Diurnal Variability of Tropical Cyclone Tornadoes Strengthens with Increasing Distance from the Coast

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1: University of Oklahoma, 2: NOAA/OAR National Severe Storms Laboratory

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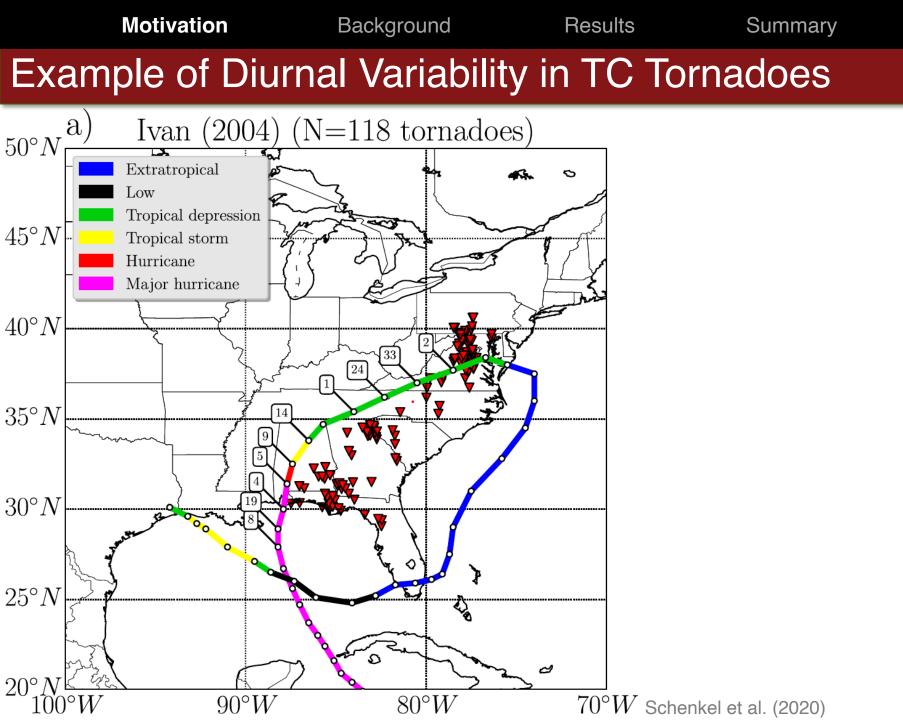
36th AMS Conference on Hurricanes and Tropical Meteorology

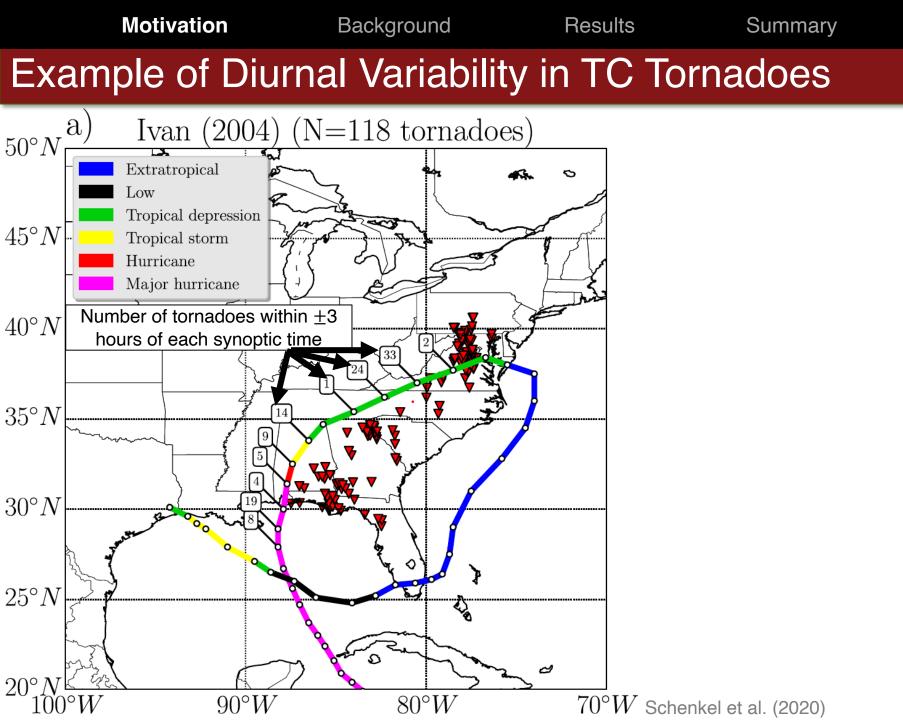


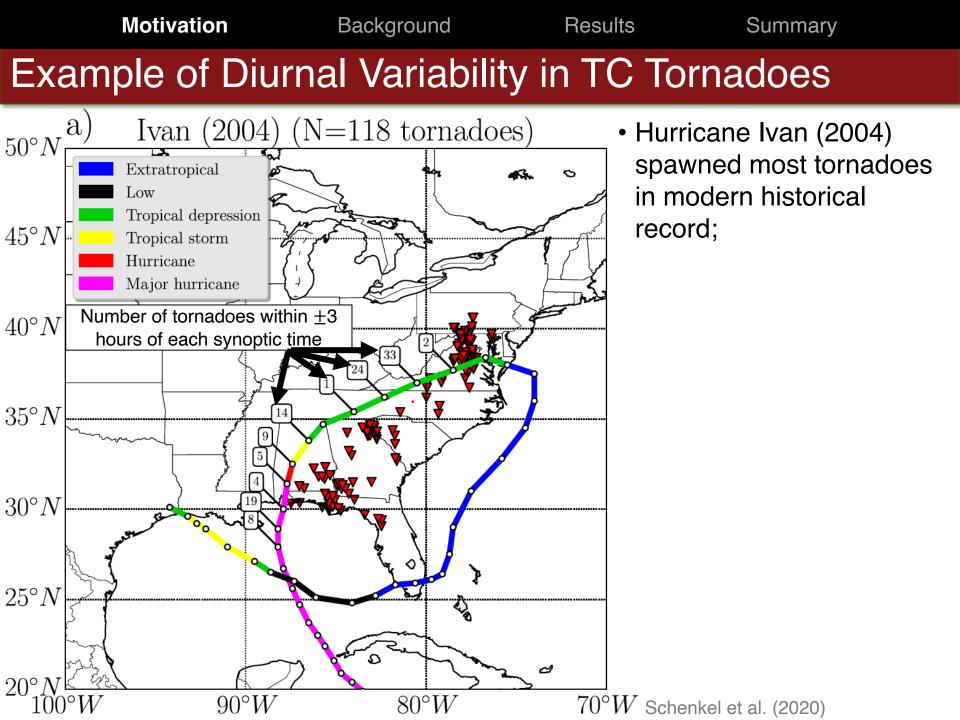
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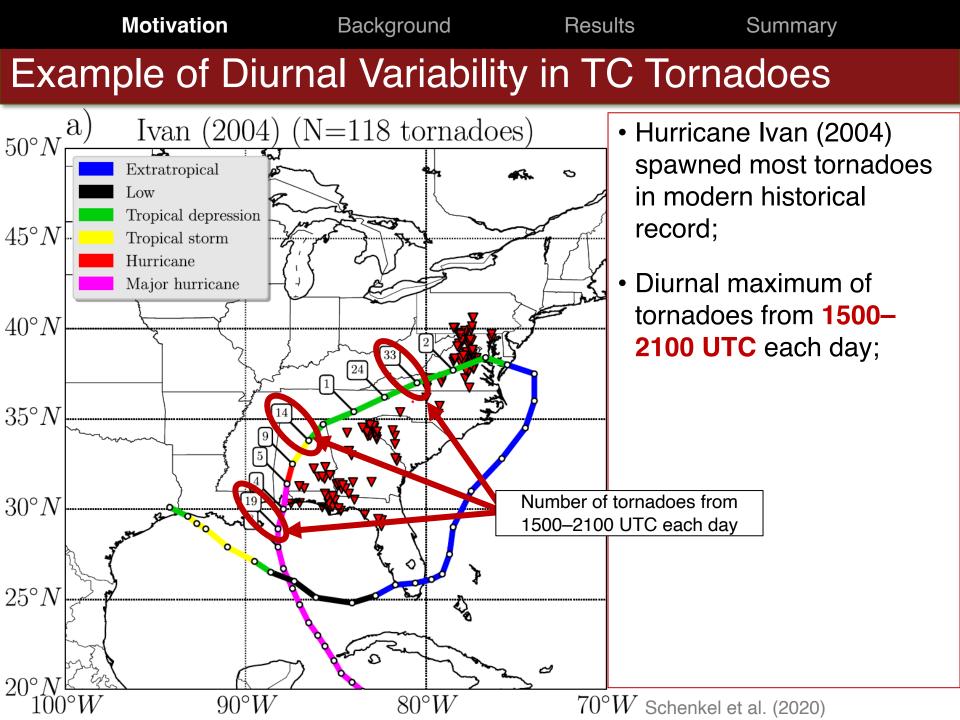


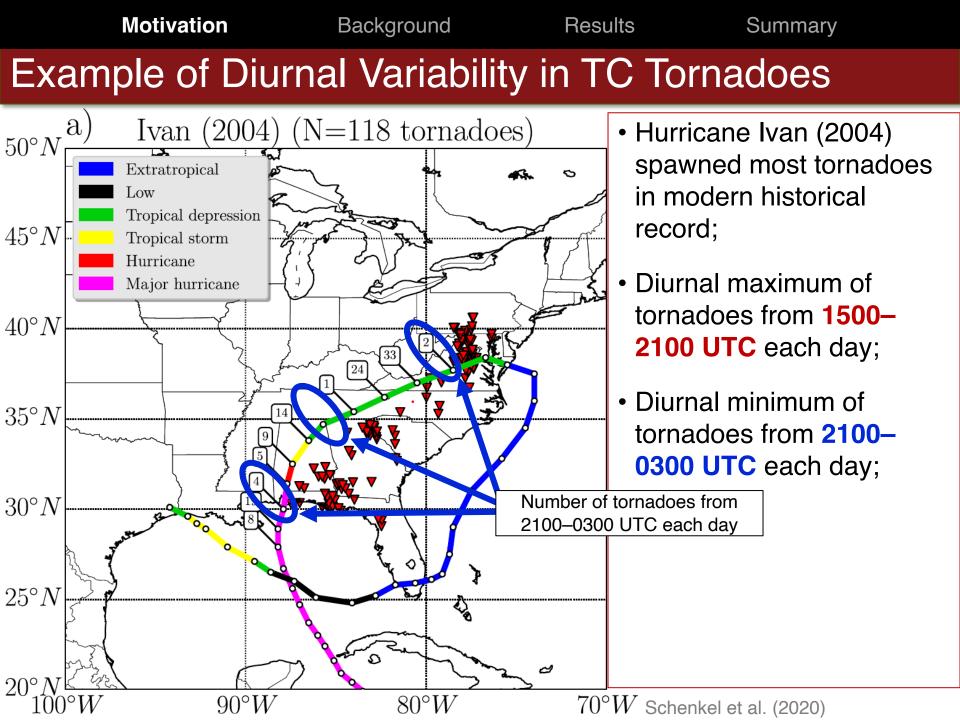
Funding from NSF AGS-2028151

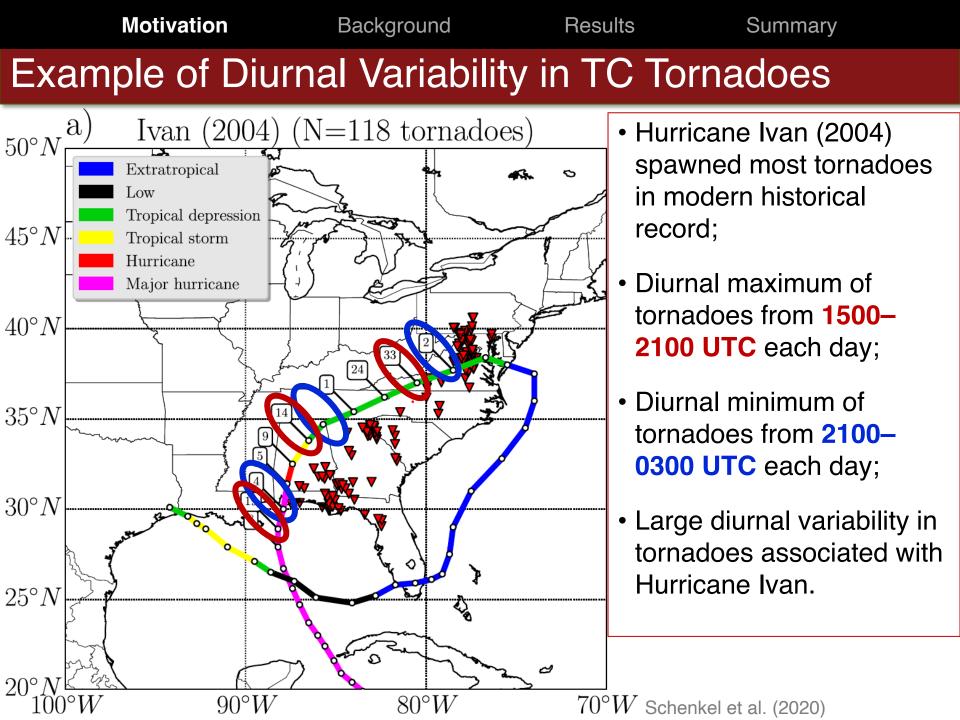


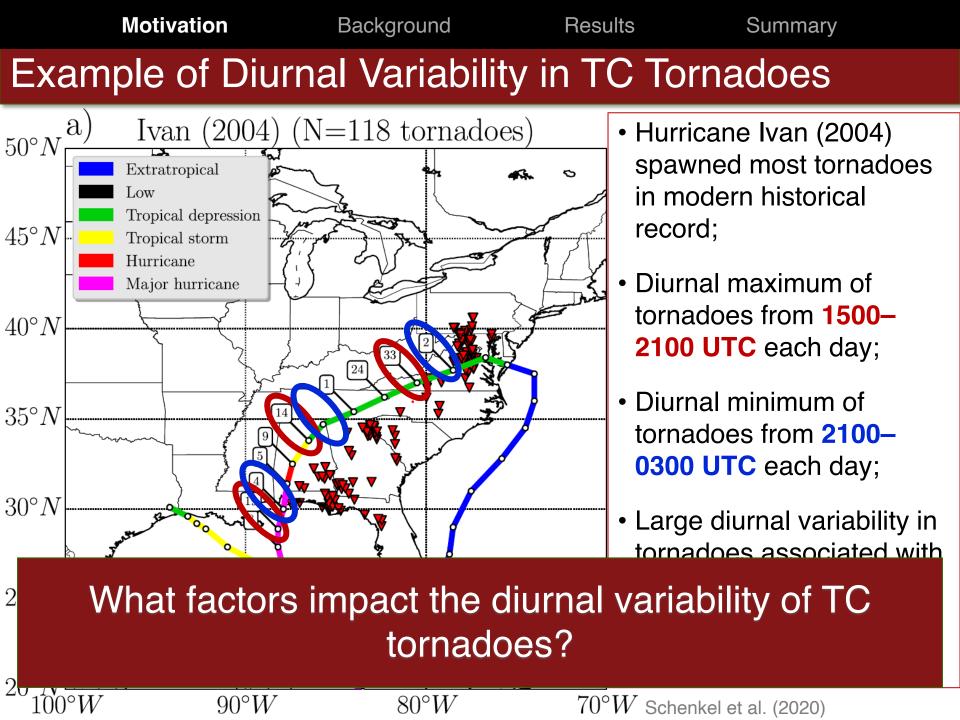


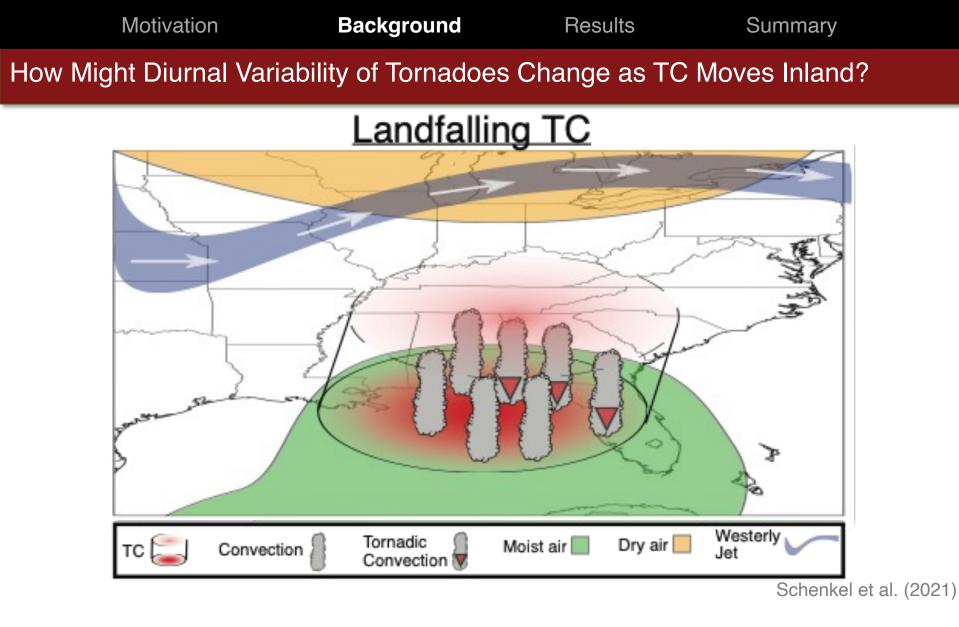


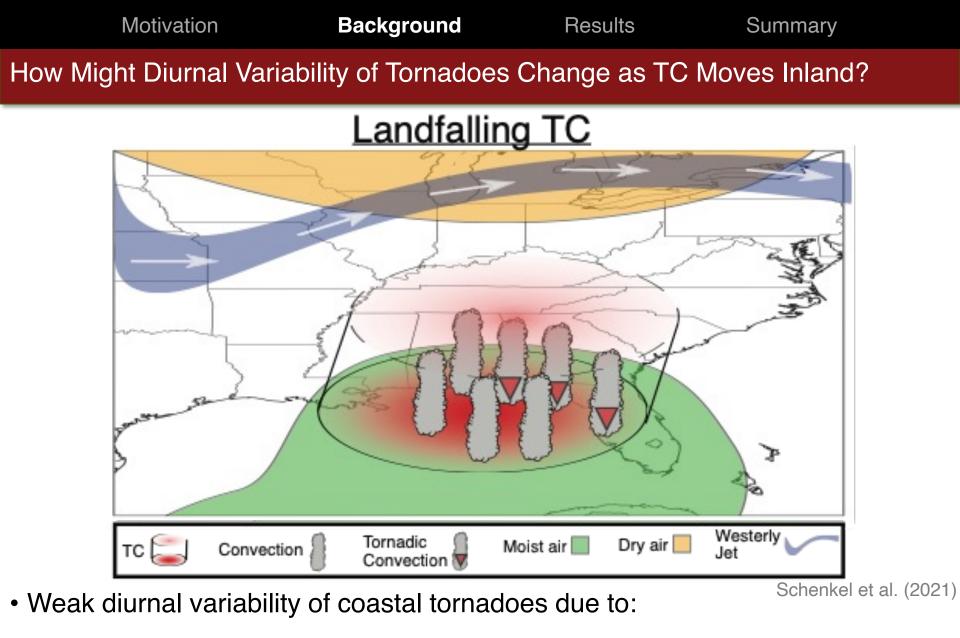


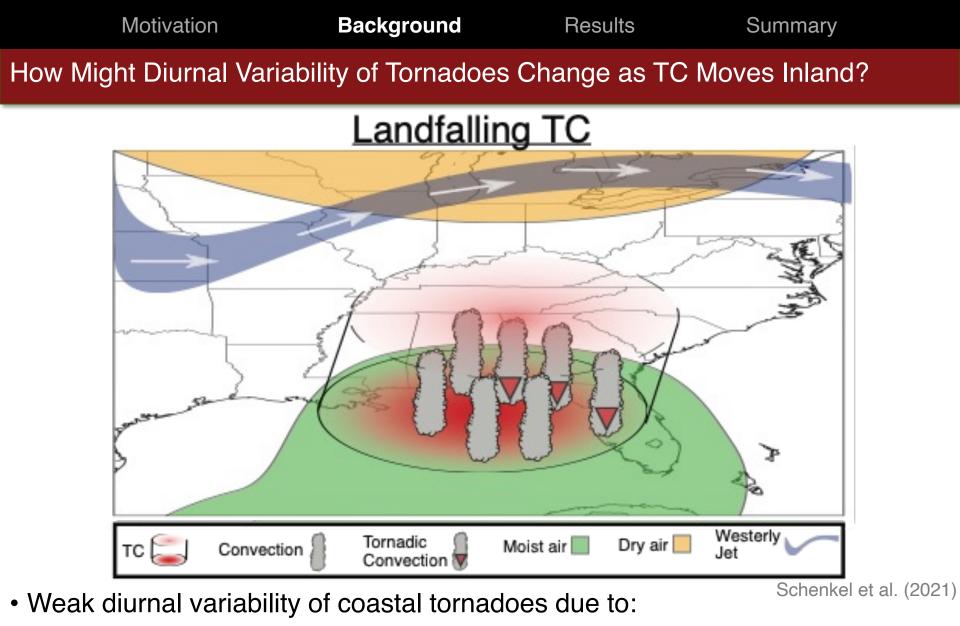




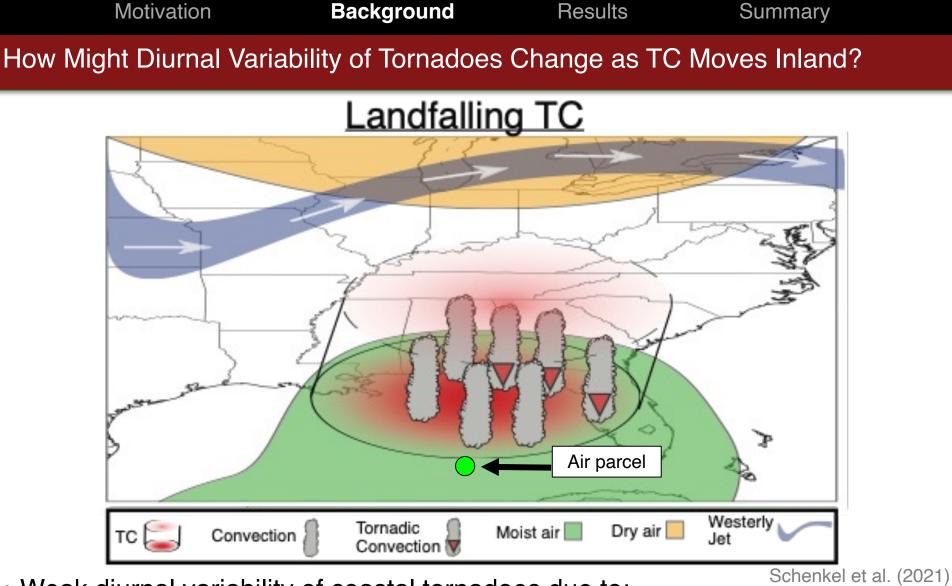




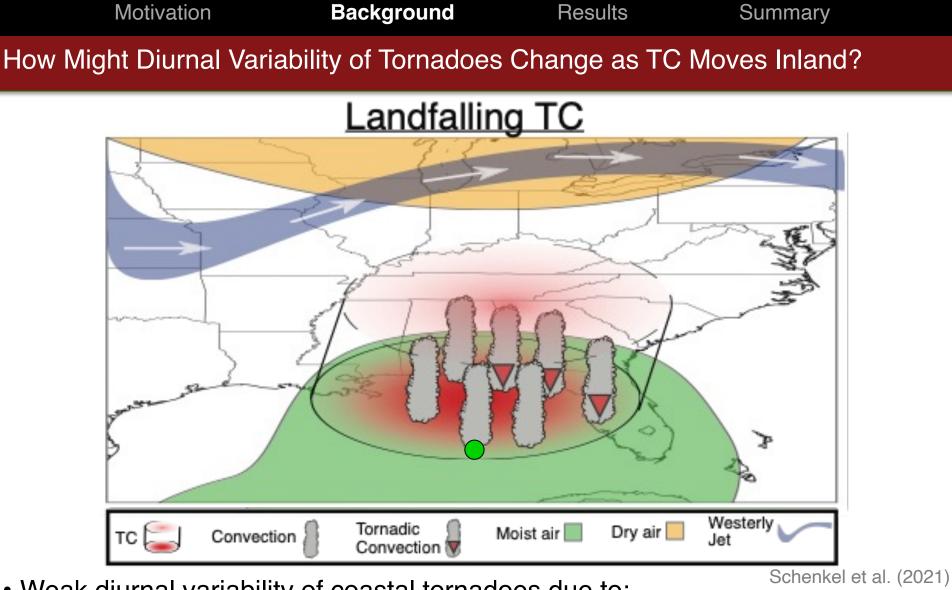




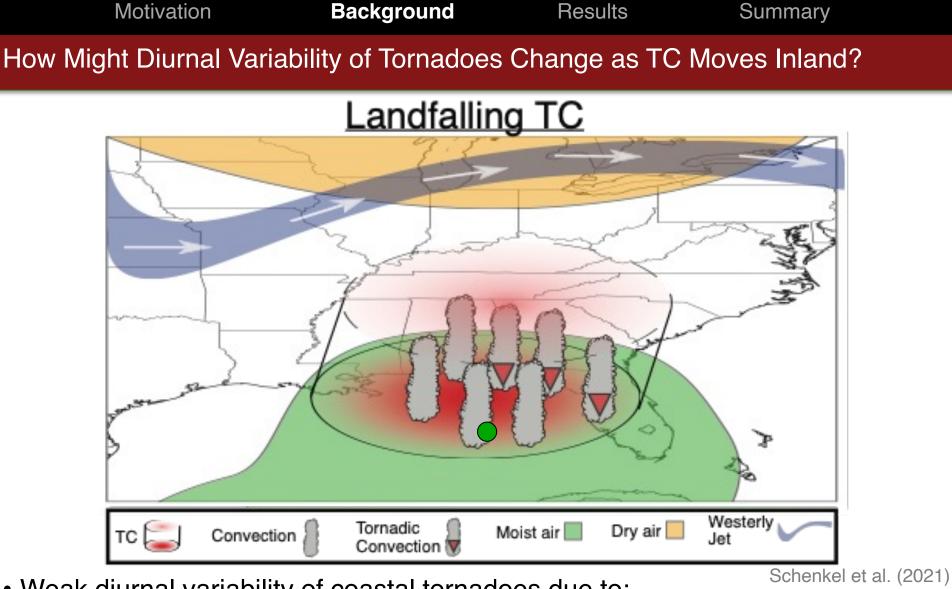
1. Strong impact of ocean-to-land changes in friction;



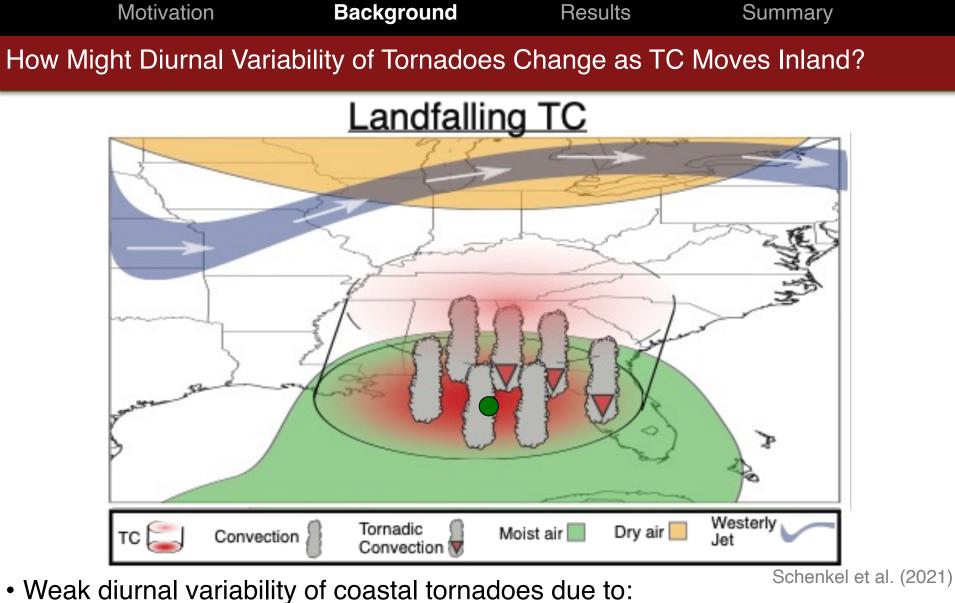
- Weak diurnal variability of coastal tornadoes due to:
 - 1. Strong impact of ocean-to-land changes in friction;
 - 2. Parcels moisten from sea surface fluxes upon being entrained into TC;



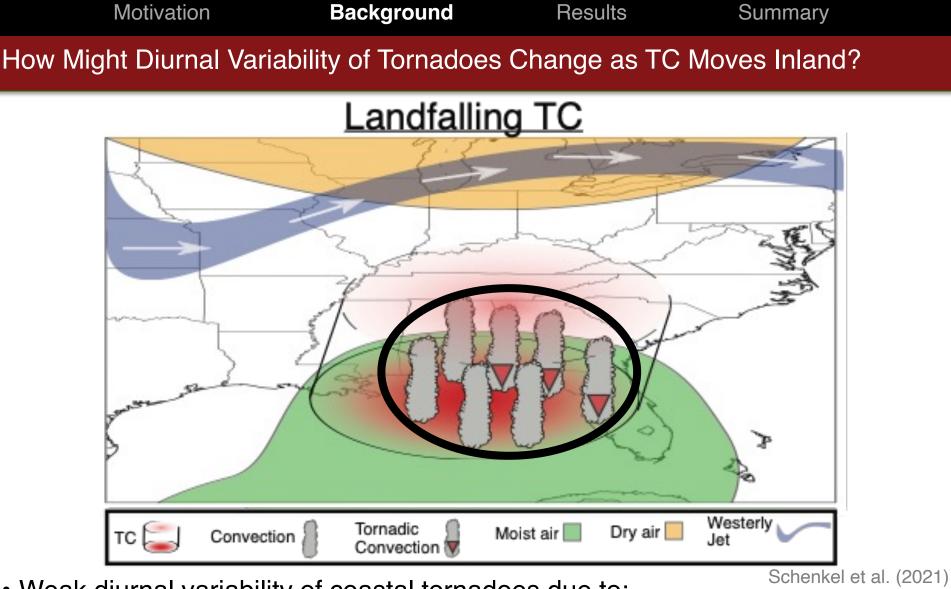
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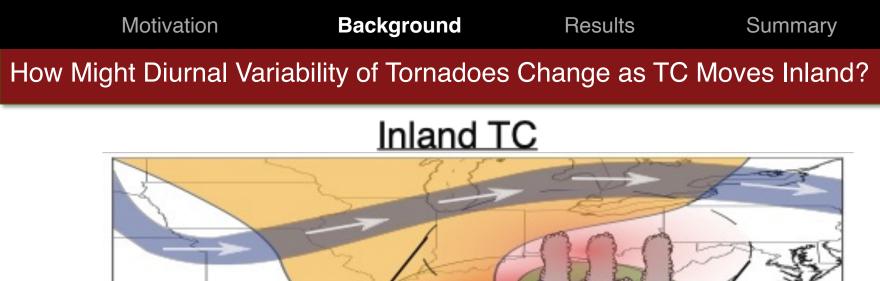
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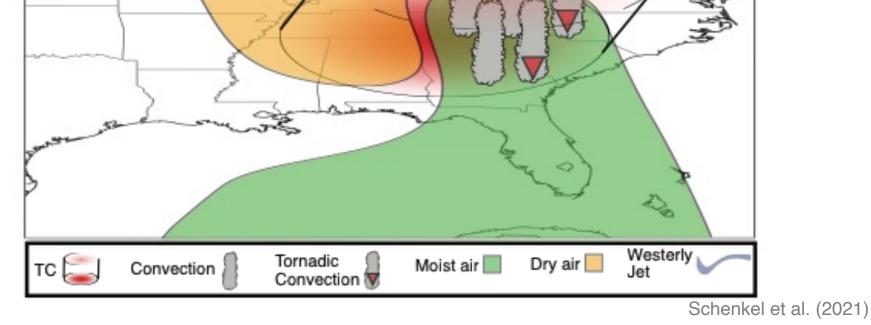


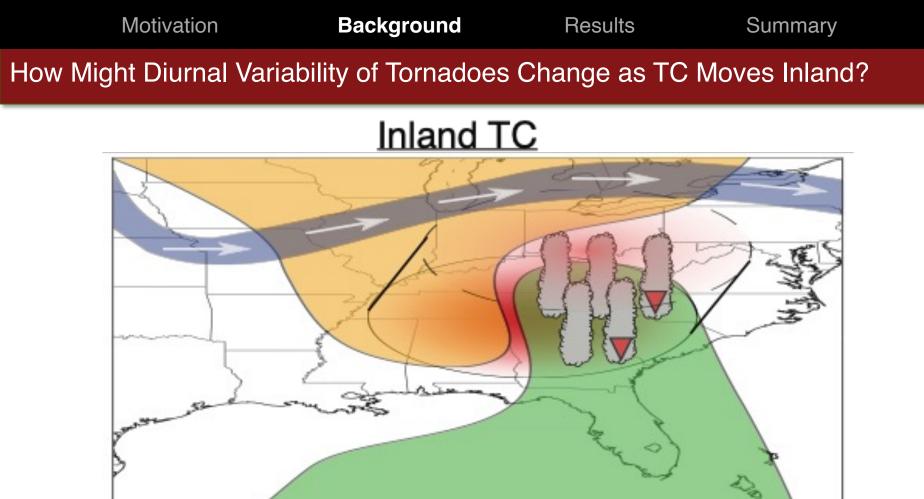
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- Weak diurnal variability of coastal tornadoes due to:
 - 1. Strong impact of ocean-to-land changes in friction;
 - 2. Parcels moisten from sea surface fluxes upon being entrained into TC;
 - 3. Extensive TC convection and cloud cover reduces surface heating.







Convection

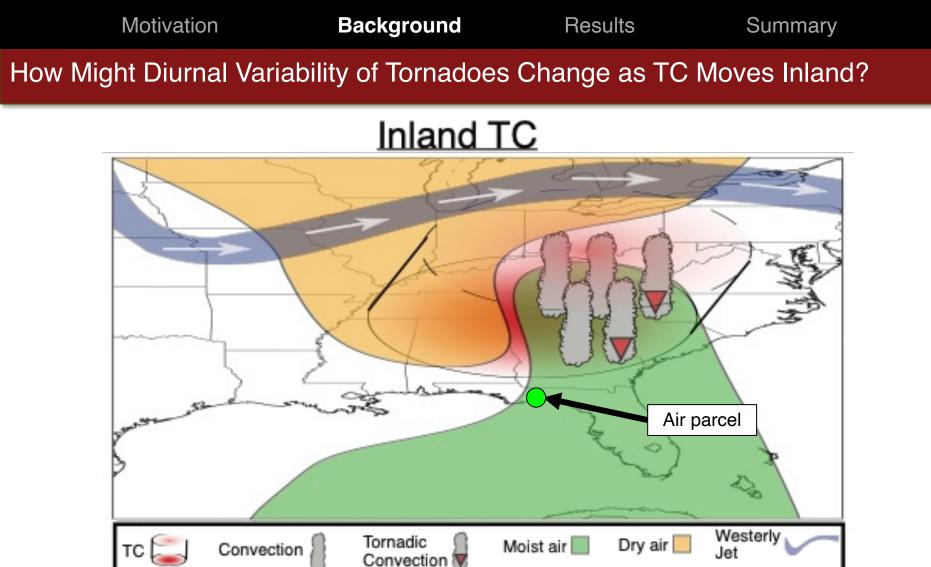
Tornadic

Convection N

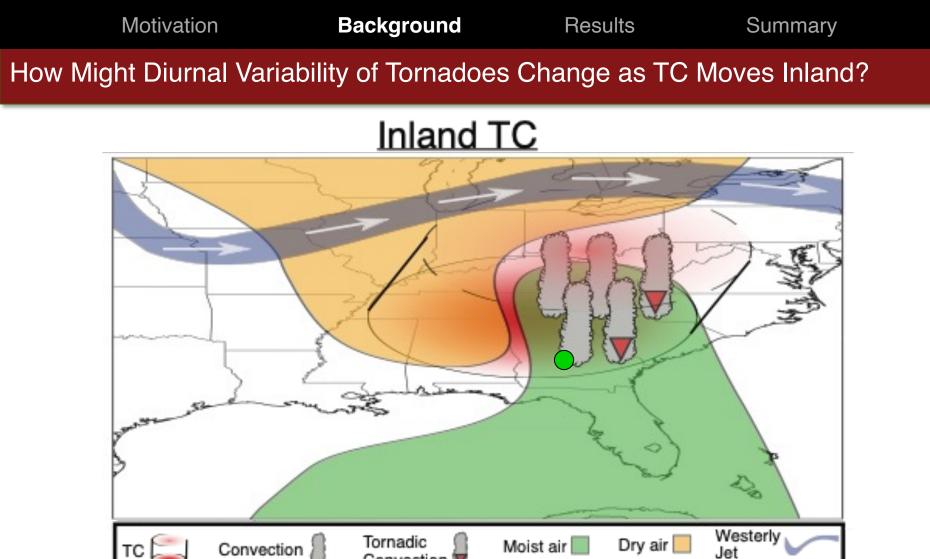
Westerly Jet

Dry air 📃

Moist air

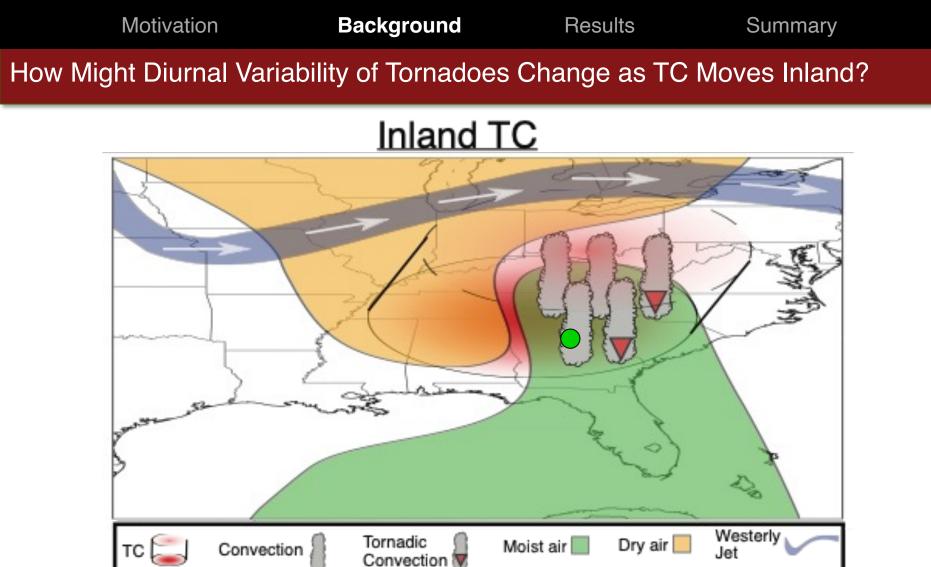


Schenkel et al. (2021)

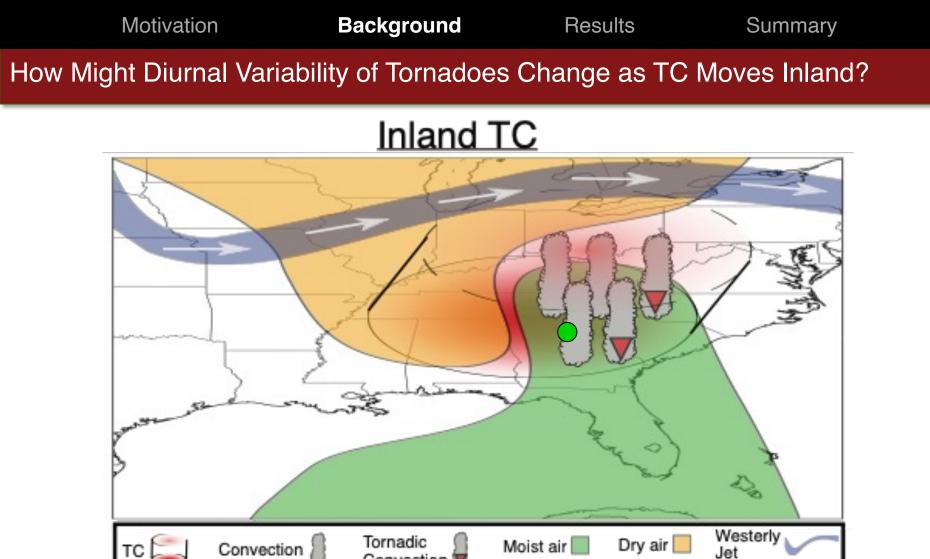


Convection 1

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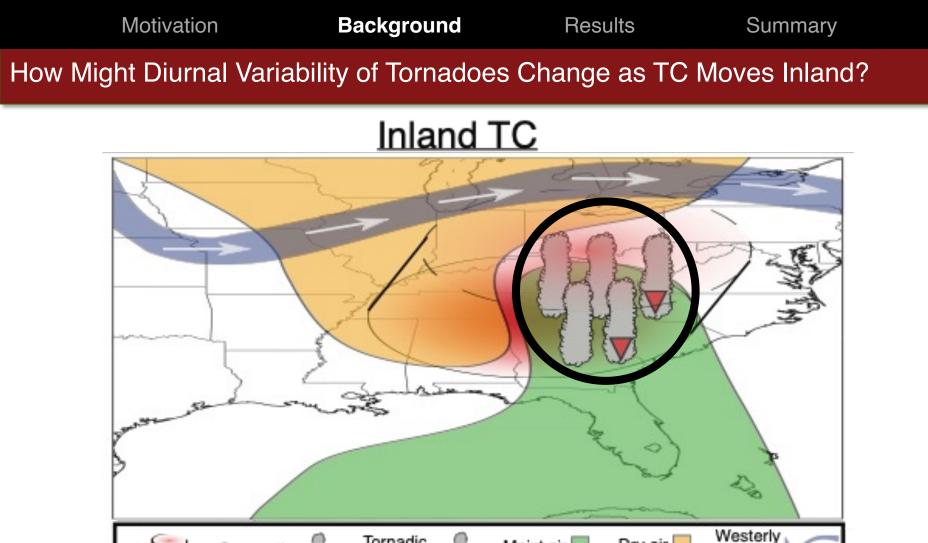


Schenkel et al. (2021)



Convection 1

Schenkel et al. (2021)



Tornadic

Convection

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Reduced surface fluxes with strong diurnal variations as parcels move over land; 1.

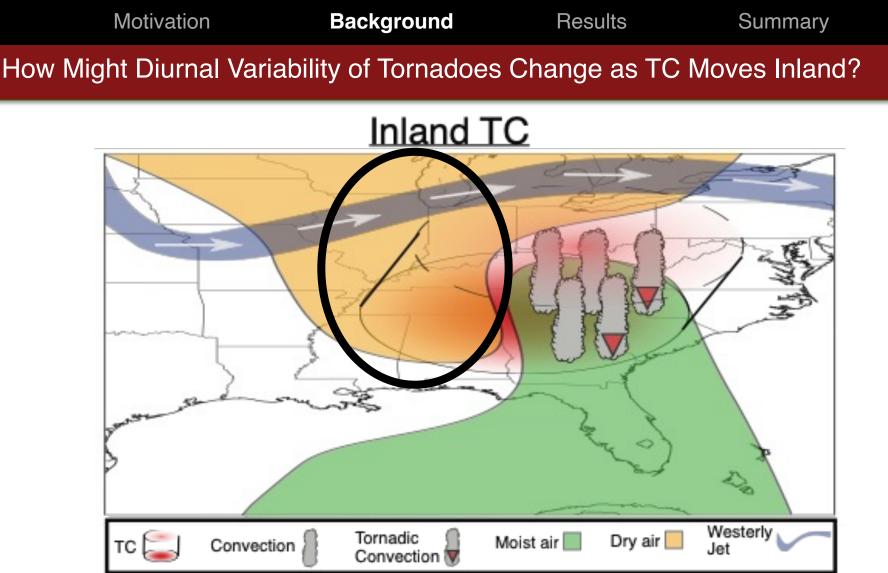
Moist air

Dry air

Jet

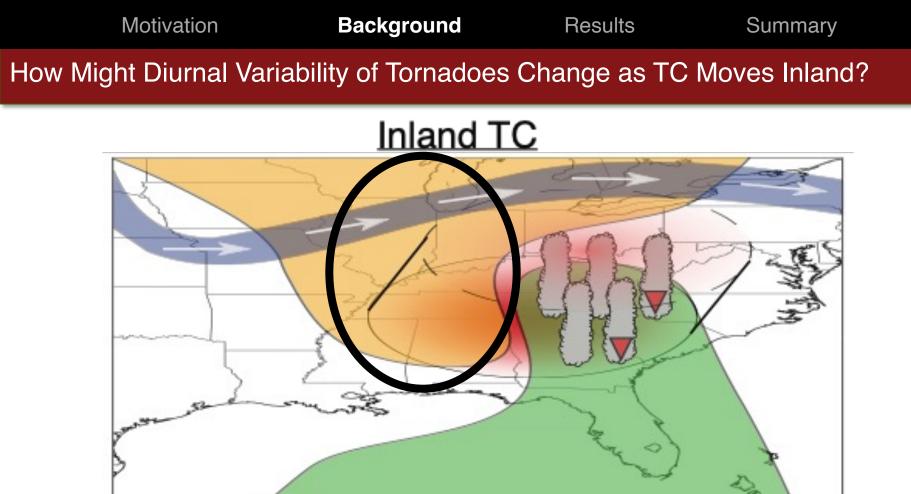
Reduced cloud cover as TC weakens; 2.

Convection



Schenkel et al. (2021)

- 1. Reduced surface fluxes with strong diurnal variations as parcels move over land;
- 2. Reduced cloud cover as TC weakens;
- 3. Entrainment of drier continental air decreasing cloud cover.



How does the diurnal variability of tornadoes change as TCs move inland?

Moist air

Westerly

.let

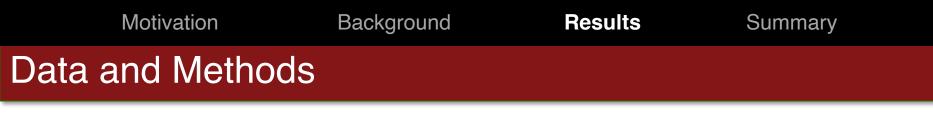
Dry air

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Tornadic

тcĺ

Convection



• **Hypothesis:** Stronger diurnal variability of TC tornadoes with greater distance inland;



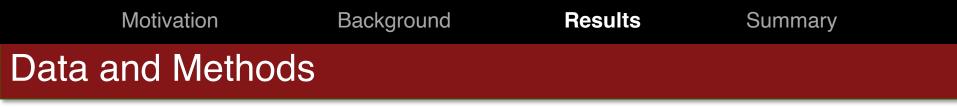
- **Hypothesis:** Stronger diurnal variability of TC tornadoes with greater distance inland;
- **TC tornado data:** Storm Prediction Center TC Tornado data (Edwards 2010) from 1995–2020 (N=1651 tornadoes, 103 TCs);



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- **TC tornado environments:** Examined composite differences in median temperature, dewpoint, and mixed-layer CAPE;
 - NOAA Integrated Global Radiosonde Archive version 2 and NSSL sondes within 75–750 km of TC center from 1995–2020 (N=5786 sondes, 259 TCs; Durre et al. 2006; Fernández-Cabán et al. 2019).



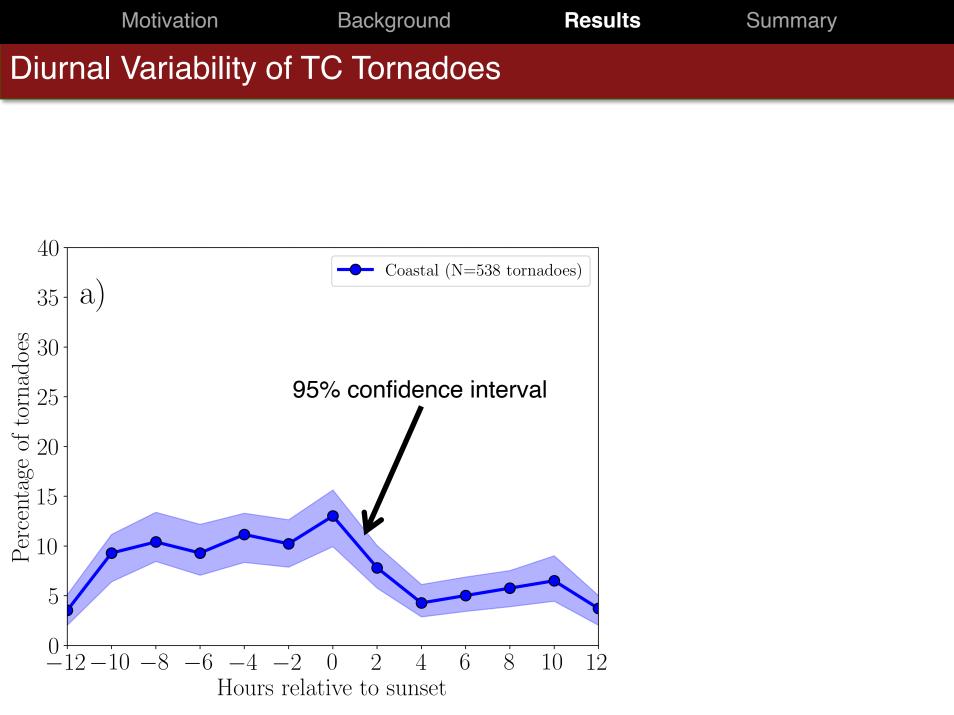
 Categorized tornadoes and radiosondes based upon terciles of TC tornado distance from the coast (e.g., Schenkel et al. 2021):

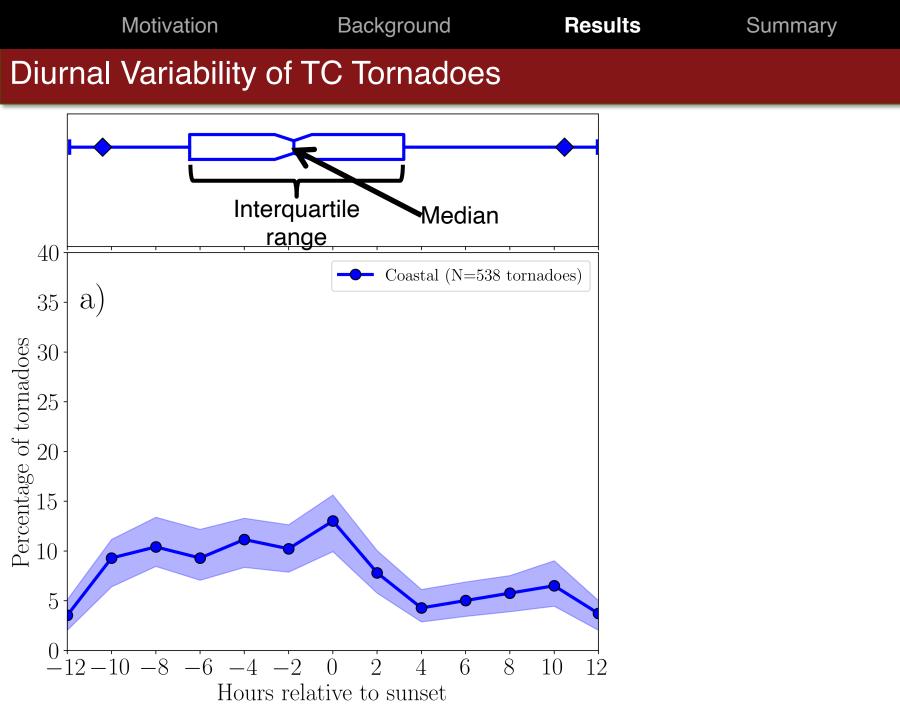


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 - **1. Coastal** tornadoes: <21 km from coast (N=538)
 - **2. Transition** tornadoes: 21–121 km from coast (N=537)
 - **3. Inland** tornadoes: >121 km from coast (N=554)

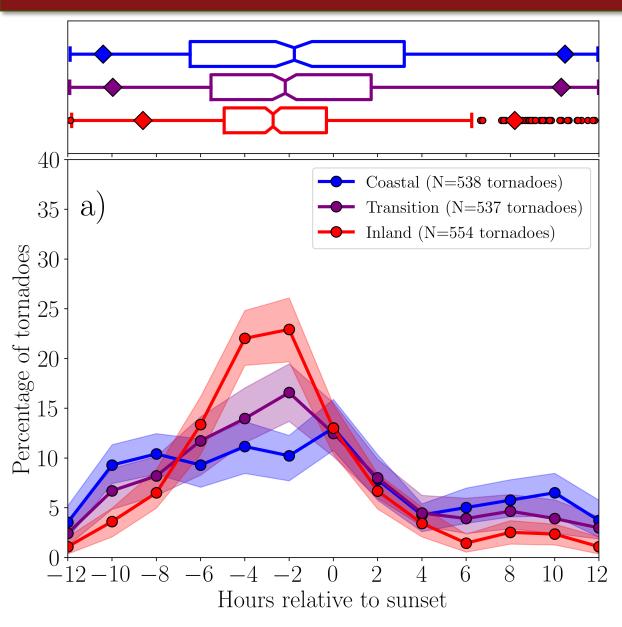


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- Analyze changes in the timing of tornadoes along with their convective-scale environments for inland, transition, and coastal regimes relative to local sunset.



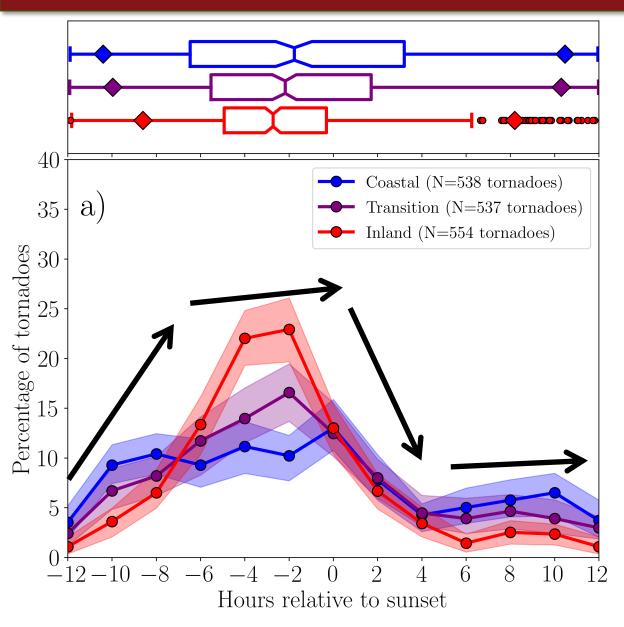


Diurnal Variability of TC Tornadoes



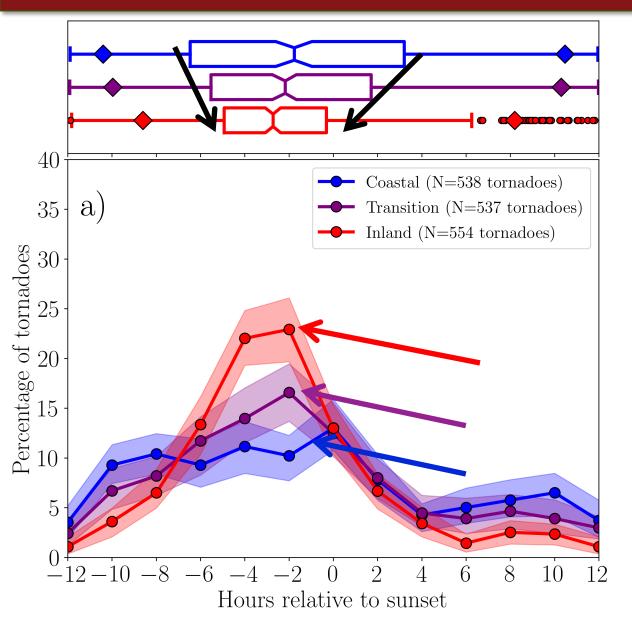
Results

Diurnal Variability of TC Tornadoes



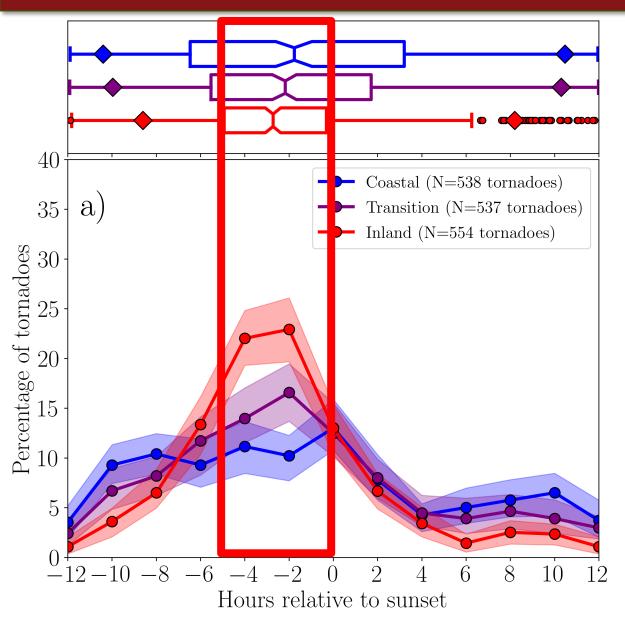
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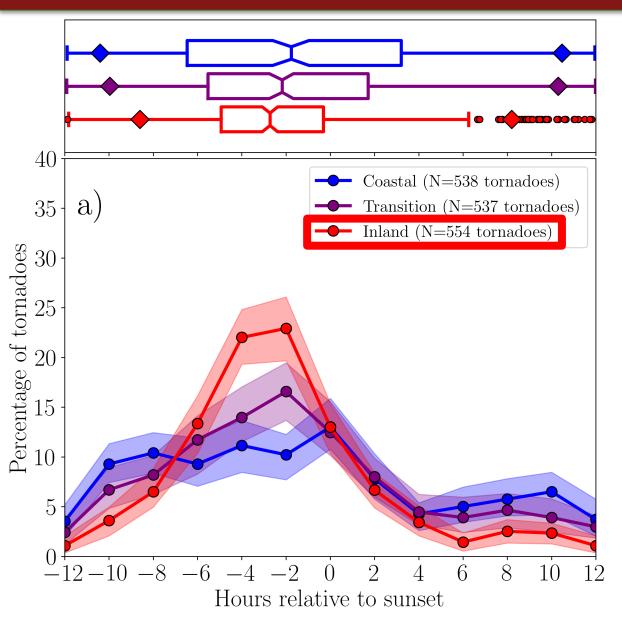


- Tornadoes more frequent during daytime hours regardless of coastal distance;
- Tornadoes increasingly concentrated before sunset with greater distance inland;
- Inland tornadoes concentrated in ~5 hours before sunset;

Results

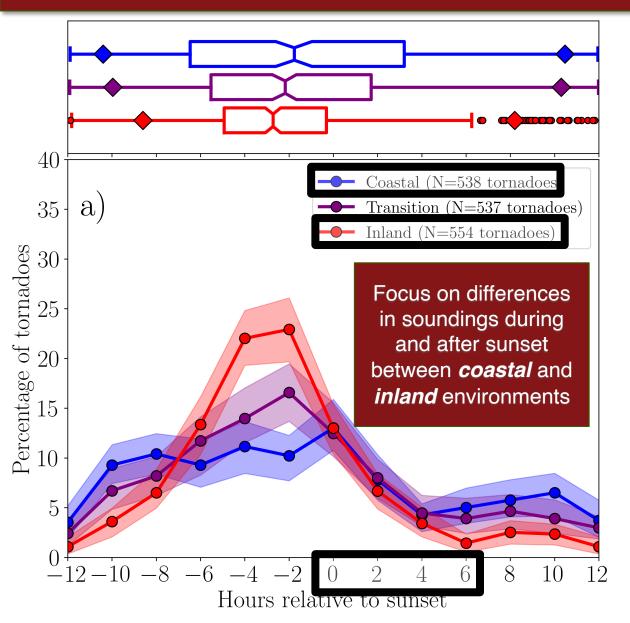
Summary

Diurnal Variability of TC Tornadoes

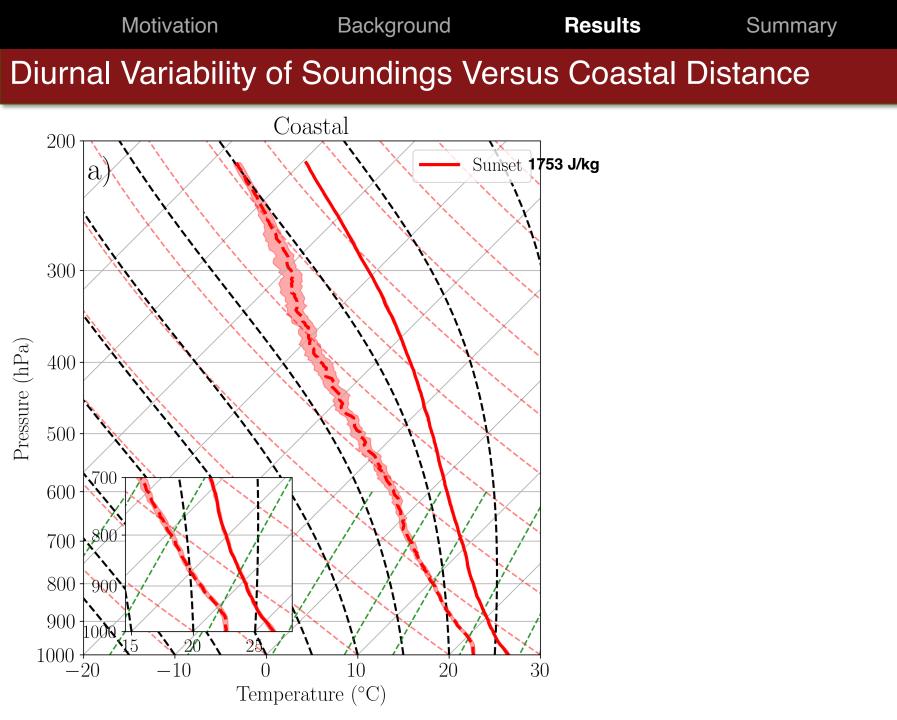


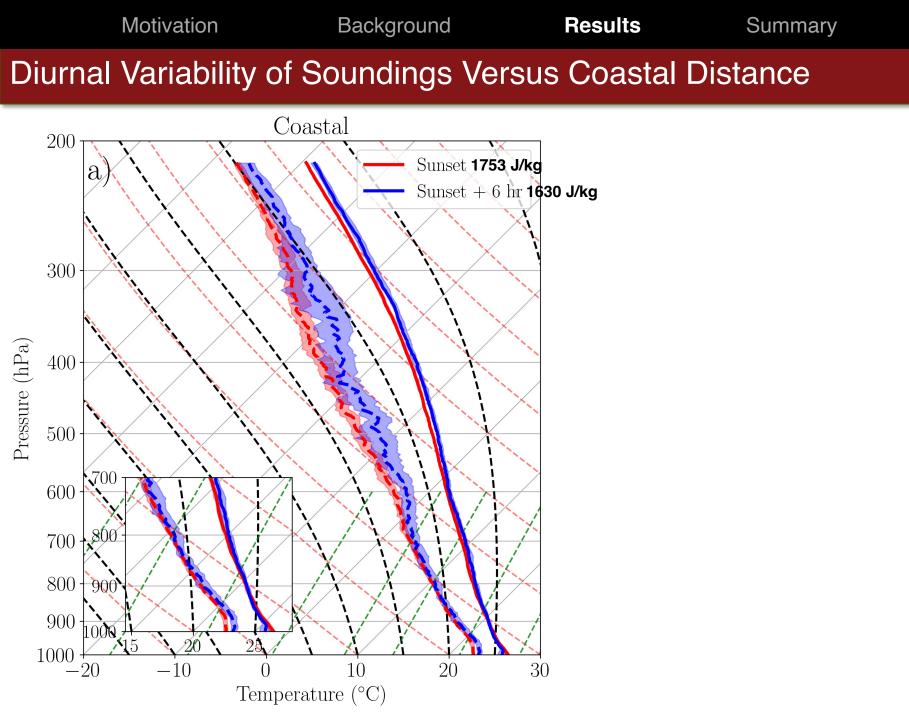
Inland tornadoes associated with significantly weaker and more strongly sheared TCs compared to other regimes;

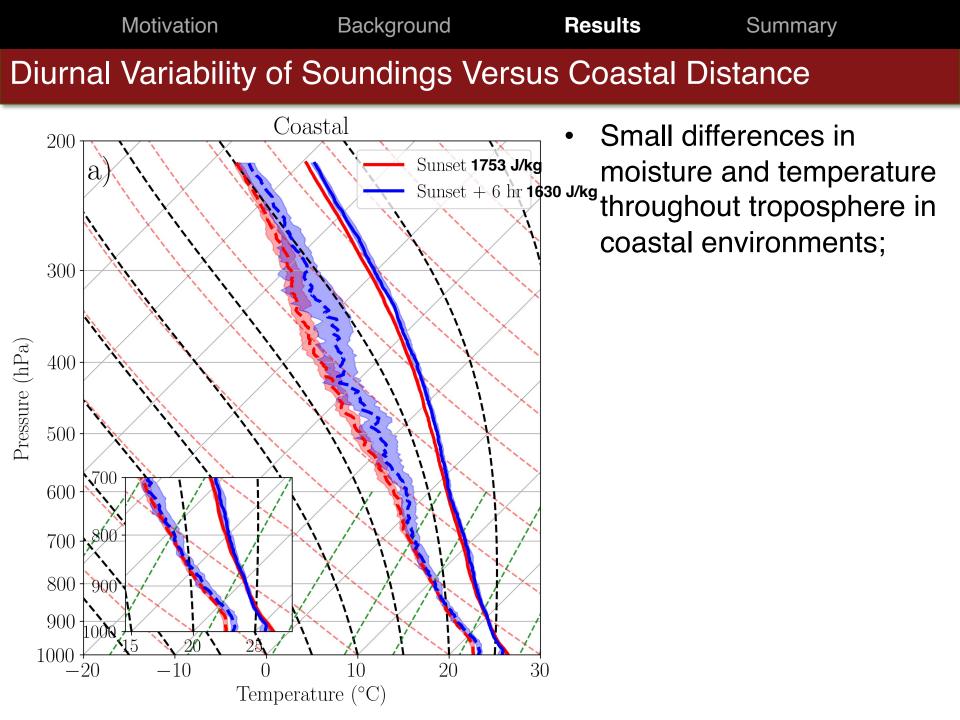
Diurnal Variability of TC Tornadoes

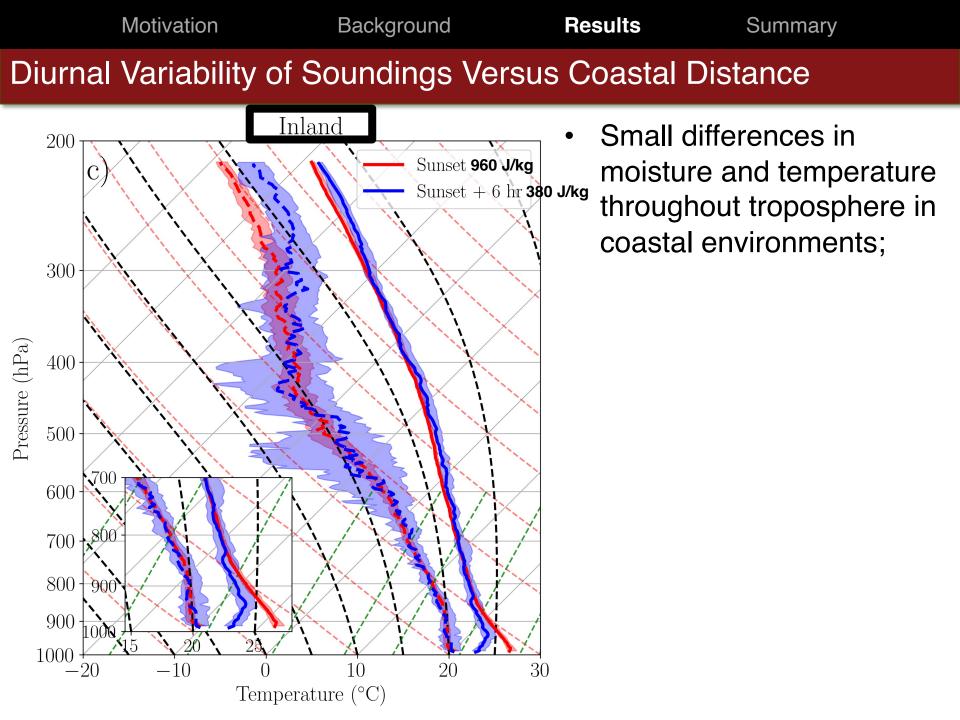


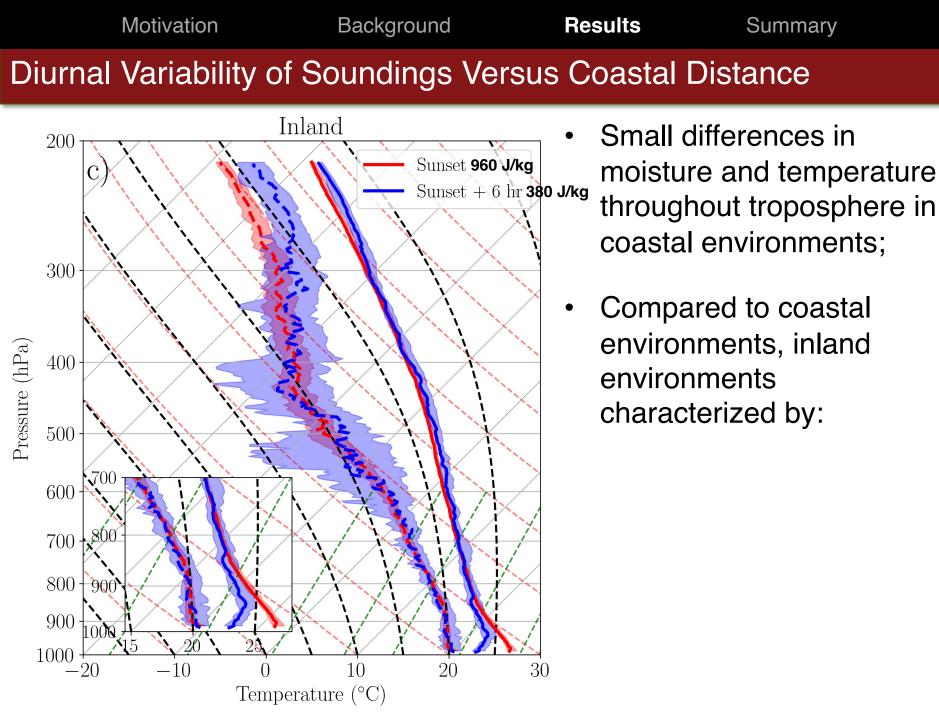
- Inland tornadoes associated with significantly weaker and more strongly sheared TCs compared to other regimes;
- Do convectivescale environments in TCs show similar diurnal variability?

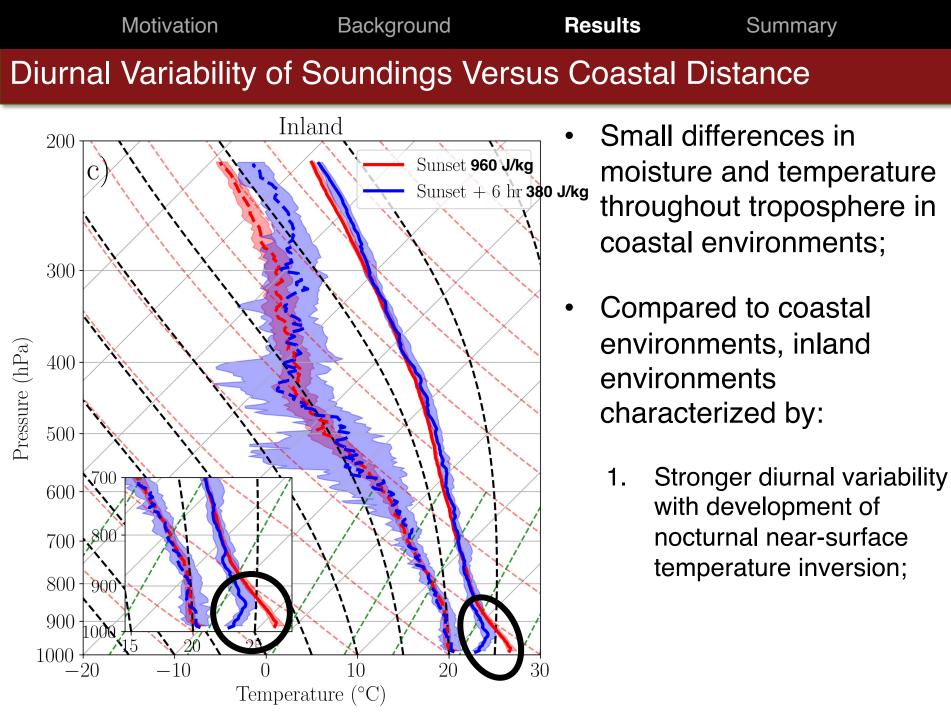


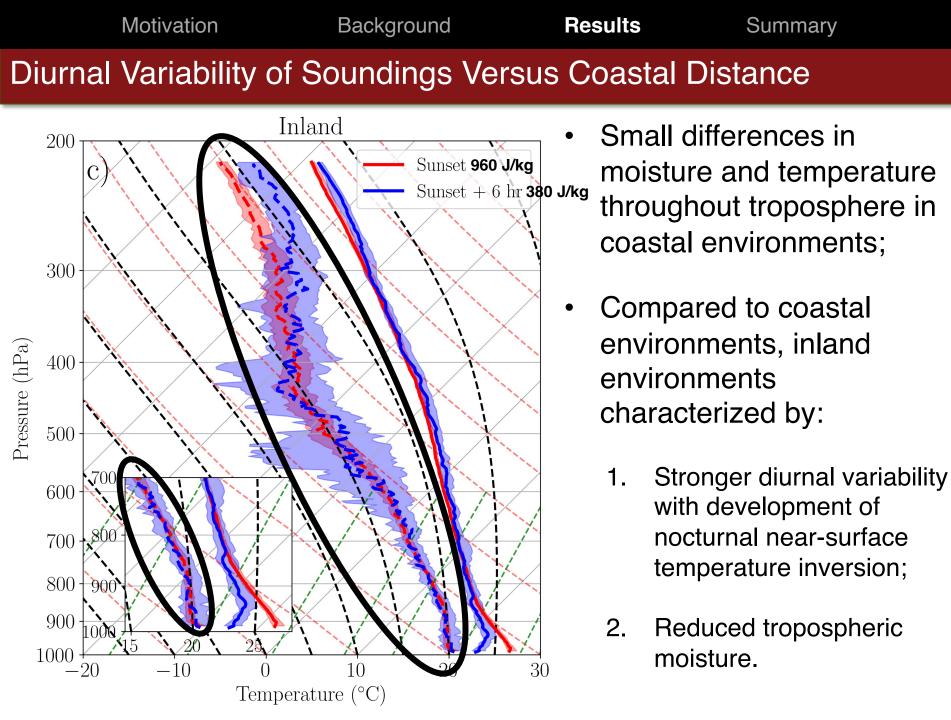














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 - 1. Stronger diurnal variability of inland tornadoes compared to coastal tornadoes;
 - 2. Drier troposphere with stronger diurnal variability in inland environments compared to coastal environments.
- Which processes are key to creating stronger diurnal variability in inland environments?