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Centre

Recent forecast operations and outreach activities at the Canadian Hurricane Center (CHC)

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Environment Canada
www.ec.gc.ca

Outline



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- **CHC – our beginnings and current role**
- **Outreach activities**
- **Recent forecast product development**
- **Notes on the Canadian CMC weather model**
- **International collaborations**

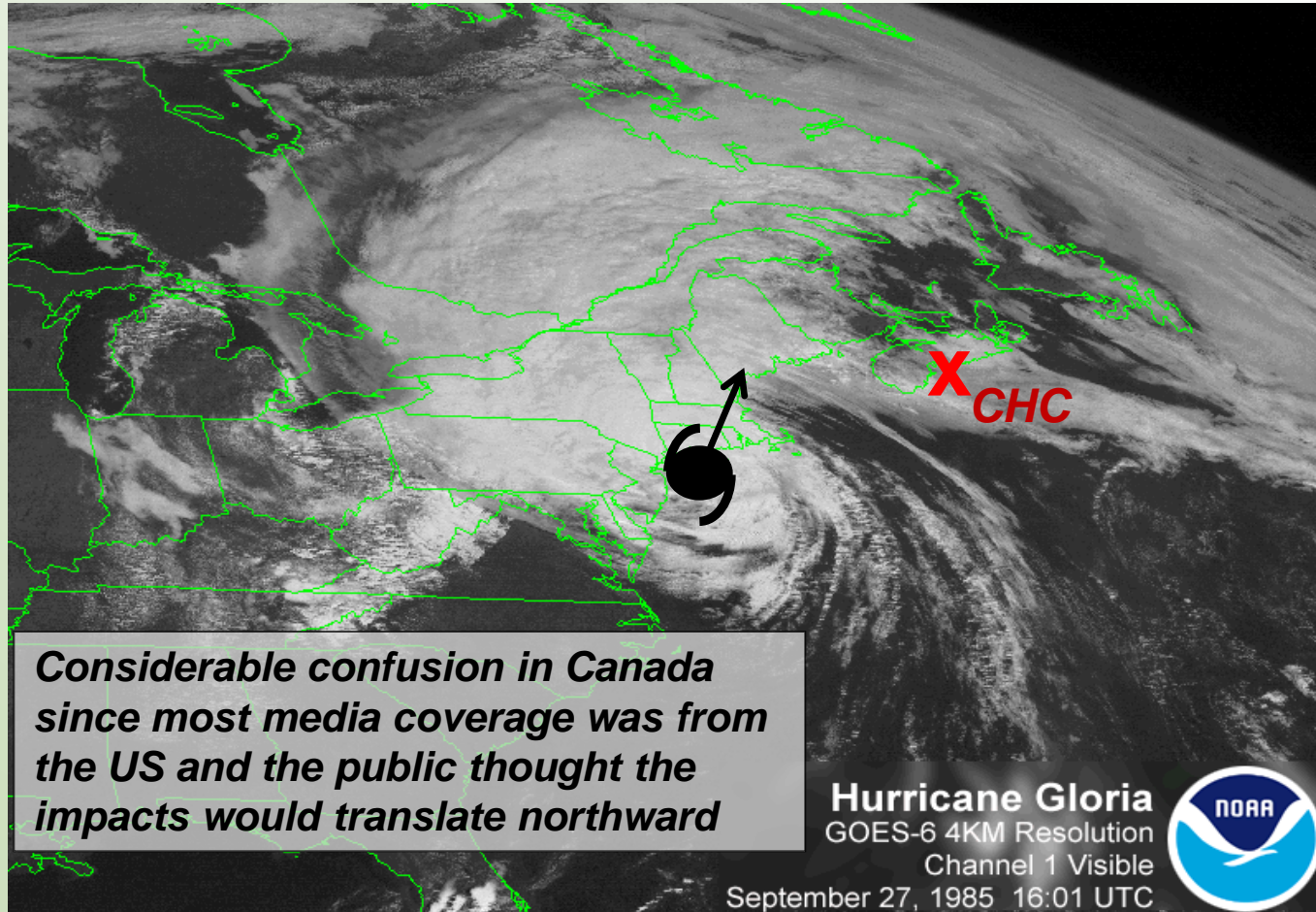


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Origin of the CHC – began with experience during Hurricane Gloria 1985



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**"Saxby Gale"
Oct 1869**



**"Great Nova Scotia
Cyclone"
Aug 1873**



**"Galveston Hurricane"
Sept 1900**



Major events
in Canada –
about one
"biggy"
every 15 yrs

8 of 10 events
before CHC
established

**"Great August Gale"
1927**



**"Edna"
Sept 1954**



**"Hazel"
Oct 1954**



**"Escuminac
Disaster"
Jun 1959**



**"Beth"
Aug 1971**



**"Juan"
Sept 2003**



**"Igor"
Sept 2010**

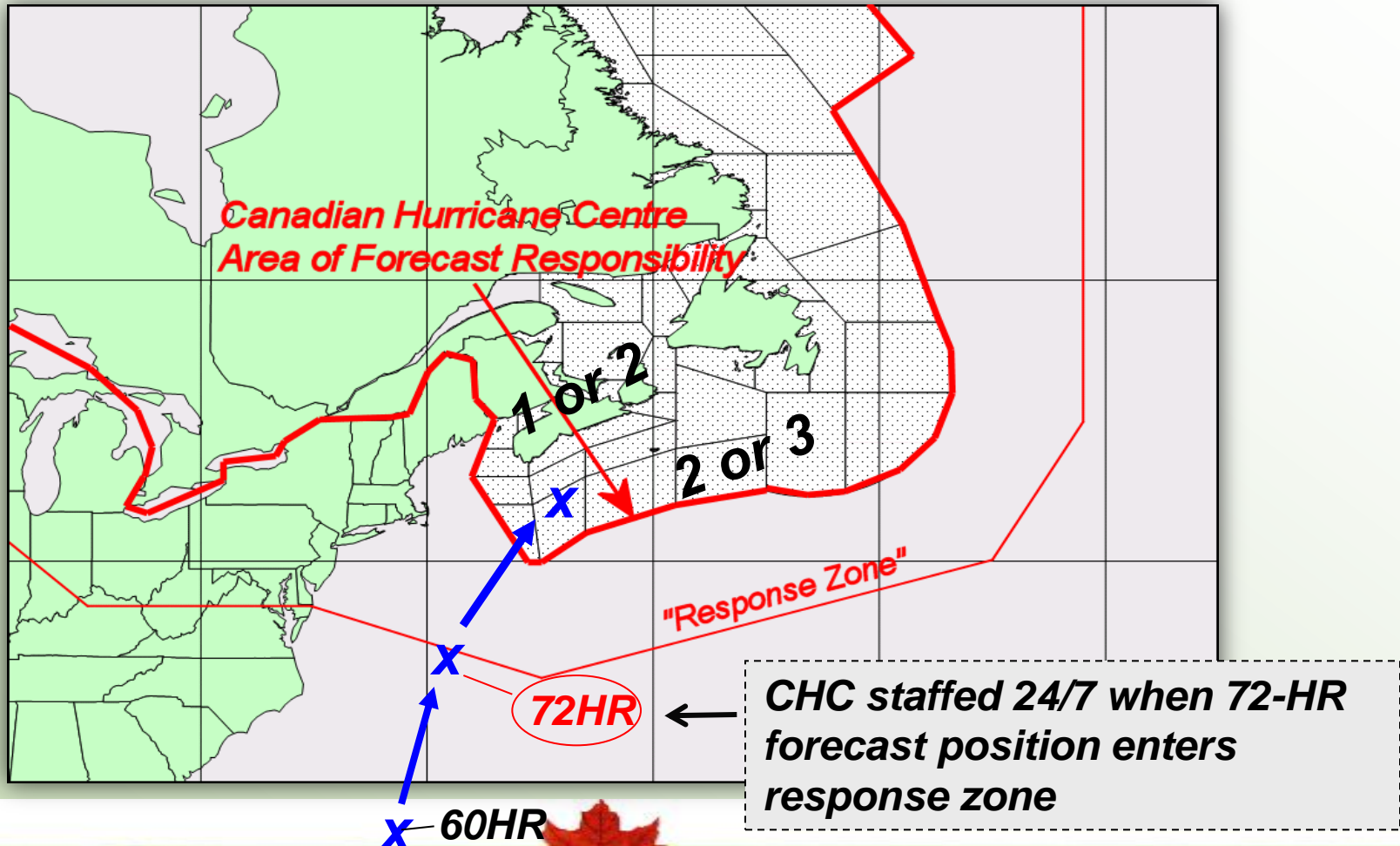


CHC 'Response' Zone



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On average, 1 or 2 storms of *tropical origin* directly affect Canadian land regions each year. Another 2 or 3 typically threaten our offshore waters.



Key changes over past decade affecting what we do and how we communicate...



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- **Computer model (NWP) improvements (esp. long-range)**
- **Advances in remote sensing (satellites)**
- **Evolution of official forecast products**
- **Surge in media attention (over increasingly longer timescales) – not just media but society in general**
- **Availability of forecaster tools (display of *computer models* online, weather blogs, private sector agencies)**
- **Users are asking more (more specific & technical) questions – they’re learning too**
- **Changes in how forecast information is used – e.g. GIS display / users ability to display/modify “met objects”**

**Technical
Sociological
Mix**



Key changes over past decade affecting what we do and how we communicate...



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Sociological
Political factor
Tech/sociological mix

- Increasing demand outside of the 72-hour period – demand is greater than ever for information over various timescales
- Updates required throughout season and more requests from media – news, feature stories to even documentaries – even outside Hurricane Season
- Increased visibility recognized at higher (political) levels – can complicate bottom line
- What hasn't changed, unfortunately, is pretty much stagnant staffing/funding commitment despite growing demands
- Social media role is HUGE – we're leveraging both ways – official and **unofficial** 'out' tweets AND as instant information source



Outreach - Open House in early June 2013 – meeting with amateur forecasters and interested public)



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1200 visitors
One of the more popular venues
In city-wide 'Doors Open' event



Well advertised via multiple channels – especially **social media**



Interestingly same day as remnants of "Andrea" arrived

Shows genuine interest/curiosity by the public and highlights visibility of the forecast centers



Recognizing the power of communication/outreach – CHC convened a workshop to build relationship with local broadcast sector in late June 2013

Canadian Hurricane Centre Workshop for Media Weather Presenters



9 am to 4:430 pm Monday June 24, 2013 – 45 Alderney Drive, Dartmouth, 15th floor of
Queen Square (Room 1524)

Presenters: Chris Fogarty, Manager, CHC and Bob Robichaud, Outreach Meteorologist

09:00 am – Introductions and Overview

09:30 am – Tropical Cyclones and Extratropical Transition Overview

10:30 am – Break

10:45 am – Forecasting Basics and Tools

12:00 pm – Lunch and CHC/ASPC Tour

01:30 pm – Discussion: Forecasting Resources and Tools

02:15 pm – Discussion: Communication Protocol and Tools

02:45 pm – Break

03:00 pm – Other discussion, Q&A, Feedback



- *in-person*

- *informal*

- *Opportunity to build
relationships*

- *Helps build mutual
respect*

- *Specifically work
toward **message
consistency - VERY
IMPORTANT***

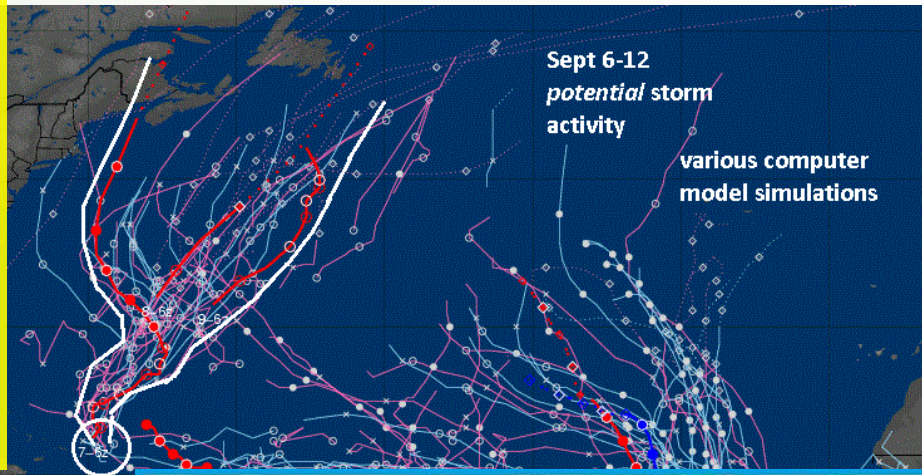




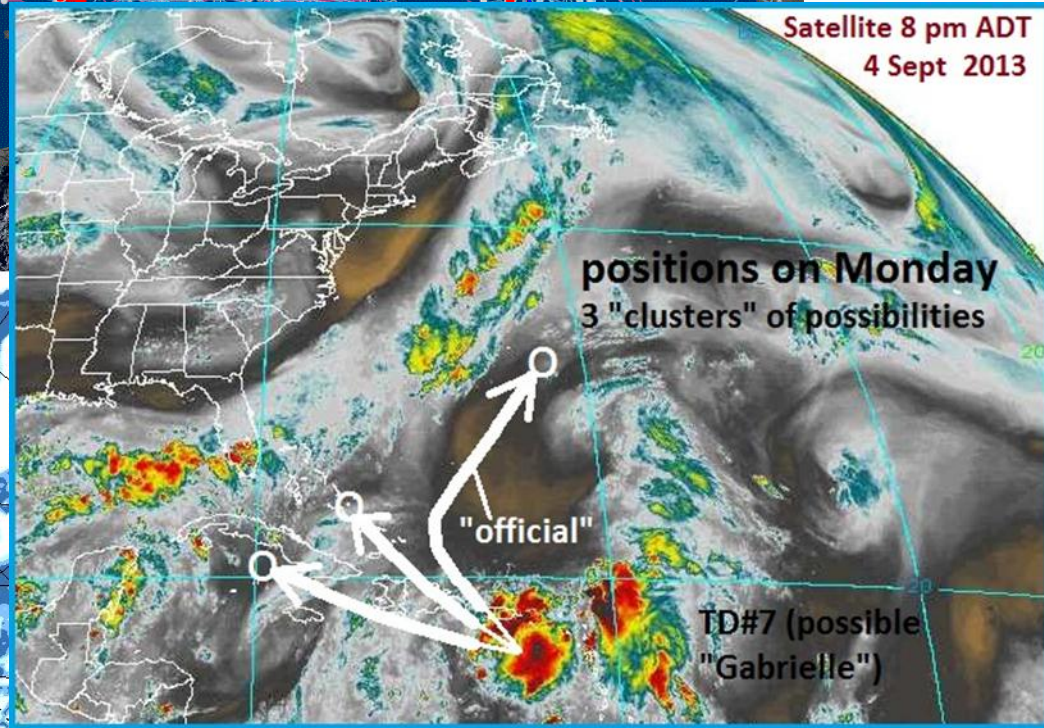
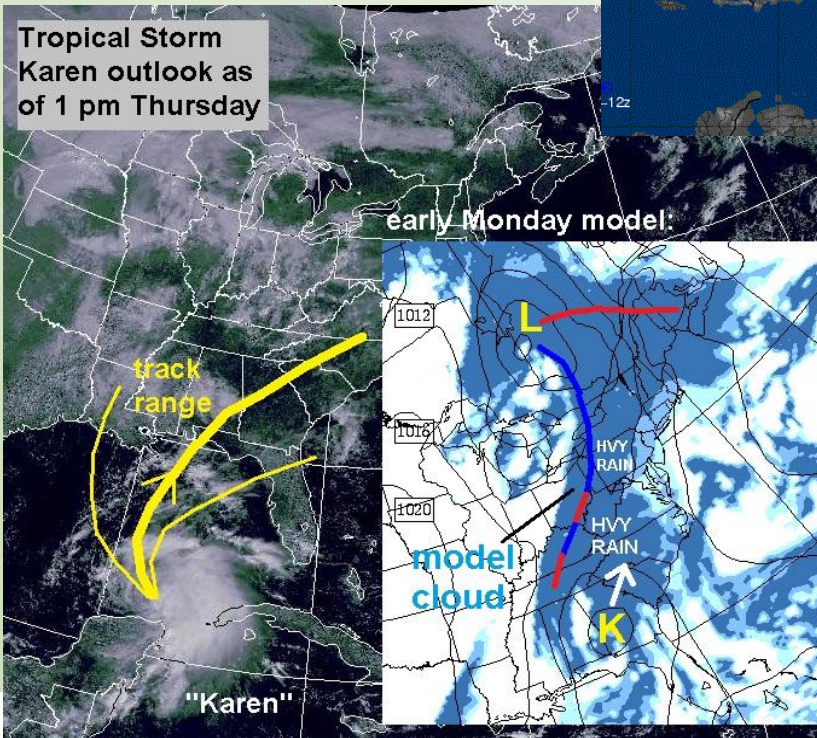
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Quick visual communications began in 2013 – useful for twitter, email, Facebook site, etc. – **unofficial from Fogarty (@hurrchris)** – also have very simple gov'mnt account but automated. Too much bureaucracy to have official account under my name – **many restrictions**

Useful to clarify rumors or misconceptions that run rampant in the media and social media these days



Tropical Storm Karen outlook as of 1 pm Thursday



New alert production software

Promotes consistency by using pre-established phraseology

The screenshot displays the 'Create and send new warning' software interface. It features several panels for configuring an alert:

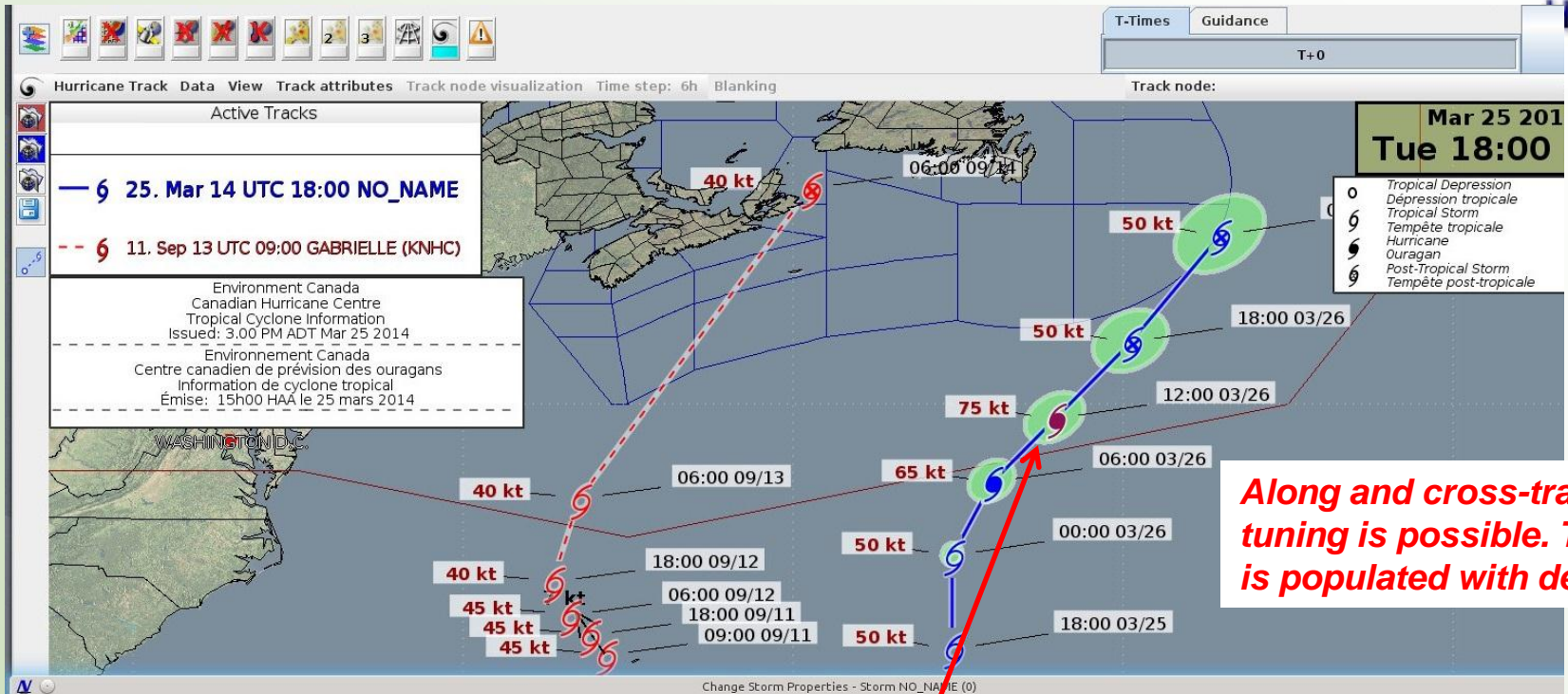
- Alert Class & Alert Type:** Alert Class is set to 'Warning' and Alert Type is 'Hurricane'.
- Alert Cause:** Set to 'High-Severe Winds, High Surge, Heavy Surf'.
- Attributes:** Wind Speed is '90G130E XCP 120G150C', Surge/Surf is '1.0-1.3m/7-10m', Current Storm Type is 'Hurricane', and Name is 'Arthur'.
- Time properties:** Event onset is 'Tue. 25.03.14', Event Duration is '1 day', and Event end is 'Wed. 26.03.14'.
- Description Text (pre-translated):** Shows a text box with pre-translated content in English and French.
- Call To Action / Impact Text:** A list of checkboxes for describing potential impacts, such as 'These winds will likely topple many trees...' and 'This could result in moderate damage to docks and breakwaters.'.
- Message Properties (Vigilance):** A section for setting 'MSC Severity' (Severe), 'MSC Confidence' (High), and 'MSC Urgency' (Future). It includes a 'Likelihood' matrix and a 'Broadcast Intrusive!' checkbox.

In the top right corner, a map shows a coastal region with a red shaded area indicating the alert's impact zone.

Track error visualization and editing



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Along and cross-track tuning is possible. Table is populated with defaults

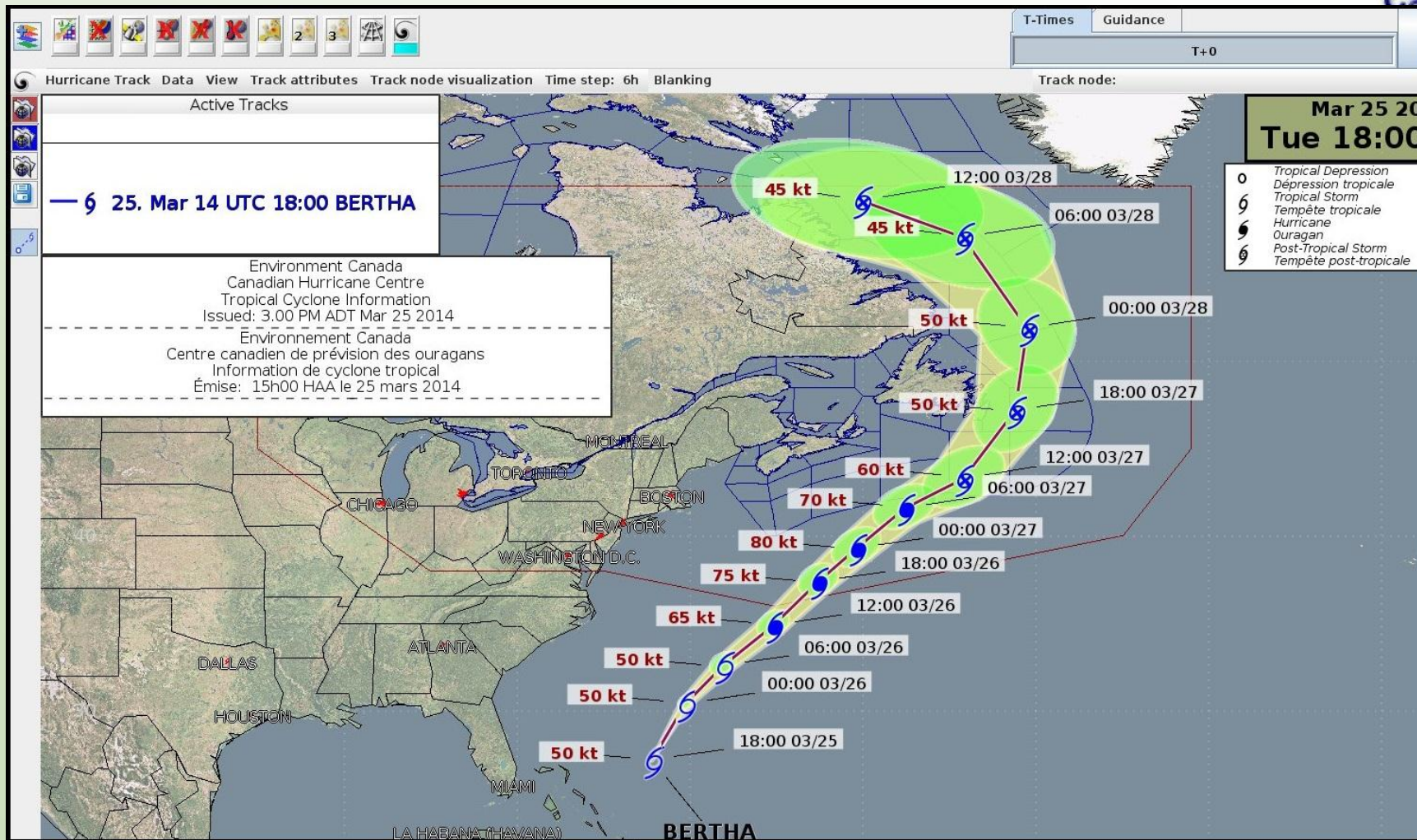
Time (UTC)	Class	Type	Lat	Lon	Press.	Max Wnd	Max Sea	Gust	Diam.	Errors		34.0 kt				48.0 kt				64.0 kt			
										C.T.	A.T.	NE	SE	SW	NW	NE	SE	SW	NW	NE	SE	SW	NW
2014/03/25 18:00	Tropical	Storm	32.7	-55.2	995	50	20	60	45	0	0	210	150	100	120	120	90	30	60	0	0	0	0
2014/03/26 00:00	Tropical	Storm	35.5	-55.2	995	50	20	60	45	14	20	210	150	100	120	120	90	30	60	0	0	0	0
2014/03/26 06:00	Tropical	Hurricane	37.7	-54	995	65	20	80	45	28	40	210	150	100	120	120	90	30	60	70	50	0	0
2014/03/26 12:00	Tropical	Hurricane	39.6	-52.1	995	75	20	90	45	36	51	210	150	100	120	120	90	30	60	70	50	0	0
2014/03/26 18:00	Post-tropical	Post-tropical Storm	41.9	-49.8	995	50	20	60	45	44	61	210	150	100	120	120	90	30	60	0	0	0	0



Error ellipses prescribe cone of uncertainty:



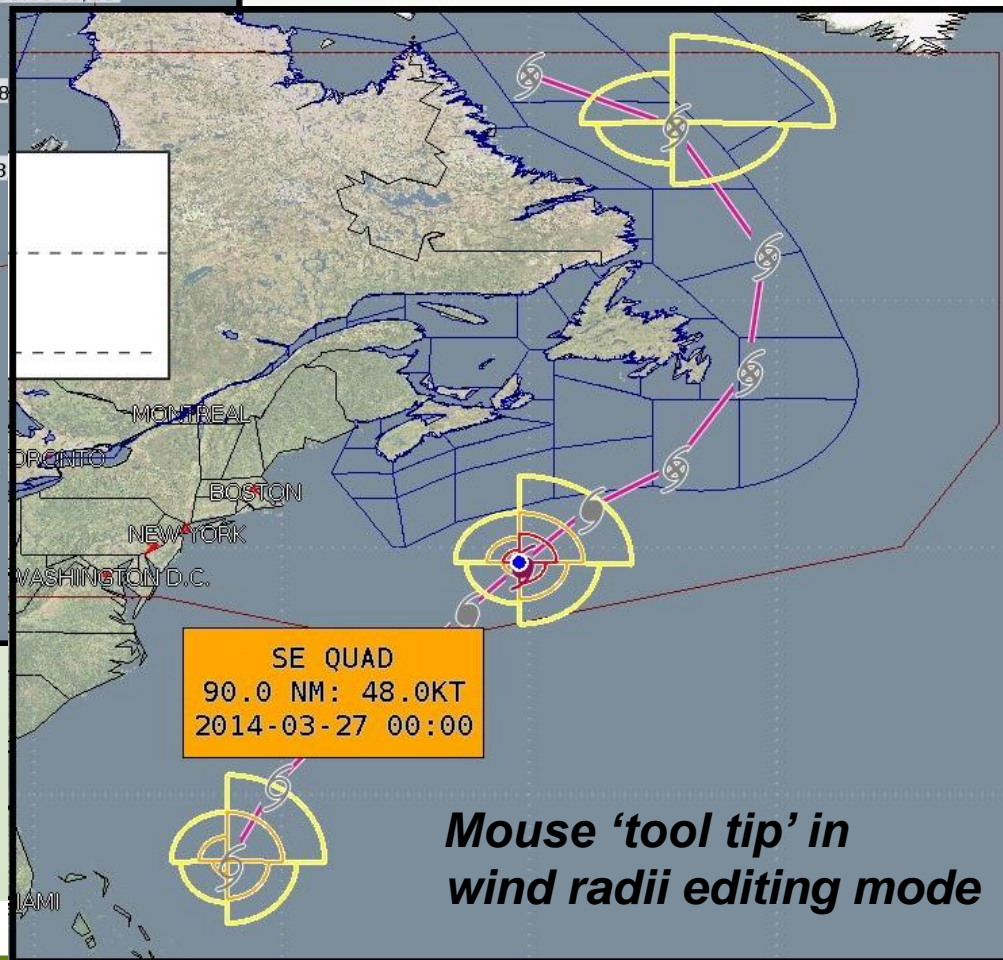
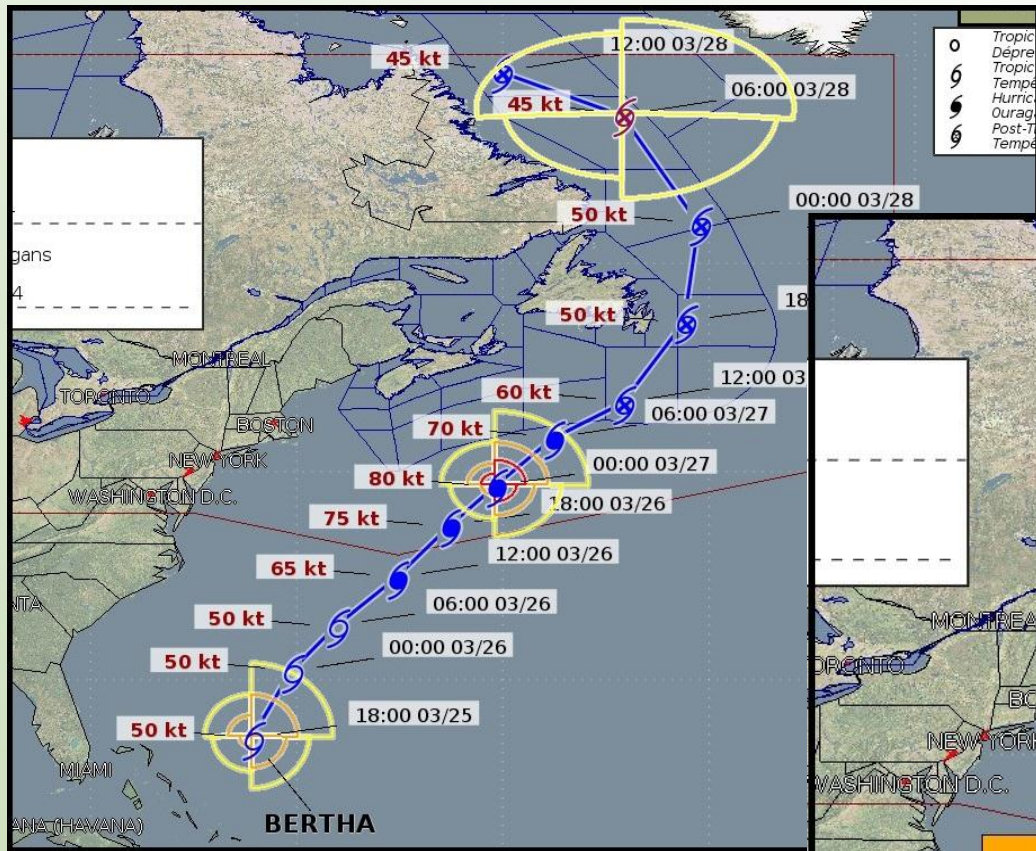
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Graphical wind quadrant editing



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Modernized product (new)– XML format



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Select description to update preview. (Mouse wheel scales. Right-Click sets Export size. Left-Click fits into window.)

Graphical MetObject XML FXCNxx

Publish

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<MetobjectProductList i_xbdVersion="20111012">
  <MetobjectProduct>
    <Metadata i_xbdVersion="20111012" name="Metadata">
      <dataAttribute key="psubtype" type="STRING" value="Forecast-DT"/>
      <dataAttribute key="type" type="STRING" value="40"/>
      <dataAttribute key="Basin" type="STRING" value="AL"/>
      <dataAttribute key="version" type="STRING" value="1"/>
      <dataAttribute key="pclass" type="STRING" value="CHC"/>
      <dataAttribute key="ptype" type="STRING" value="Hurricane"/>
      <dataAttribute key="amendment" type="STRING" value="0"/>
      <dataAttribute key="CHC_BULLETIN_LOCAL_TIMEZONE" type="STRING" value="Canada/Atlantic"/>
      <dataAttribute key="FXCN_REL_POS_ENG" type="STRING" value="icao.MYSM"/>
      <dataAttribute key="CHC_IS_FINAL_BULLETIN" type="STRING" value="false"/>
      <dataAttribute key="site" type="STRING" value="CHC"/>
      <dataAttribute key="validtime" type="STRING" value="2014-03-25T18:00:00Z"/>
      <dataAttribute key="subtype" type="STRING" value="0"/>
      <dataAttribute key="StormOriginYear" type="STRING" value="2014"/>
      <dataAttribute key="StormName" type="STRING" value="BERTHA"/>
      <dataAttribute key="status" type="STRING" value="ds.status.draft"/>
      <dataAttribute key="CHC_BULLETIN_STORM_NUMBER" type="STRING" value="1"/>
      <dataAttribute key="StormNumber" type="STRING" value="0"/>
      <dataAttribute key="issuetime" type="STRING" value="2014-03-25T18:00:00Z"/>
      <dataAttribute key="domain" type="STRING" value="MSC"/>
      <dataAttribute key="specialId" type="STRING" value="f3785fd0-6a59-40bc-811c-5d9f643d5e3a"/>
    </Metadata>
    <Metobject i_xbdVersion="20111012" name="Hurricane Track" subtype="0" type="40">
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      <dataAttribute key="StormNumber" type="INT" value="0"/>
      <dataAttribute key="Basin" type="STRING" value="AL"/>
      <dataAttribute key="StormOriginYear" type="INT" value="2014"/>
      <dataAttribute key="specialId" type="STRING" value="f3785fd0-6a59-40bc-811c-5d9f643d5e3a"/>
      <dataAttribute key="ValidTime" type="STRING" value="2014-03-25T18:00:00Z"/>
      <child i_xbdVersion="20111012" name="Cyclone" subtype="1" type="38">

```

06:00 03/28

45 kt

50 kt

50 kt

60 kt

70 kt

00:00 03/27

12:00

NEW YORK

Print Print All

Publish Cancel Help

Traditional
products

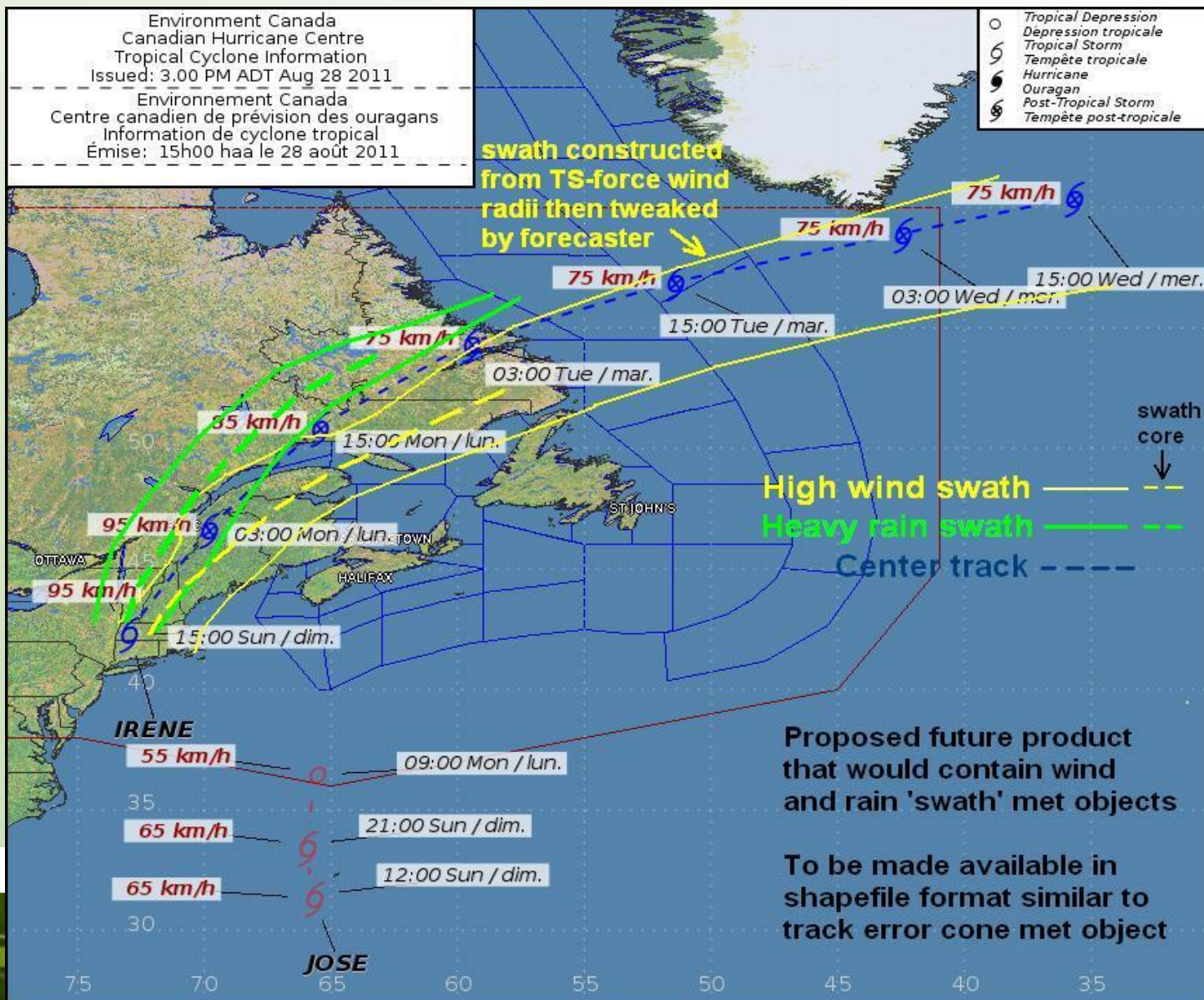


Future plans using the interface

Mock-up of met object-based depiction of threats such as wind and rainfall



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Canadian CMC GEM model



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- Uses a 4D-VAR DA scheme which works well for synoptic weather systems but not so much for TCs
- Sometimes aircraft recon data from storm are assimilated, but not consistently (dependence on trial field)
- Often tropical cyclone (TC) low pressure system initialized too-weak
- The weak TC circulation suffers from ‘spin-up’ during integration giving a *false intensification trend*
- Still have issues of false TC genesis in our longer-range model (subjectively, seemed like more false-alarms in 2013)





First Virtual US-Canada Border Conference

Agenda

All Times are Eastern Daylight Time

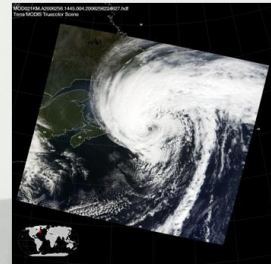
3:25 pm to 3:50 pm

Daniel P. Brown and Jack Beven, **NWS National Hurricane Center, Miami, FL**; Chris Fogarty, **EC Canadian Hurricane Centre, Dartmouth, NS**: *Enhancements in National Hurricane Center and Canadian Hurricane Centre forecast products that have assisted in more effective communication of hurricane risk and forecast uncertainty*

Opportunity for the NHC and CHC to present to many other bordering forecast offices the success and growth of our collaborations over the past 20 years

“Post-Tropical” Terminology Adopted by NHC in 2009

- Already used by the Canadian Hurricane Center to describe cyclones that no longer met the definition of a tropical cyclone, yet still posed a significant threat to life and property
- NHC used post-tropical terminology in the final advisory for systems that were no longer tropical
- NHC did not issue post-tropical advisories, handled in high seas forecasts (Marine Prediction Center) over water and potentially the Weather Prediction Center when over land and a rainfall threat.



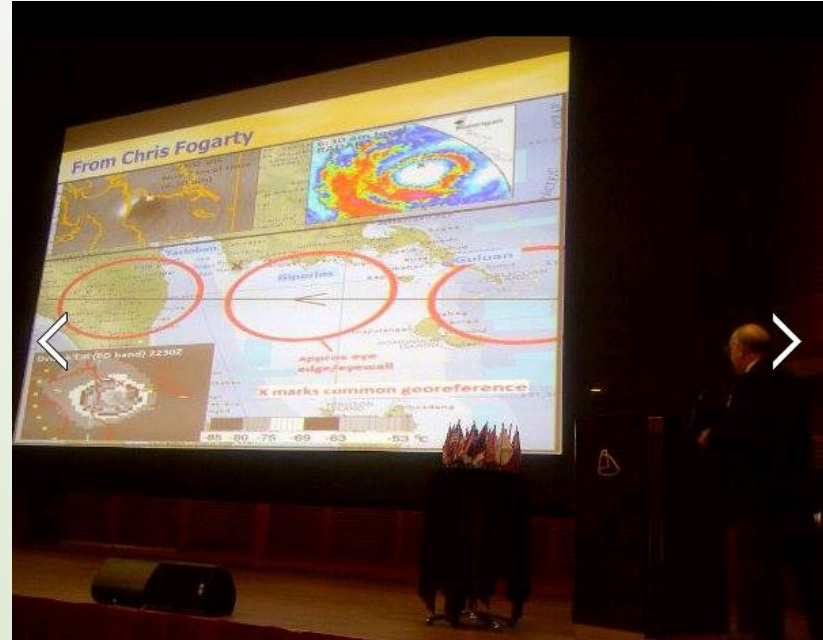
Typhoon Committee Meeting



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Invitation came out of Canada/China forecaster exchange program – CHC (Fogarty) invited to present extra-tropical transition forecasting techniques and forecast communication

CHC also actively involved in IWTCs over past 2 decades



CHC participates in professional email forum discussing tropical cyclones worldwide – example of contribution shown above at the typhoon Meeting (Super Typhoon Haiyan)



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Summary points -

As a national forecast agency...

- *Recognize importance of engagement of multiple disciplines...*
- *Help direct research and development for operational benefit, and...*
- *Realize that international events (such as this conference and other workshops) enhance efficacy of 'electronic' communication and can lead to projects and partnerships*

