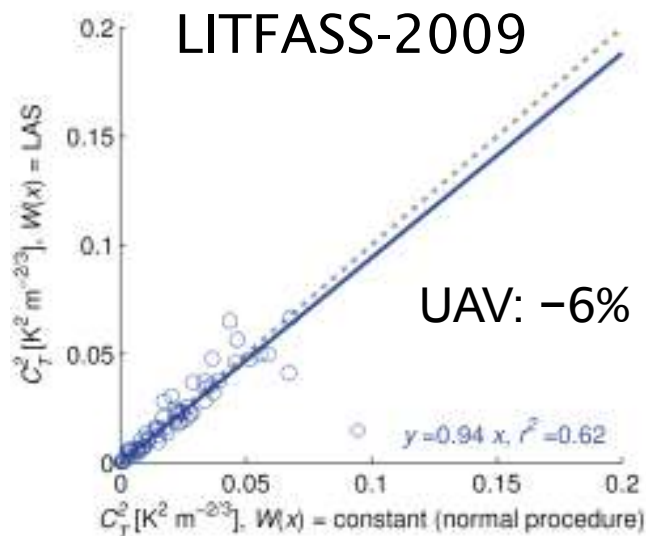
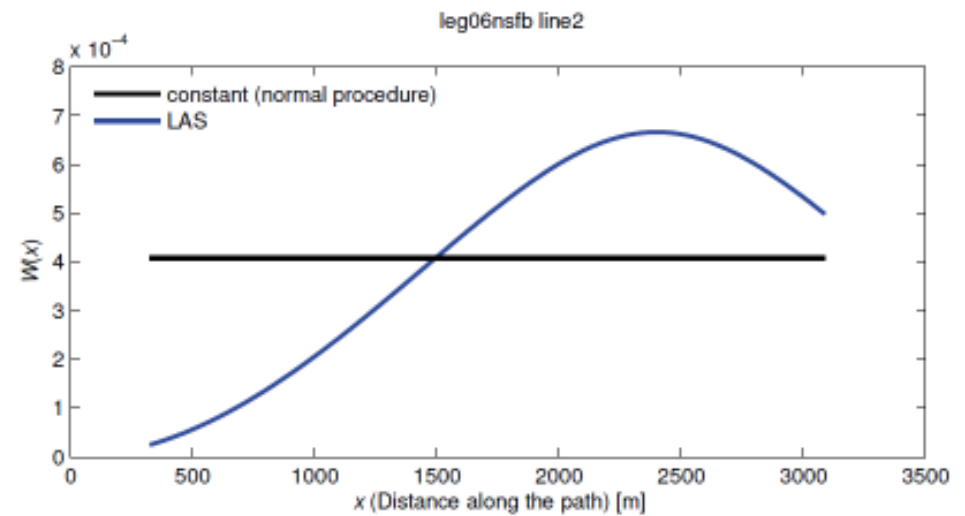
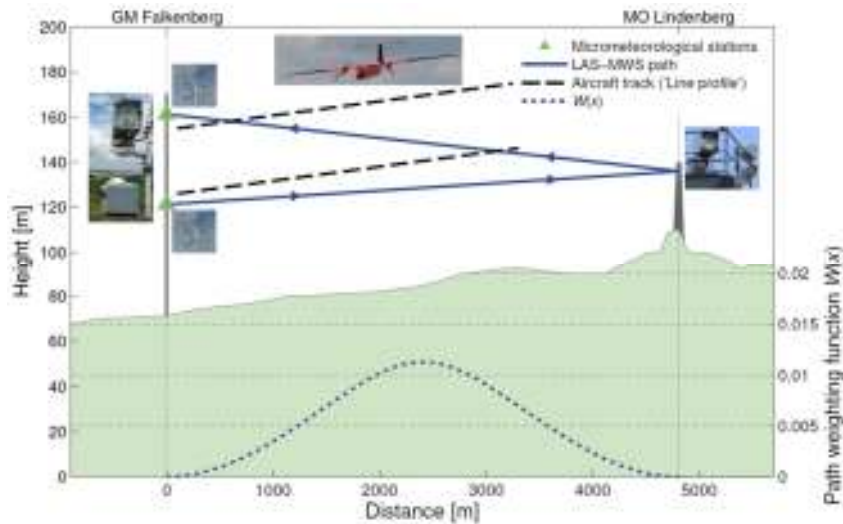


- Path-weighting function of LAS
- Mathematical methods
- Effect of flight speed

Elaborate data processing path weighting function LAS



Elaborate data processing path weighting function LAS



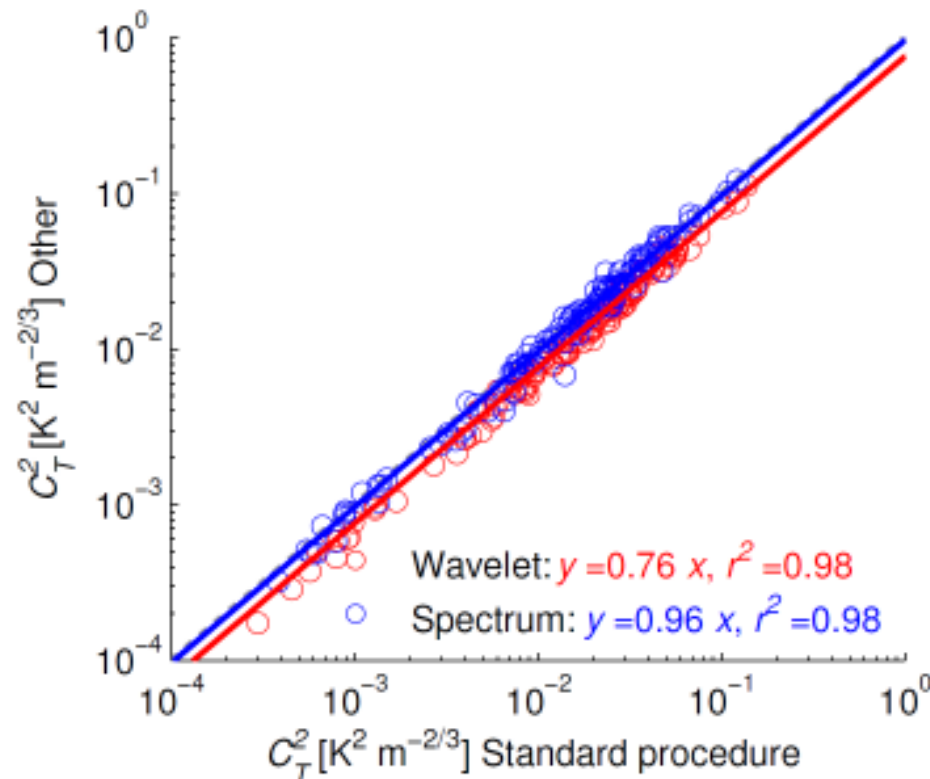
Elaborate data processing other mathematical methods



- Standard procedure
- Spectrum procedure
- Wavelet procedure

van den Kroonenberg *et al.* 2012

Moene & Gioli 2008



UAV: -14%

UAV: -4%

This study

On the discrepancy² of C_T



- Other days
- Extra validation with EC
- Normalizing to $z = 50$ m
- Elaborate data processing

$$C_T^2 \text{ aircraft} \approx 2C_T^2 \text{ LAS}$$



- Saturation correction
- $C_n^2 \rightarrow C_T^2$: Humidity correction
- Synchronising averaging times

$$C_T^2 \text{ LAS} +15\%$$

$$C_T^2 \text{ LAS} +5\%$$

$$C_T^2 \text{ LAS} 0\%$$

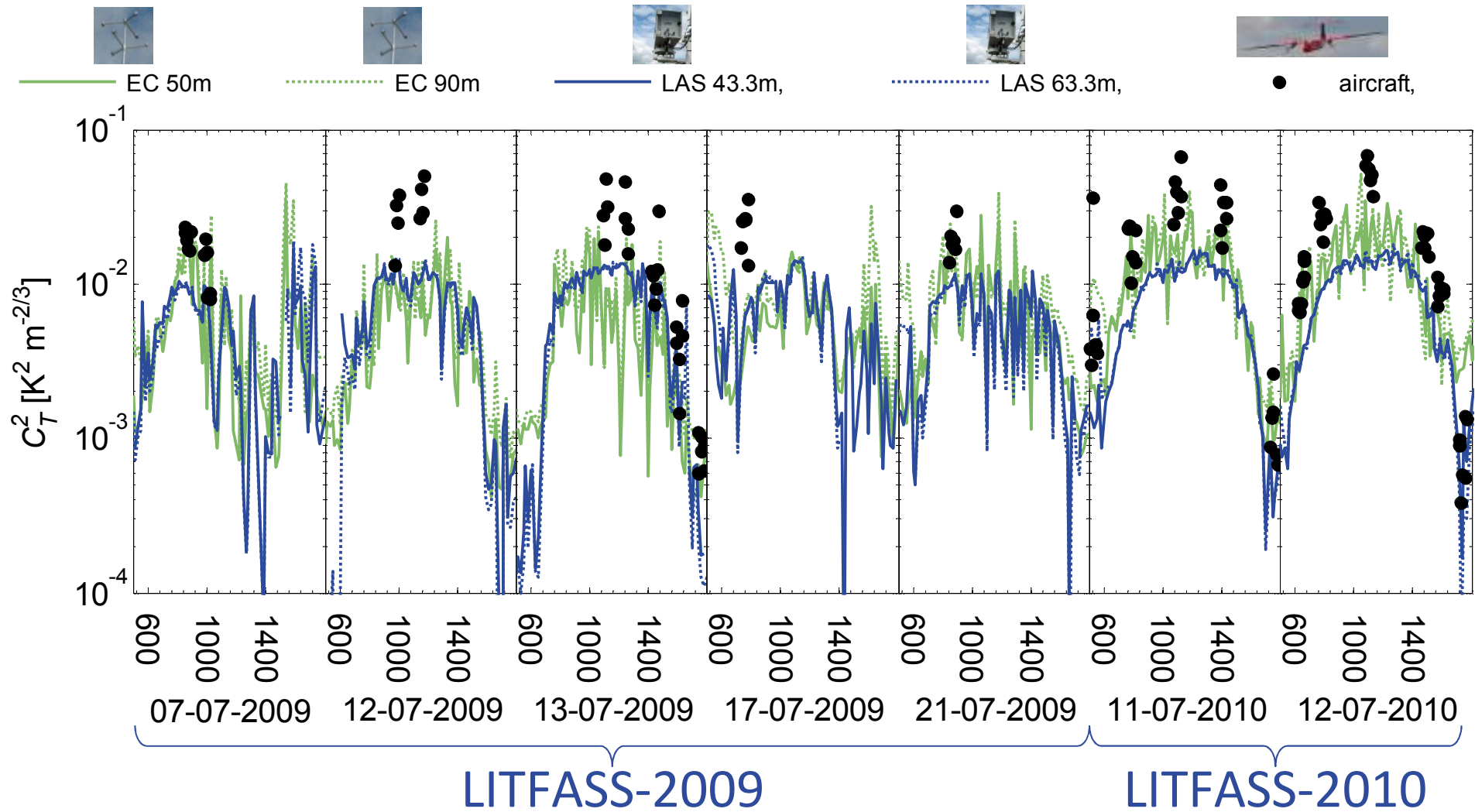


- Path-weighting function of LAS
- Mathematical methods

$$C_T^2 \text{ aircraft} \pm 10\%$$

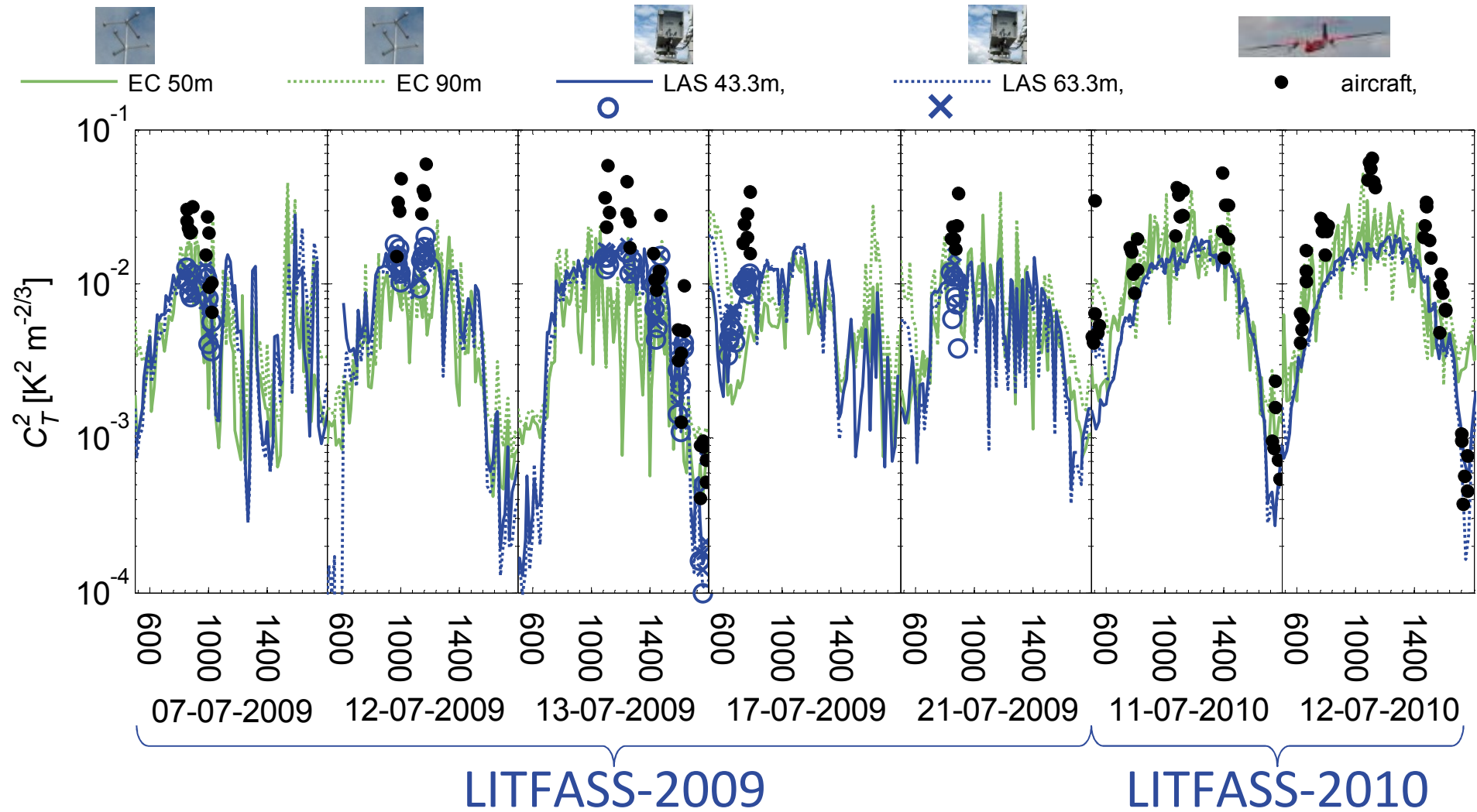
$$C_T^2 \text{ aircraft} \pm 15\%$$

Results



Results

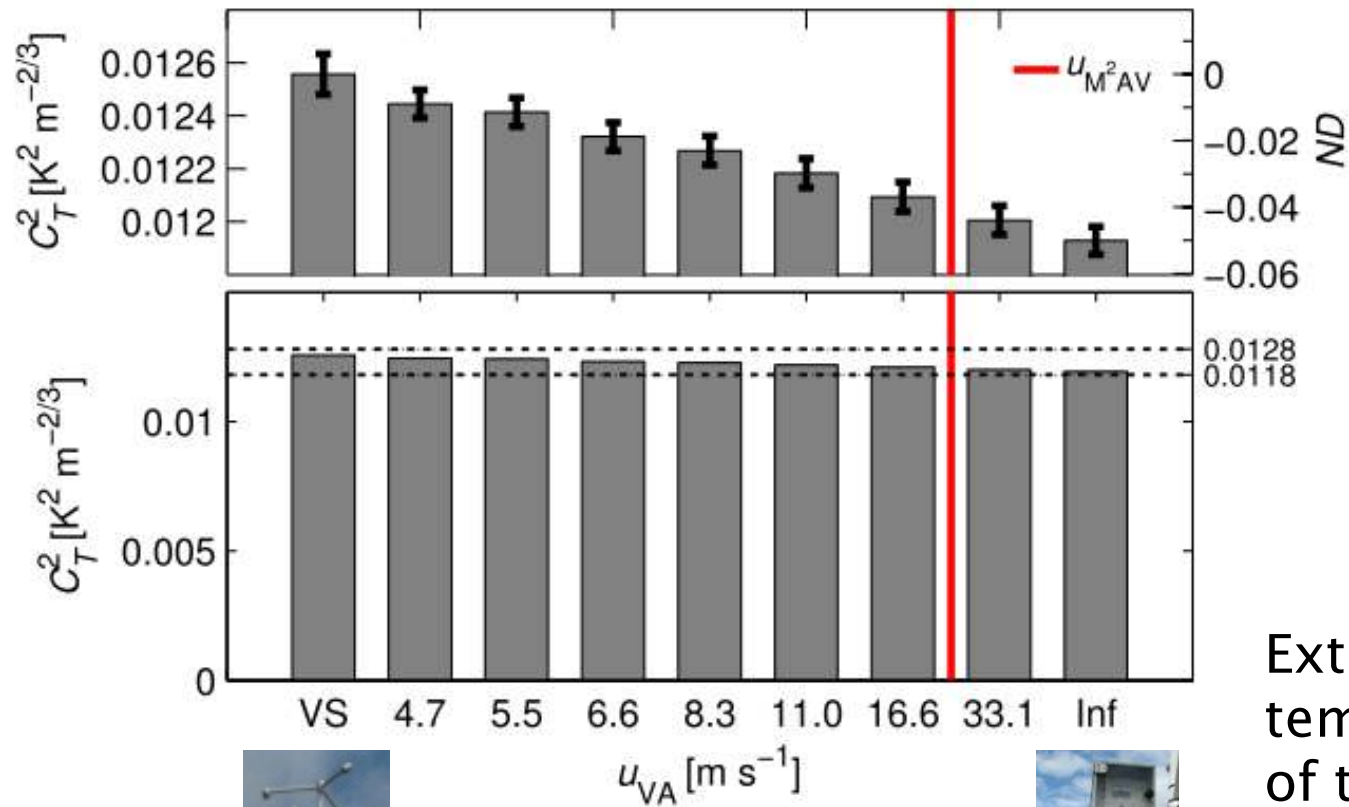
all corrections/processing implemented



Effect of translation speed of sensor

- High-resolution LES of LITFASS area ($\Delta x = 3.1$ m, $\Delta z = 2$ m)
- Virtual sensors at different speeds:
 - 0 ms^{-1} : virtual **sonic**
 - 5-33 ms^{-1} : virtual **UAV**
 - ∞ ms^{-1} : virtual **LAS**
- Does structure parameter depend on choice of platform translation speed?

Effect of translation speed of sensor



Extra variance due to temporal development of turbulence

Conclusions

- C_T^2 aircraft $> C_T^2$ LAS also valid at other days
 $> C_T^2$ EC
- More elaborate data processing does not decrease differences significantly
- Additional experiments are needed to better understand line-mean C_T^2 and link with scintillometer signal