



Decadal Variations of Tropical Cyclone Intensity over the western North Pacific

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Outline

I. Motivation

II. Data and Methodology

III. Numerical Simulation

IV. Contributions of factors

V. An possible mechanism

VI. Summary

I. Motivation

➤ Decadal variations in TC activity

1. TC frequency---20-year period (central/eastern Pacific SST)

(Yumoto and Matsuura 2001; Matsuura et al. 2003; Yumoto et al. 2003)

2. TC track

Ho et al. (2004)

----interdecadal variability

Liu and Chan (2008)

----decadal variability

Wu and wang (2008)

----significant westward shift over the
past four decades

3. TC intensity

Chan (2008)---Cat45 TC frequency ---16-32-year period

➤ Uncertainty in TC intensity records

1. Cat45 TCs frequency over the WNP increase since the 1970s

(Webster et al. 2005; Elsner et al. 2008)

2. The upward trend -----a part of interdecadal variations

(Chan 2006)

3. The upward trend only detected in JTWC, not in RSMC and STI

(Wu et al. 2006; Yu et al. 2007; Song et al. 2010; Ren et al. 2011; Wu and Zhao 2012)

Does it really exist ?

or

is it just a result of uncertainty in TC records?

Objectives

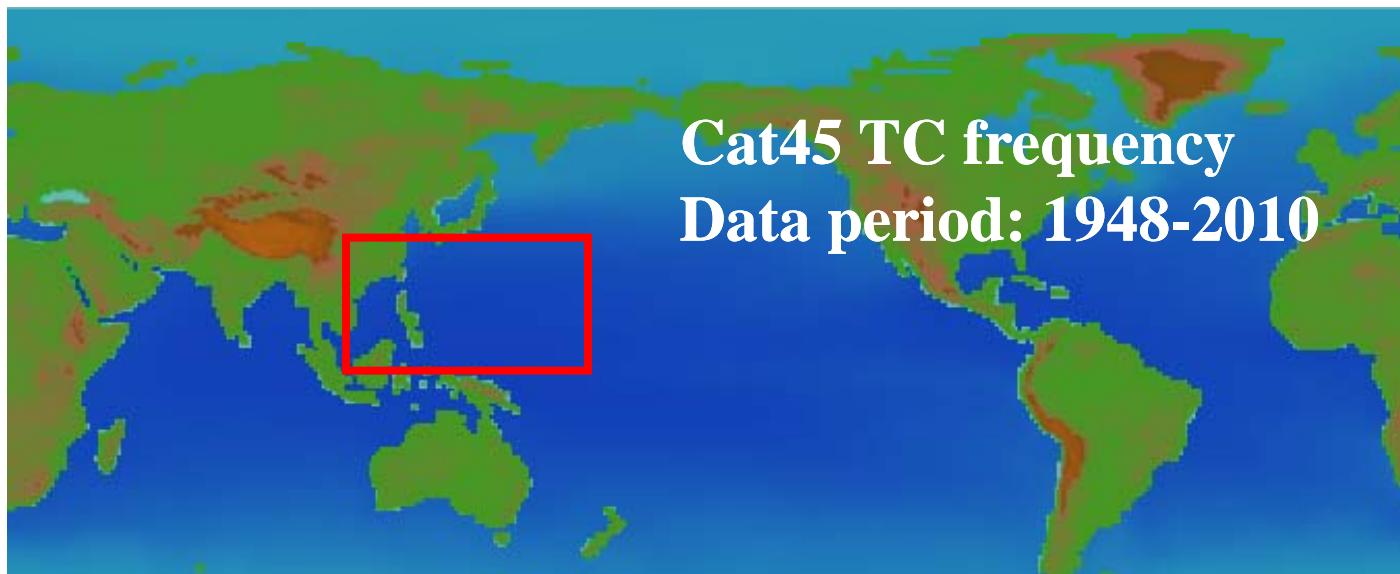
- 1) *To verify the TC intensity variations in the WNP basin on the interdecadal and decadal time scales over the period 1948-2010*
- 2) *To examine the possible mechanisms associated with these variations*

Recently, Wu and Zhao (2012; *J.Climate*)

1. Assessing historical TC intensity datasets with a TC intensity model---- **Coupled Hurricane Intensity Prediction System(CHIPS)** (Emanuel 2006; Emanuel et al. 2008)
 2. Reproducing the evolution of the basin-wide TC intensity in the JTWC best track dataset over the period of 1975-2007
 3. Cat45 TC number is a most sensitive and reliable index
----in response to changes in the vertical wind shear and SST.

II. Data and Methodology

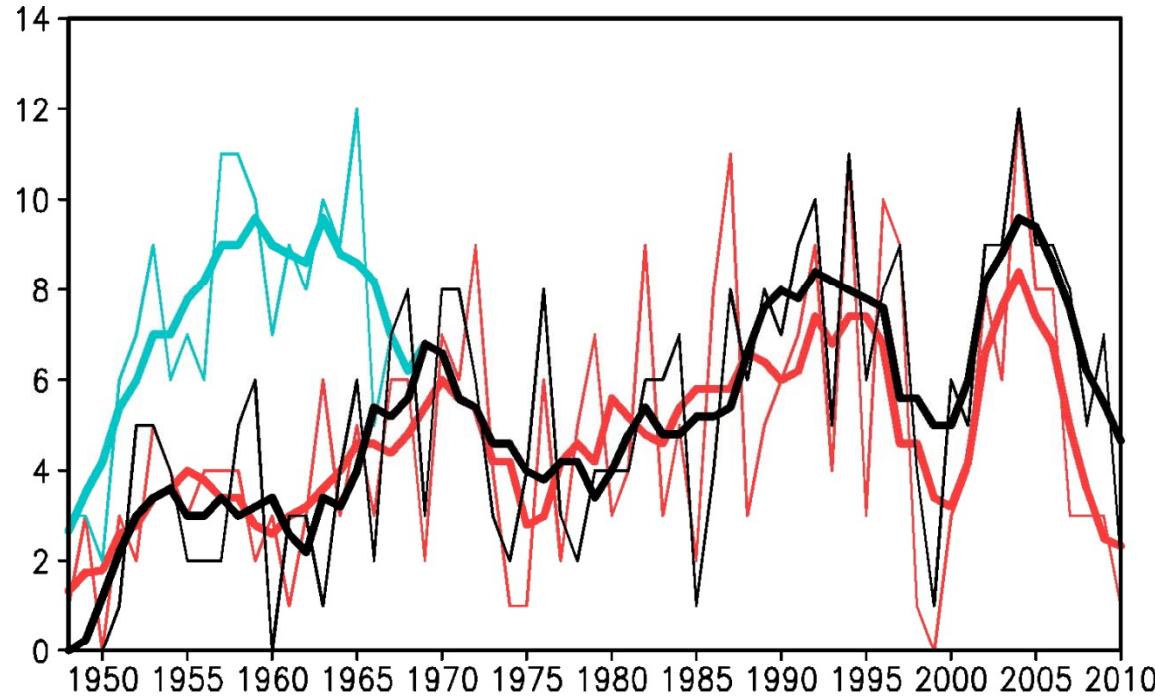
- TC data from JTWC
- Extended reconstructed SST (Version 3) from NOAA
- Monthly wind field from NCEP/NCAR reanalysis
- Coupled Hurricane Intensity Prediction System CHIPS)
(Emanuel 2006; Emanuel et al. 2008)



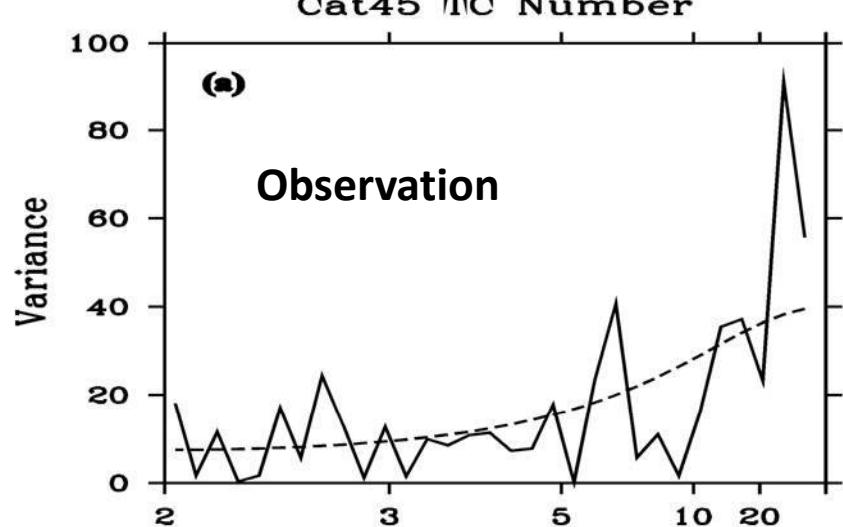
III. Numerical Simulation

| <i>Experiments</i> | <i>Simulation Description</i> |
|--------------------|--|
| <i>CTRL</i> | Both of SST and vertical wind shear are observed from 1948 to 2010. |

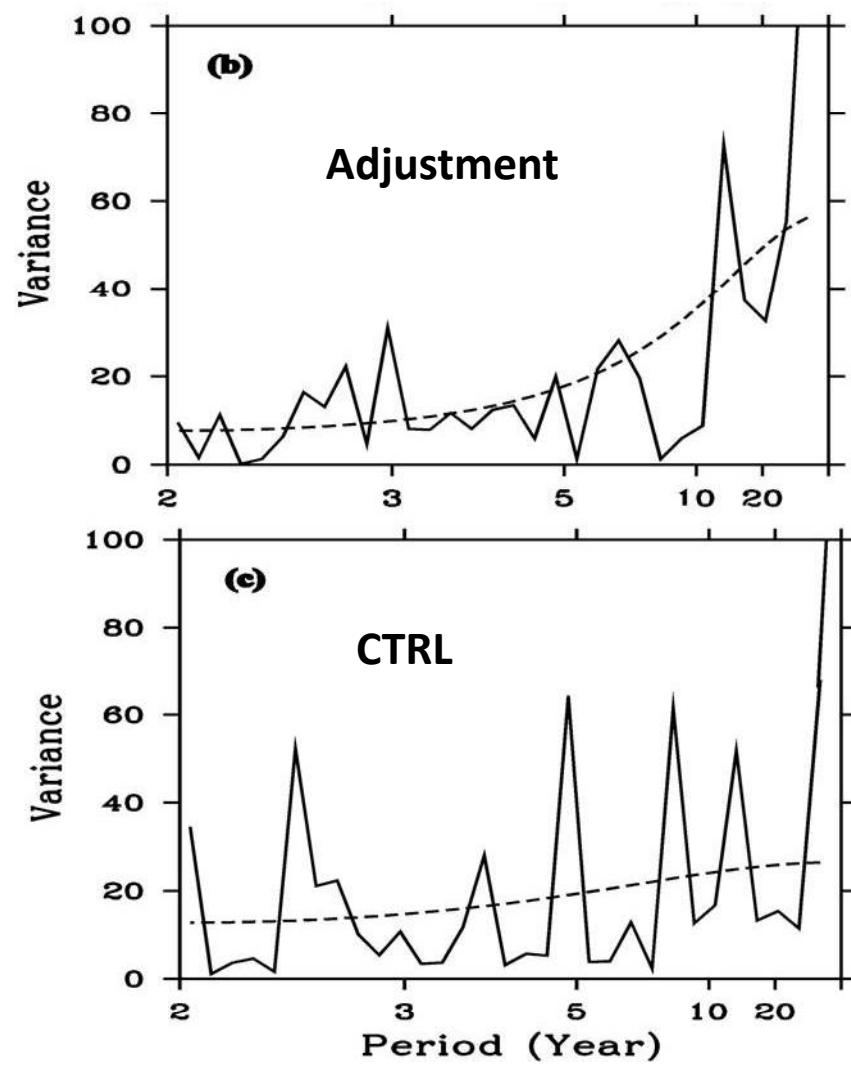
III. Numerical Simulation



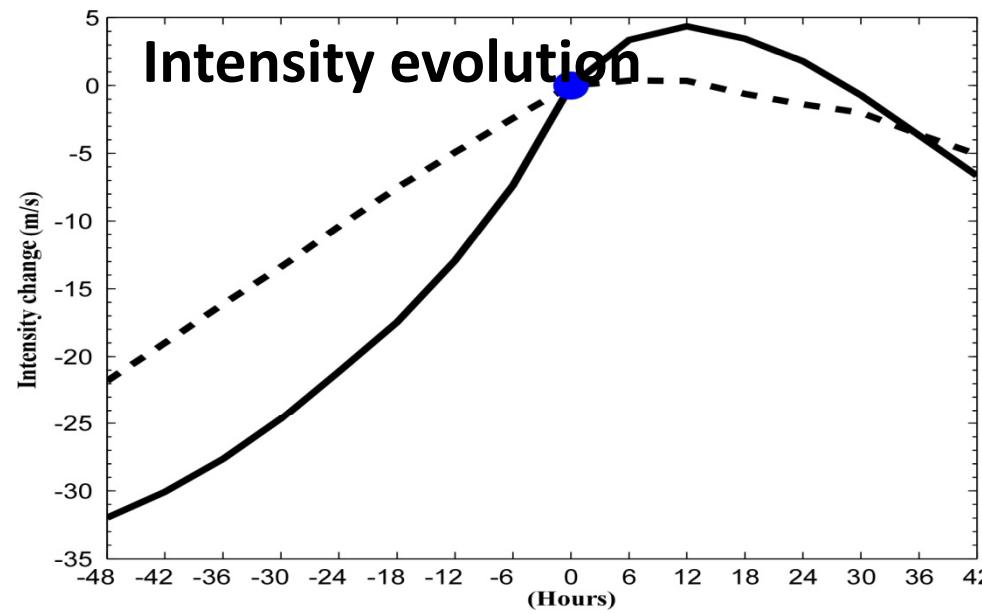
Red-CTRL
Green-observation
Black-adjustment-----(Emanuel(2005))



Spectral analysis



| Periods | Mean time for a TC to achieve Cat45 | Total lifetime Cat45 |
|-----------|--|-------------------------|
| 1948-1964 | 2.61 days | 6.68 days |
| 1965-1972 | 3.13 days | 8.25 days |
| 1973-2010 | 3.30 days | 8.84 days |

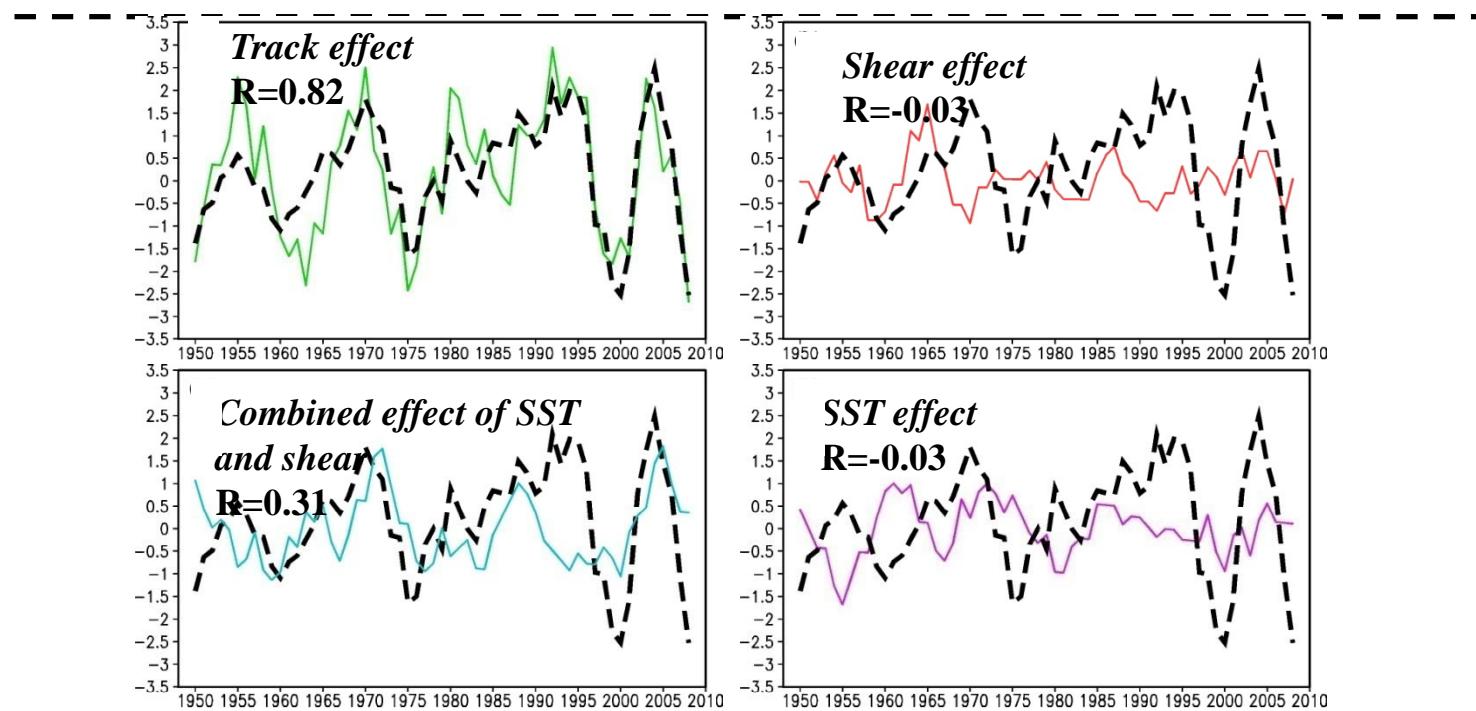
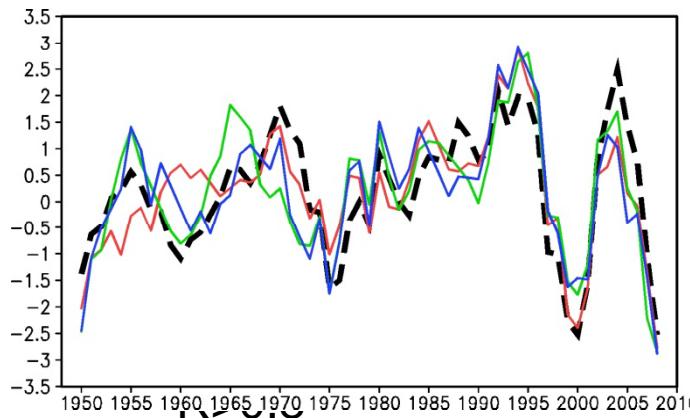


IV. Contributions of SST, Shear and TC tracks

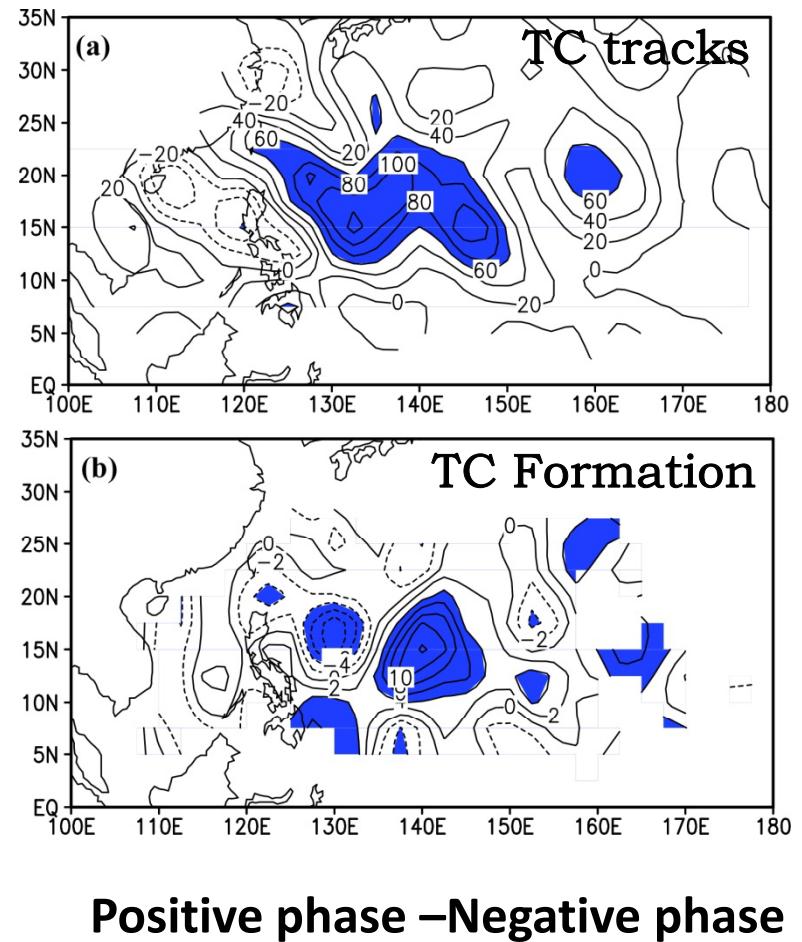
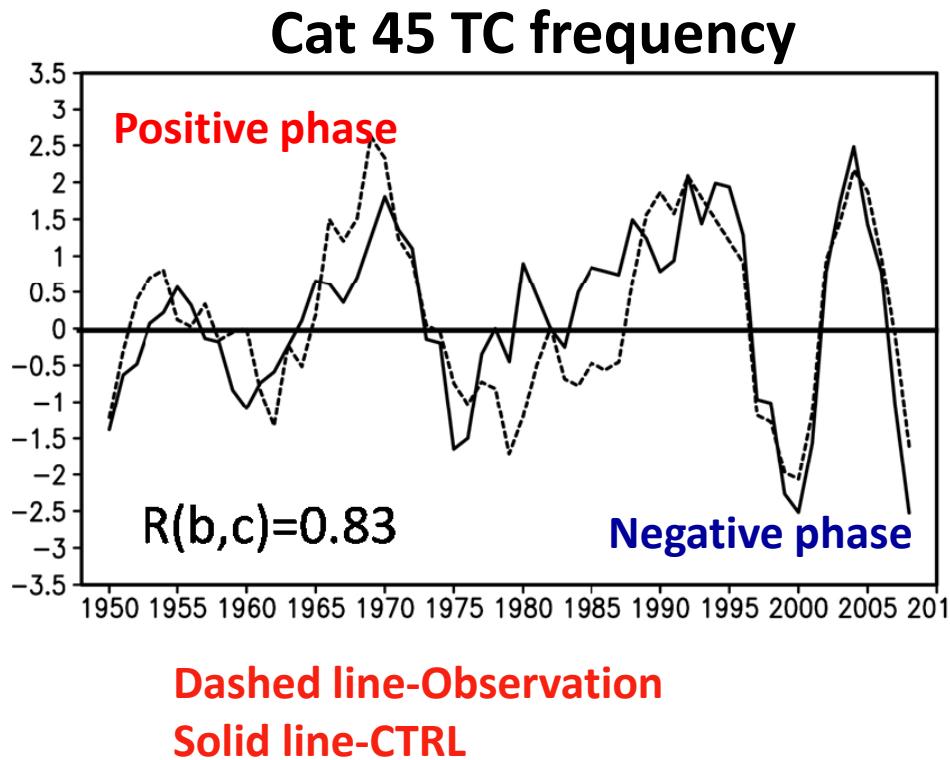
| <i>Experiments</i> | <i>Simulation Description</i> |
|--------------------|---|
| <i>CTRL</i> | Both of SST and vertical wind shear are observed from 1948 to 2010. |
| <i>T65</i> | SST is observed in 1965, but vertical wind shear changes with the observation from 1965 to 2010. |
| <i>V65</i> | Shear is observed in 1965, but SST changes with the observation from 1965 to 2010. |
| <i>VT65</i> | Both of SST and vertical wind shear are set to be those observed in 1965. |

IV. Contributions of SST, Shear and TC tracks

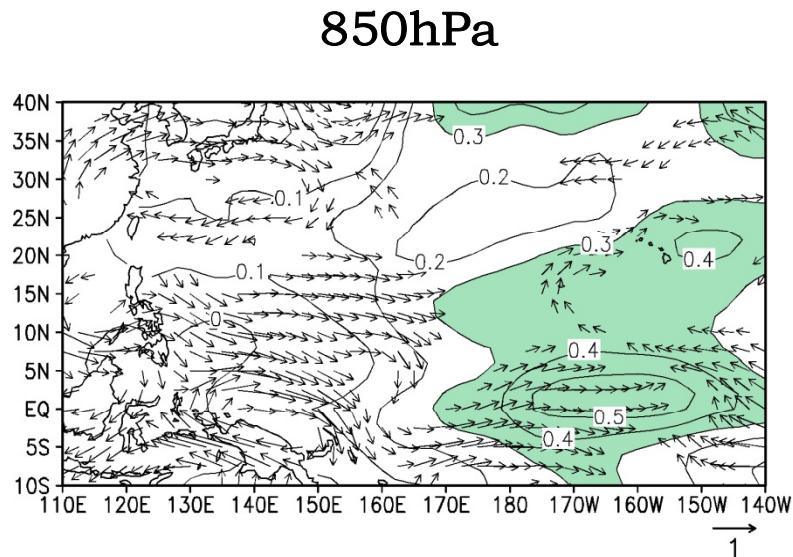
CTRL (black)
VT65 (blue)
V65(green)
T65(red)



V. A possible mechanism-Observational analysis

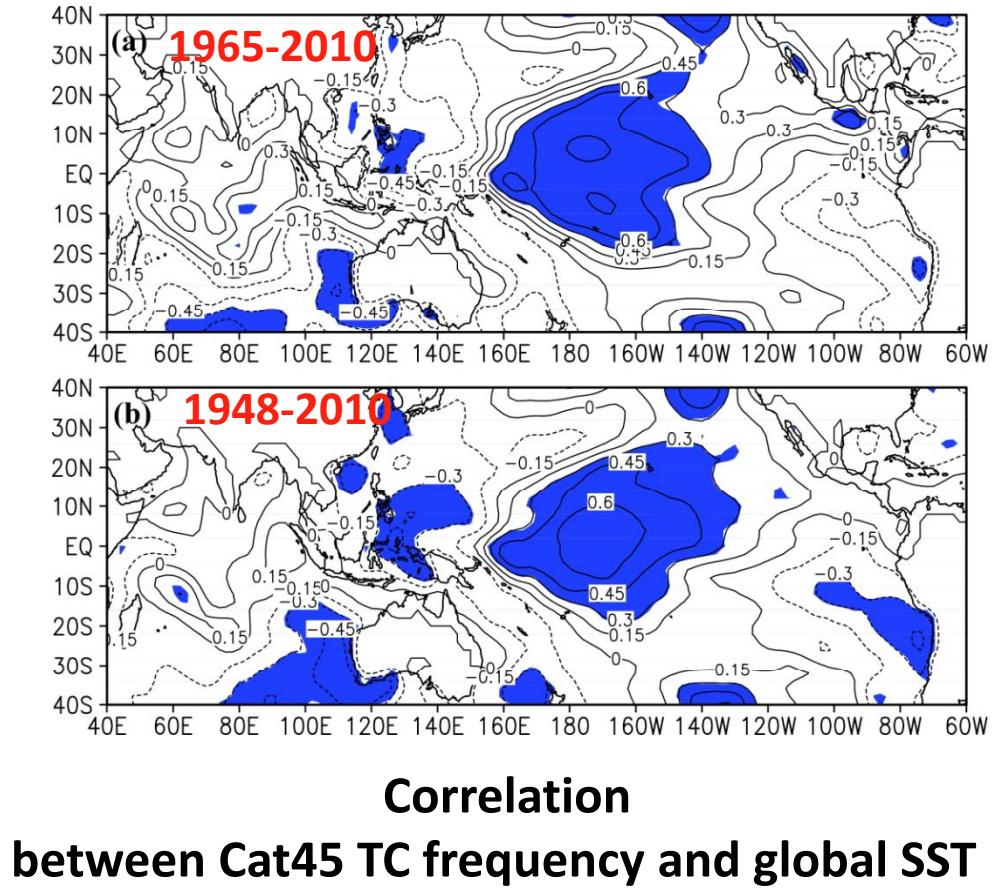


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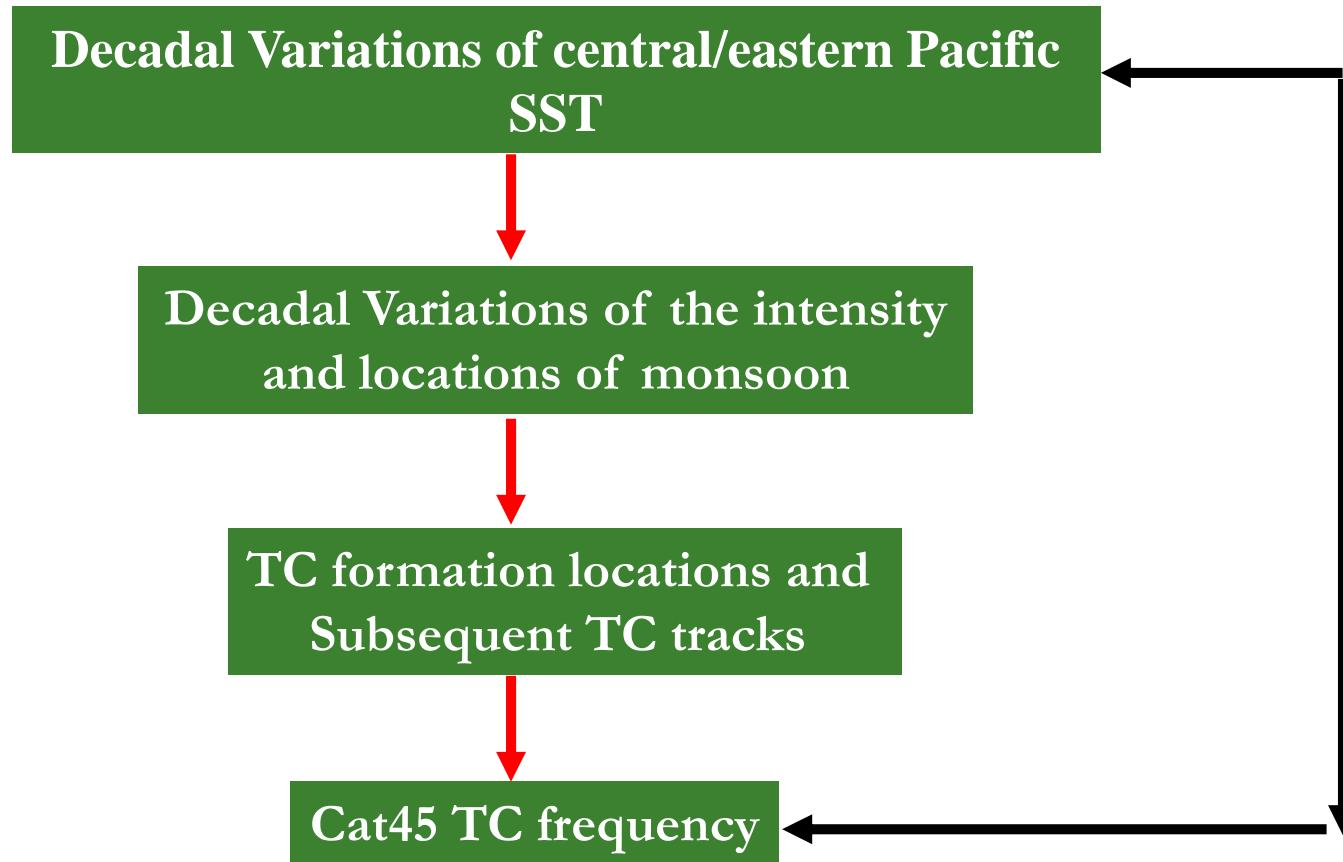


Positive phase – Negative phase

Shading: SST



VI. Summary



Thanks for your attention!