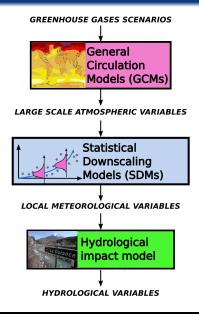
Statistical downscaling models of meteorological variables for climate change impact studies. Temporal transferability ; uncertainties in future hydrological projections.

Matthieu Lafaysse<sup>1,3</sup>, Benoit Hingray<sup>1</sup>, Laurent Terray<sup>2</sup>, Abdelkader Mezghani<sup>1</sup>, Joël Gailhard<sup>4</sup>



AMS conference 26th january 2011

# Typical methodology for impact studies



SDMs evaluations

Model	Method	Predictors
ANALOG	Analogs resampling	Z <sub>700</sub> , Z <sub>1000</sub>
DSCLIM-10	Moother type	P <sub>SL</sub>
DSCLIM-11	Weather tyes + regional indices	$P_{SL}, T_a$
DSCLIM-21		Z <sub>850</sub> , Z <sub>500</sub>
D2GEN-10	Degracoione I	P <sub>SL</sub> , u <sub>700</sub> , v <sub>700</sub>
D2GEN-22	Regressions + stochastic generator	$P_{SL}, u_{700}, v_{700}, HU_{700}, q_{700}$
D2GEN-32		$P_{SL}, u_{700}, v_{700}, HU_{700}, F_{q_{700}}$

ANALOG [EDF/LTHE, Obled et al., 2002, Gailhard, 2009] DSCLIM [CERFACS, Boé et al., 2006, Pagé et al., 2011] D2GEN [LTHE, Mezghani and Hingray, 2009]

# Outline

#### 1 SDMs evaluations

- Climatological evaluation
- Chronological evaluation

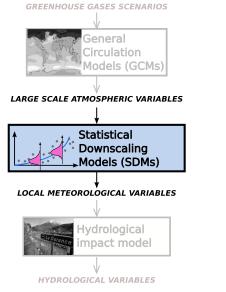
- Dispersion of meteorolgical changes
- Significance of meteorological changes
- Hydrological impacts

# Outline

#### 1 SDMs evaluations

- Climatological evaluation
- Chronological evaluation

- Dispersion of meteorolgical changes
- Significance of meteorological changes
- Hydrological impacts



#### OBSERVATIONS (NCEP REANALYSIS)

#### **Evaluation**

#### **100 SCENARIOS**

Introduction

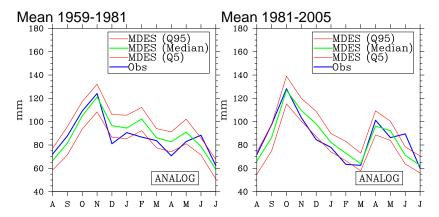
SDMs evaluations

Future projections

Conclusion

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Seasonal cycle of Durance basin precipitation. (southern French Alps, 3580 km<sup>2</sup>, Elevation : 700-4100m.)

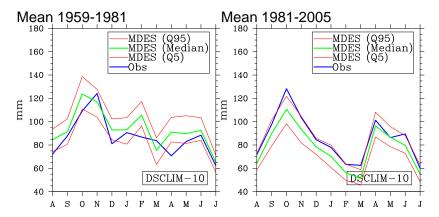


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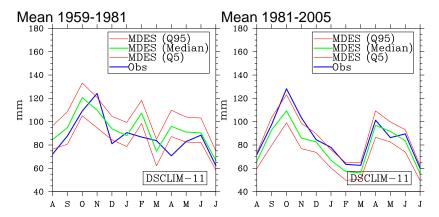


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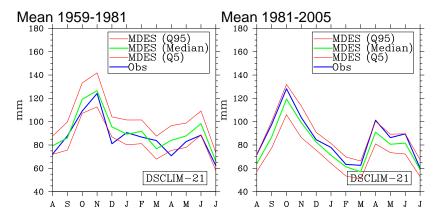


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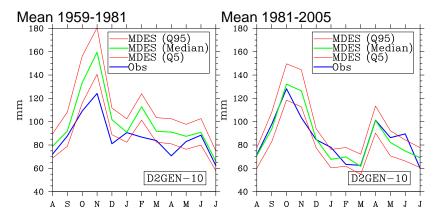


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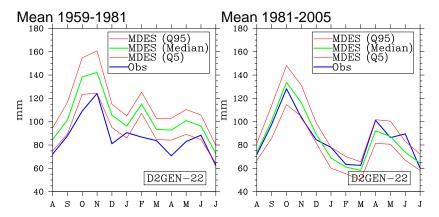


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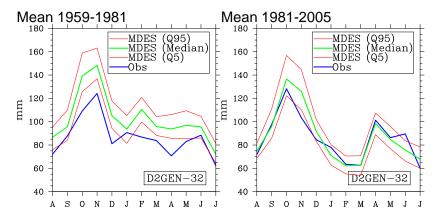


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SDMs evaluations

Future projections

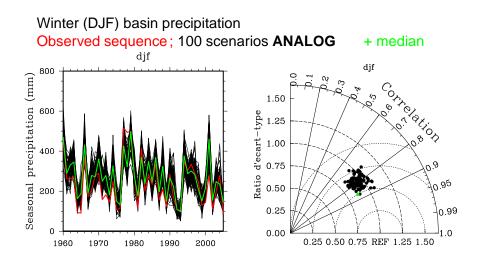
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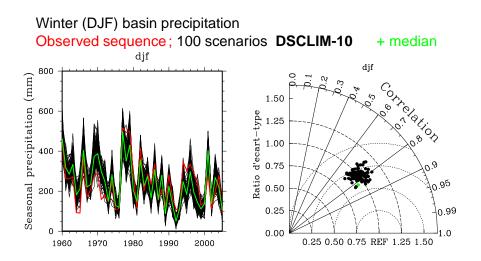
SDMs evaluations

Future projections



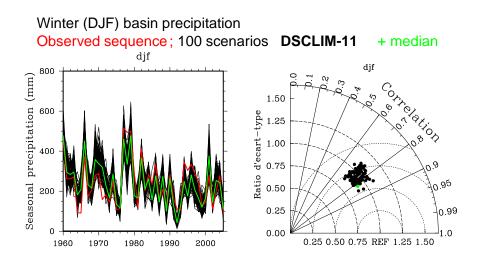
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Future projections



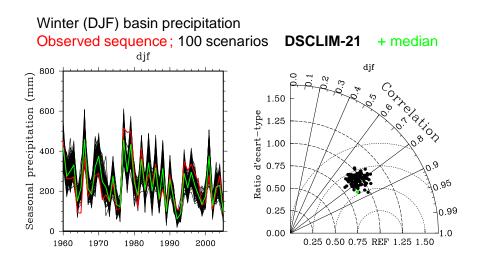
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Future projections



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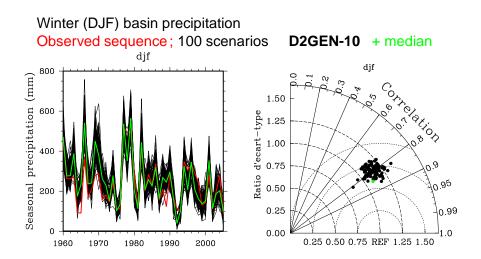
Future projections



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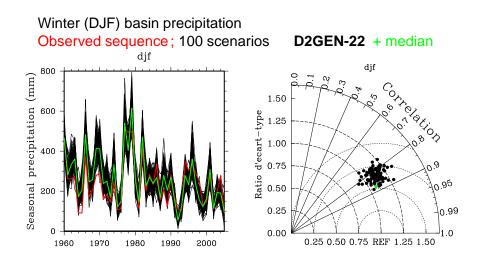
Future projections



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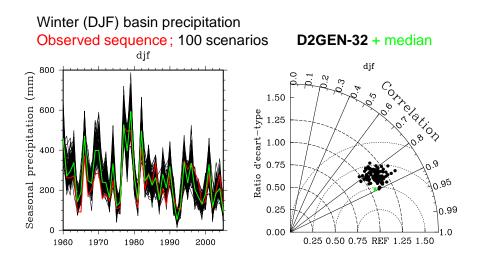
Future projections



SDMs evaluations

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Future projections



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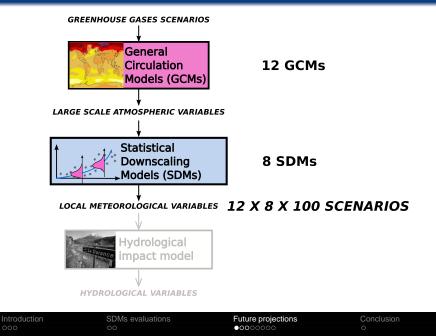
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Future projections

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- Chronological evaluation

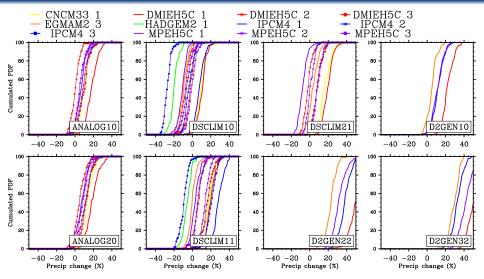
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# Future projections (Durance basin)



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# Winter precipitation changes (Durance basin)

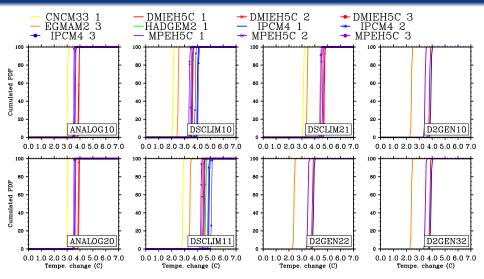


1 line = Distribution of changes among 100 scenarios for 1 GCM and 1 SDM Changes

#### between 2080-2099 and 1980-1999

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# Annual temperature changes (Durance basin)



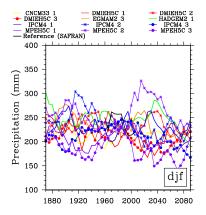
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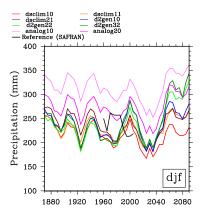
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### Winter precipitation evolution (Durance basin)

#### 12 GCM + 1 SDM (DSCLIM-10)



#### 1 GCM (DMIEH5C-1) + 8 SDM



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SDMs evaluations

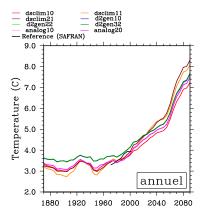
Future projections

### Annual temperature evolution (Durance basin)

#### 12 GCM + 1 SDM (DSCLIM-10)

#### CNCM33 1 DMIEH5C 1 DMIEH5C 2 EH5C 3 GMAM2 3 HADGEM2 IPCM4 2 IPCM4 3 IPCM4 1 MPEH5C 1 MPEH5C 2 - Reference (SAFRAN) 8.0 7.0 Temperature (C) 6.0 5.0 4.0 3.0 annuel 2.0 1880 1960 2000 2040 2080 1920

#### 1 GCM (DMIEH5C-1) + 8 SDM

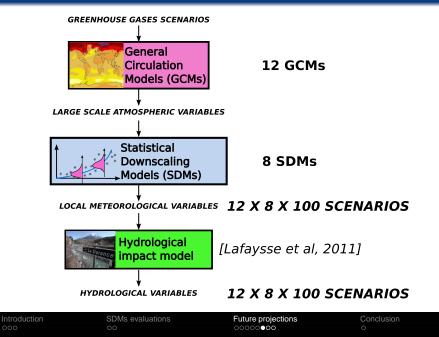


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SDMs evaluations

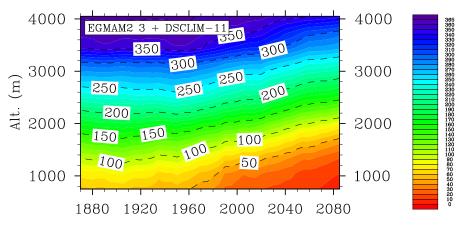
Future projections

# Future projections (Durance basin)



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# Snow cover duration (days/year, Durance basin)

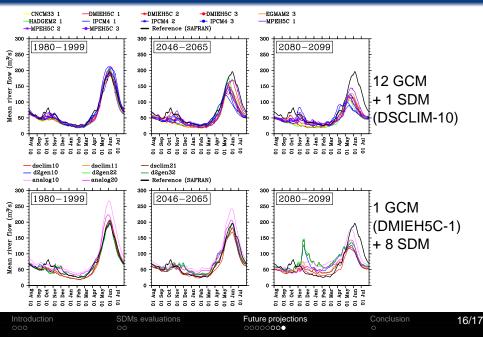


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# Seasonal cycle of river discharges (Durance basin)



# Conclusion

#### **Evaluations**

- Transferability : data heterogeneities problem
- Chronological evaluation : similar results between SDMs

#### Projections

- Simulated changes are strongly model-dependant (GCMs + SDMs) and predictors-dependant
- High dispersion of results
- Robust hydrological signal due to snow cover decrease

#### Recommandation

Do account for downscaling-related uncertainty! As important as GCMs uncertainty!

# Conclusion

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# Thanks for attention

Photo : Eric Jabot

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