

An Old School Approach to Taking Care of Wind Turbine Echoes

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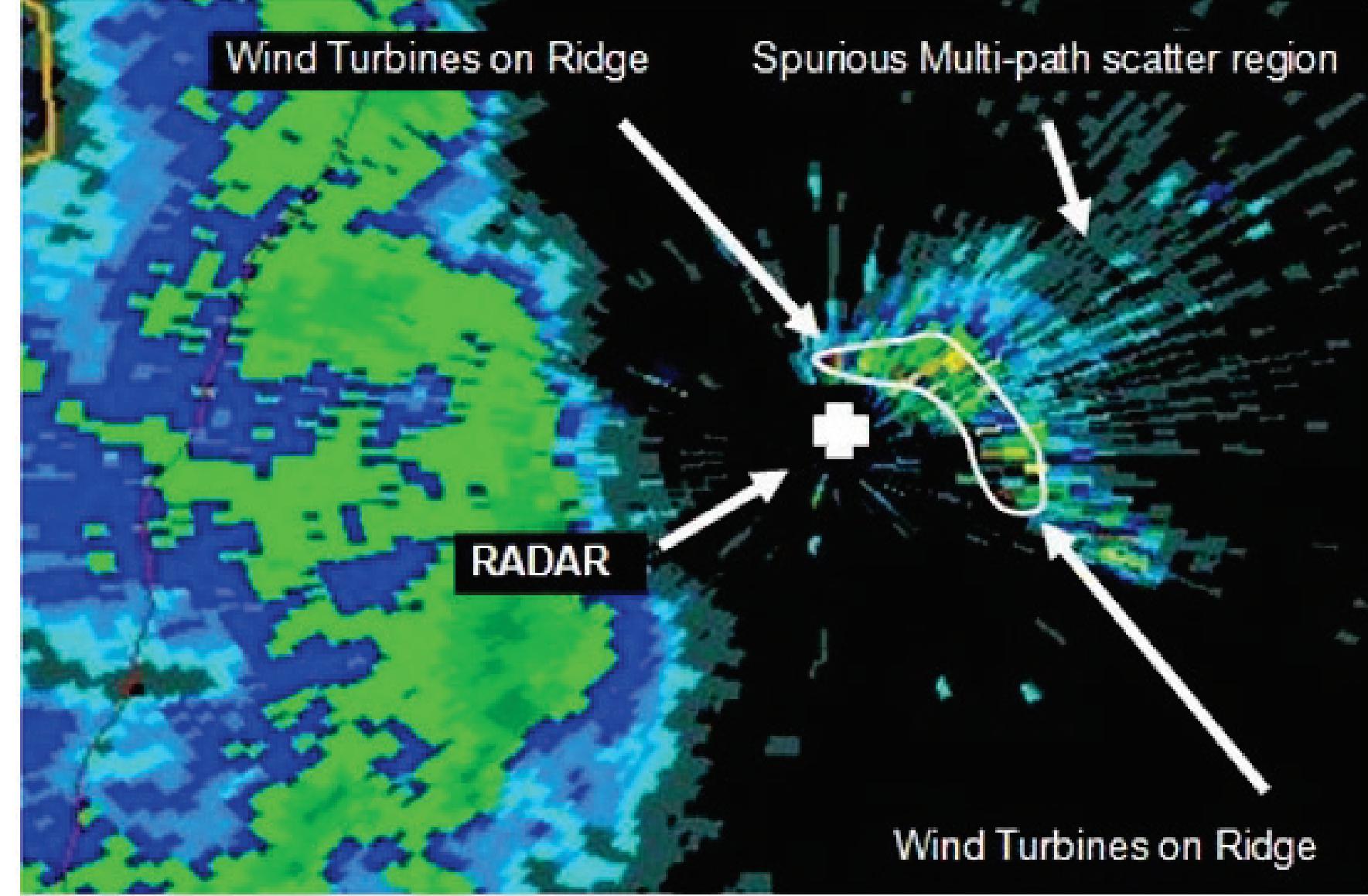


Fig. A.1. : Example of radar echoes caused by wind turbines (Courtesy of NOAA ROC)

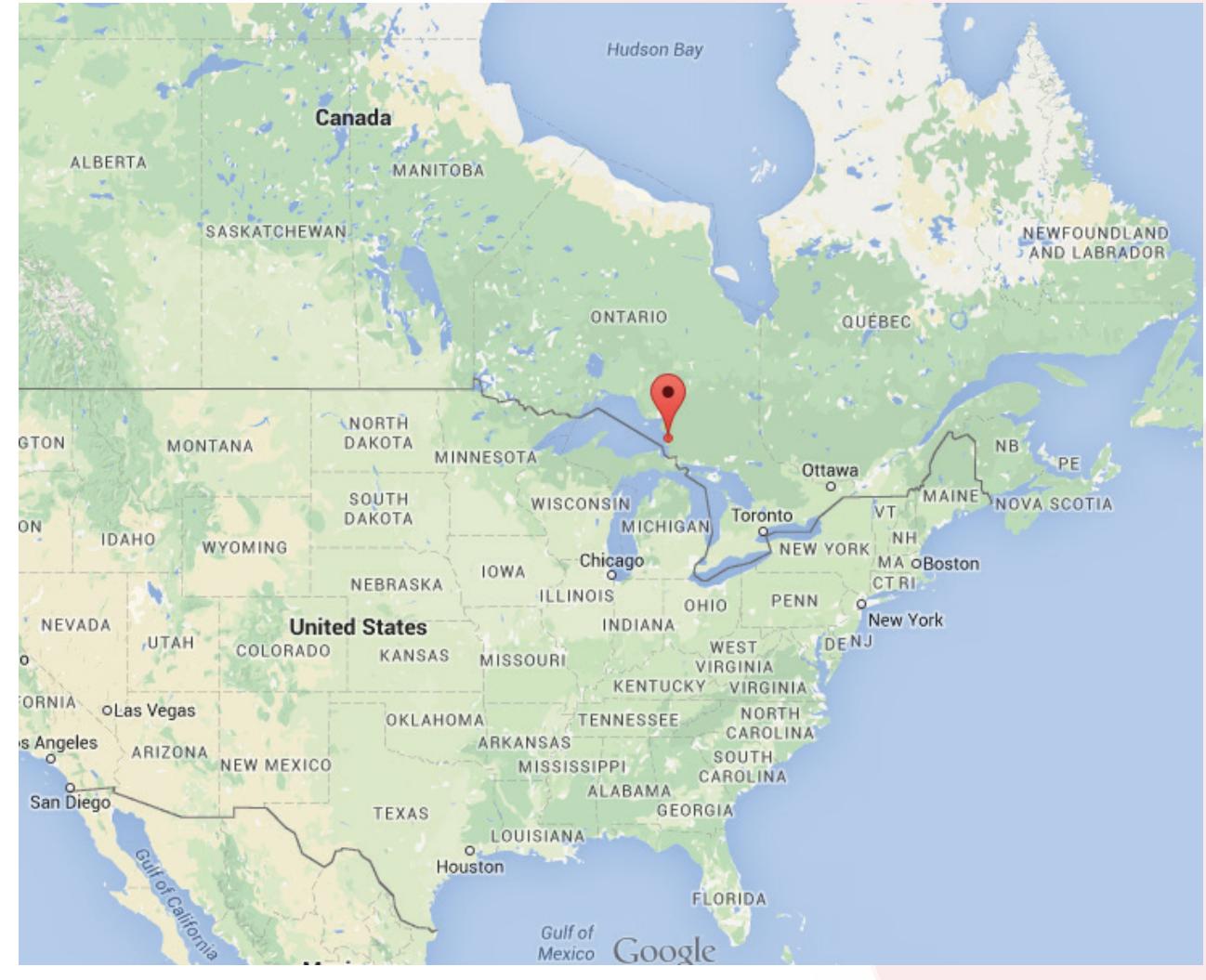


Fig. B.1. : Map of North America with location of the wind farm noted in red. (Courtesy of Google Maps)

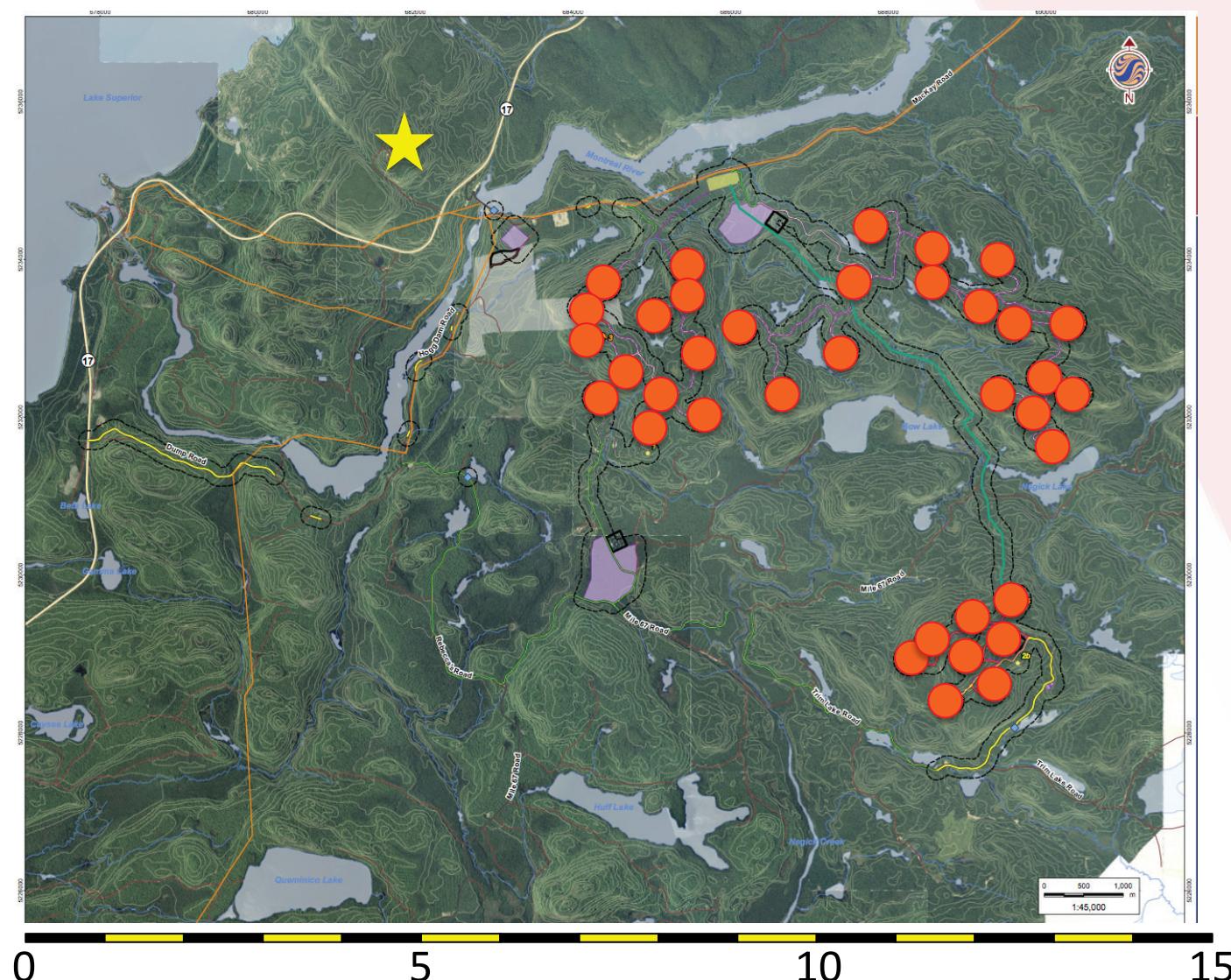


Fig. B.2. : Topographic map showing the location of the Montreal River radar (yellow star) and the locations of the wind turbines (orange dots). (courtesy of Stantec)

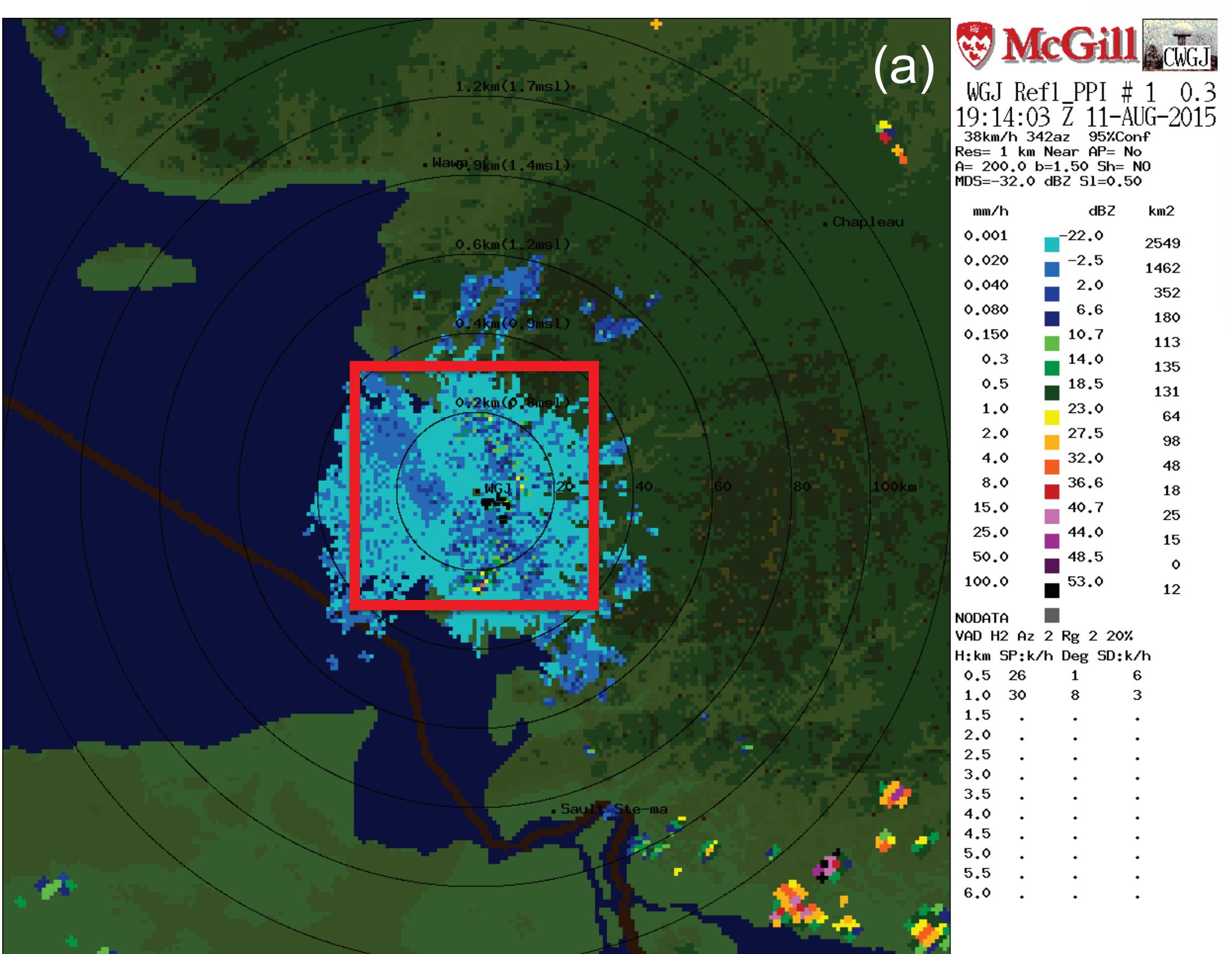


Fig.B.3. : Montreal River radar PPI map. Area marked is region of zoomed image shown in Fig. B. 4.

A. Why are wind farms a problem for radars?

1. Echoes from the wind turbines themselves
2. Multi-path echoes from the wind farm

Unlike traditional ground targets, **wind farms don't have zero Doppler velocity** making them more **difficult to remove with automatic ground target filters**.

C. Approach :

We elected to try an old-school approach: **identify and replace the pixels by interpolation using "clean" neighbors**.

Identifying contaminated pixels:

- Wind turbines characteristics that are generally well documented and remain fixed.
- Given radar characteristics, we can determine location of wind turbines on radar maps.
- Multi-path echoes are only located on azimuths where wind turbines are found.

Hence, the **location of all potentially contaminated cells are known and their data can be corrected**.

Replacing contaminated pixels:

- Echoes at locations over wind turbines are always declared contaminated
- Multi-path echoes are weak and are only important in the absence of significant weather.

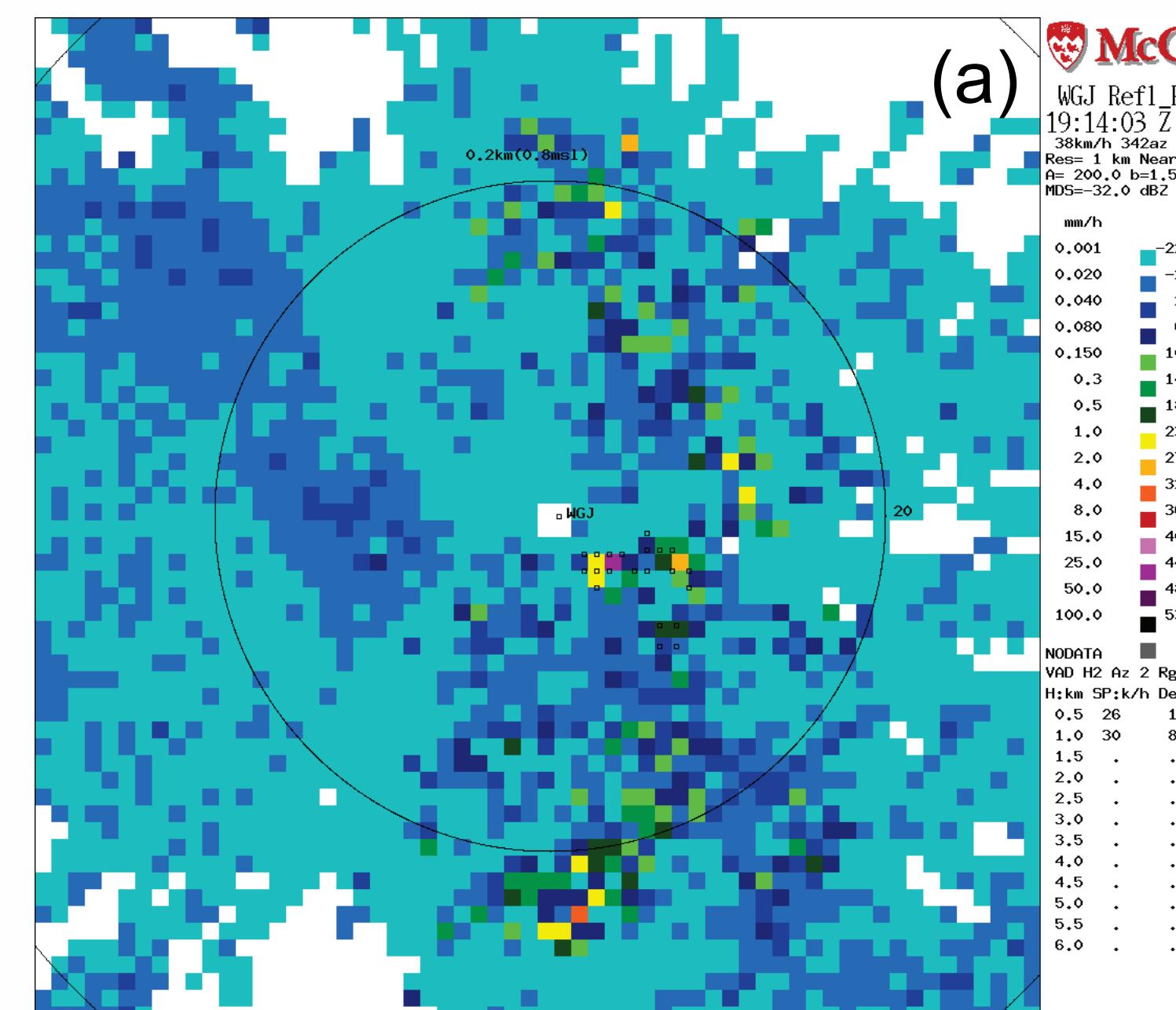


Fig. C.1. : Zoomed PPI Map of the Montreal River radar without correction (a) and with correction (b).

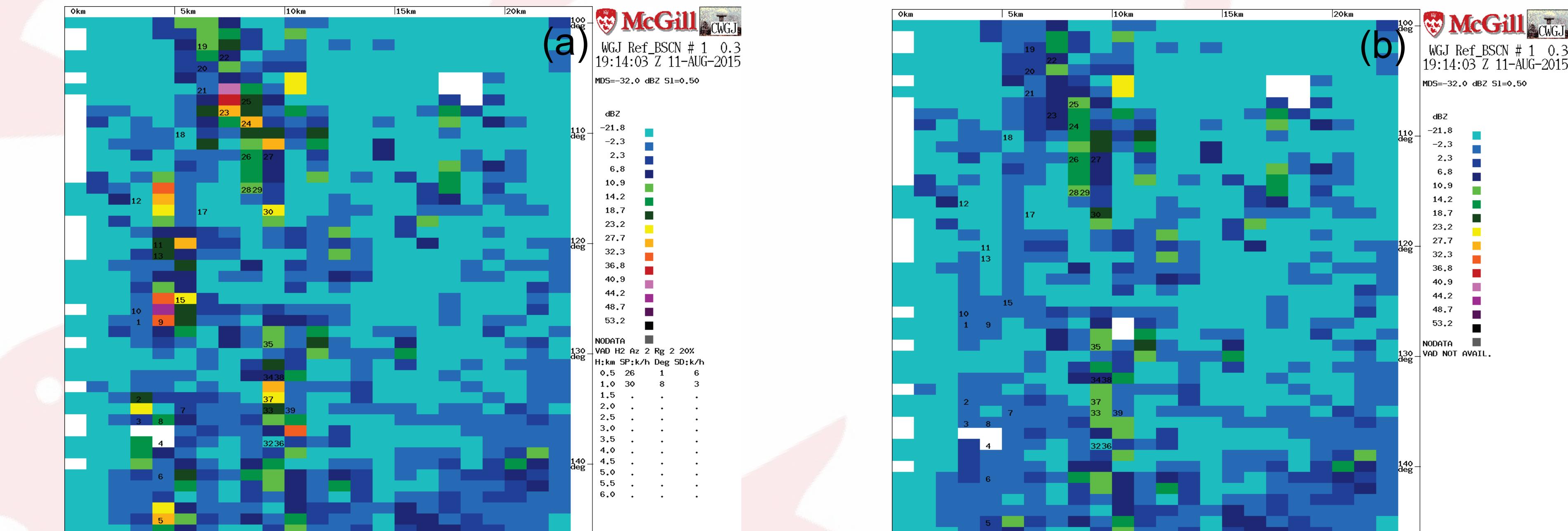
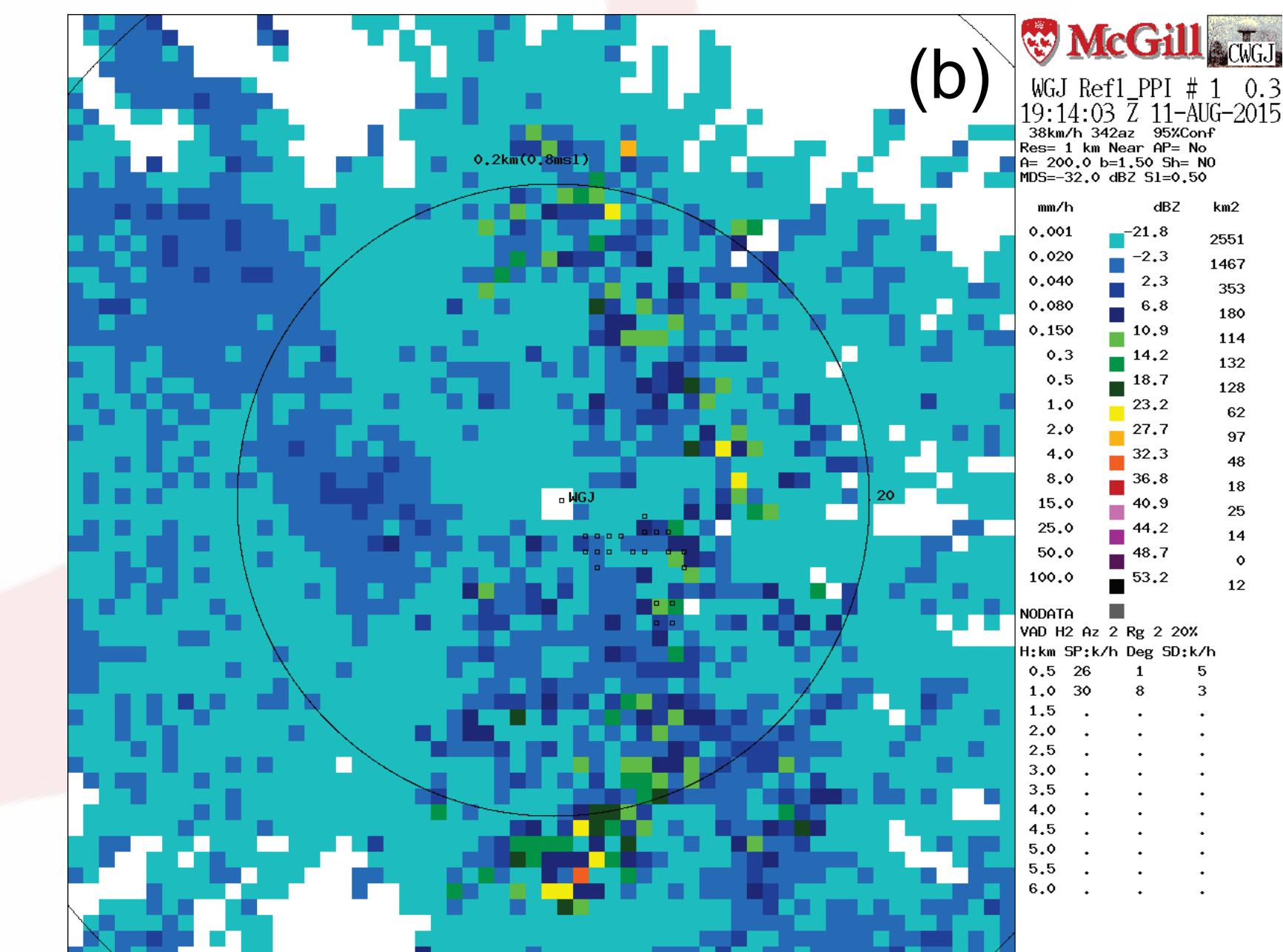


Fig. C.2. : Range-Azimuth plots generated from the sector shown in Fig. B.4. without correction (a) and with correction (b).

D. Future work :

The algorithm has not been tested on the removal of the multi-path echoes caused by the wind farm as the wind farm is not yet fully operational.

Fig.B.4. : Zoomed portion of the PPI map of the Montreal River radar map over the wind farm. Sector indicates region used in the range-azimuth plots.