

Joint OSSEs at NOAA, Calibration

Evaluation of DWL, JPSS, and DWSS

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OSSE:Observing Systems Simulation Experiments http://www.emc.ncep.noaa.gov/research/JointOSSEs/

Joint 0.55

Full OSSEs

There are many types of simulation experiments. Sometimes, we have to call our OSSE a 'Full OSSE' to avoid confusion.

➤A Nature Run (NR, proxy true atmosphere) is produced from a free forecast run using the highest resolution operational model which is significantly different from the NWP model used in Data Assimilation Systems.

Calibrations is performed to provide quantitative data impact assessment.

➤. Without calibration quantitative evaluation of data impact is not possible.

OSSE Calibration

Calibration of OSSEs verifies the simulated data impact by comparing it to real data impact. In order to conduct an OSSE calibration, the data impact of existing instruments has to be compared to their impact in the OSSE.

Advantages

>Data impact on analysis and forecast will be evaluated.

➤A Full OSSE can provide detailed quantitative evaluations of the configuration of observing systems.

➤A Full OSSE can use an existing operational system and help the development of an operational system

> Existing Data assimilation system and verification method are used for Full OSSEs. This will help development of DAS and verification tools.

International Joint OSSE capability

- Full OSSEs are expensive
 - Sharing one Nature Run and simulated observation saves costs
 - Sharing diverse resources
- OSSE-based decisions have international stakeholders
 - Decisions on major space systems have important scientific, technical, financial and political ramifications
 - Community ownership and oversight of OSSE capability is important for maintaining credibility
- Independent but related data assimilation systems allow us to test the robustness of answers

Joint OSSE Nature Run by ECMWF

Based on discussion with JCSDA, NCEP, GMAO, GLA, SIVO, SWA, NESDIS, ESRL, and ECMWF

ECMWF Nature run used at NOAA Spectral resolution : T511 13 month long. Starting May 1st,2005 Vertical levels: L91, 3 hourly dump Daily SST and ICE: provided by NCEP Model: Version cy31r1

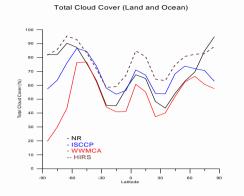
Supplemental in 1degx1deg

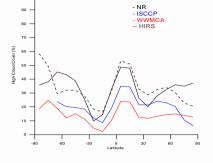
Pressure level data: 31 levels, Potential temperature level data: 315,330,350,370,530K

Selected surface data for T511 NR:

Andersson, Erik and Michiko Masutani 2010: Collaboration on Observing System Simulation Experiments (Joint OSSE), ECMWF News Letter No. 123, Spring 2010, 14-16.

Evaluation of Nature Run cloud Steve Greco (SWA)

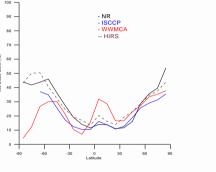


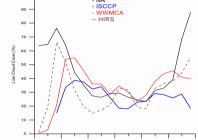


High Cloud Cover (Land and Ocean

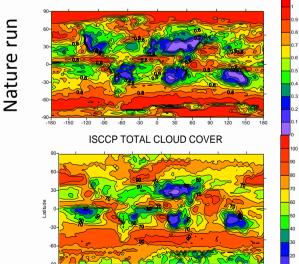


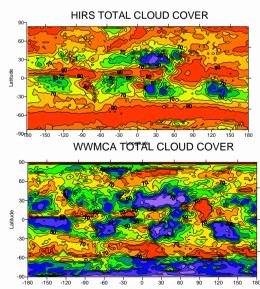






T511 NATURE RUN (1 deg x 1 deg) - TOTAL CLOUD COVER





Note: This data must not be used for commercial purposes and re-distribution rights are not given. User lists are maintained by Michiko Masutani and ECMWF



Simulated observation for Control experiments posted from NASA/NCCS portal and NCAR - Entire Nature run Period -

Michiko Masutani and Jack Woollen (NOAA/NCEP/EMC)

NASA/NCCS

http://portal.nccs.nasa.gov/osse/index.pl ID and Password required

http://portal.nccs.nasa.gov/josse/index.pl

Ellen Salmon <u>Ellen.M.Salmon@NASA.gov</u> Bill McHale <u>wmchale@nccs.nasa.gov</u>

NCAR

Currently saved in HPSS Data ID: ds621.0 http://dss.ucar.edu/datasets/ds621.0/matrix.html

Contact:

Chi-Fan Shihchifan@ucar.eduSteven Worleyworley@ucar.edu

Simulated radiance data,

with and without MASK in BUFR format for entire Nature run period

Type of radiance data and location used for reanalysis from May 2005-May2006

Simulated using CRTM1.2.2 No observational error added

Conventional data Entire Nature run Period Restricted data removed Cloud track wind is based on real observation location No observational error added

Data posted at Joint OSSE Home page http://www.emc.ncep.noaa.gov/research/JointOSSEs/

[Simulation of TC vital] TC vital was simulated using software originally written by Tim Marchock and currently developed by Guan Ping Lou of NCEP

Software used for simulations are all posted. CRTM used for simulation. CRTM1.2.2 (Different from the version posted at JCSDA website)

Conventional data posted at NASA/NCCS

NCCS Portal - JOSSE

Path: /jo Restricted data removed File/I 2005 http://portal.nccs.nasa.gov/josse/index.pl 2005 2005 + NASA Homepage **GODDARD SPACE FLIGHT CENTER** + NASA Center for Climate Simulation 2005 Real 2005 NCCS Data Portal - Joint OSSE 2005 2005 2005 This U.S. Government resource is for authorized use only. If not authorized to access this resource, disconnect now. Unauthorized use of, or access to this resource may subject you to disciplinary action or criminal prosecution. By accessing and using this resource, you are consenting to monitoring, keystroke recording, or auditing 2006 Joint OSSE Data Usage and Credit 2006 This data must not be used for commercial purposes and redistribution rights are not given. Originating institutes must be given credit in any publications in which this data is used 2006 If you are interested in using the data or need assistance please contact the originating institute 2006 For more information about Joint OSSE and the data sets, please visit the Joint OSSE website 2006 Dataset **Originating Institute** Contact NCEP Obs NOAA/NCEP Michiko Masutani (Michiko.Masutani@noaa.gov) NOAA/NCEE NCEP-NESDIS Michiko Masutani (Michiko.Masutani@noaa.gov) NOAA/NESDIS NCEP prebufr NOAA/NCEF Michiko Masutani (Michiko.Masutani@noaa.gov) Path: /iosse File/Directory Size NCEP-NESDIS 8.0K go to dir NCEP Obs 8.0K go to dir NCEP_prepbufr 8.0K go to Simula **USA.gov** + Privacy Policy and Important Notices Path: /josse/NCEP_prepbufr File/Directory Size README 144 View/Dov real.v1110 go to dir 8.0K simulated.v1110 8.0K go to dir

KNM Joint OSSE

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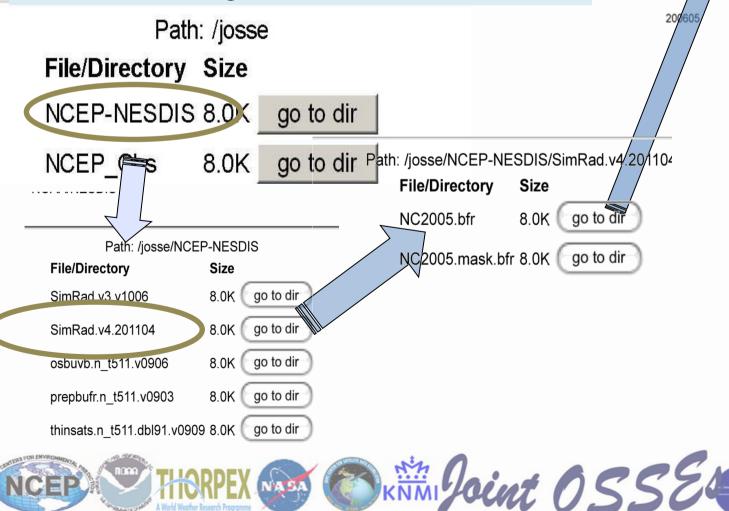


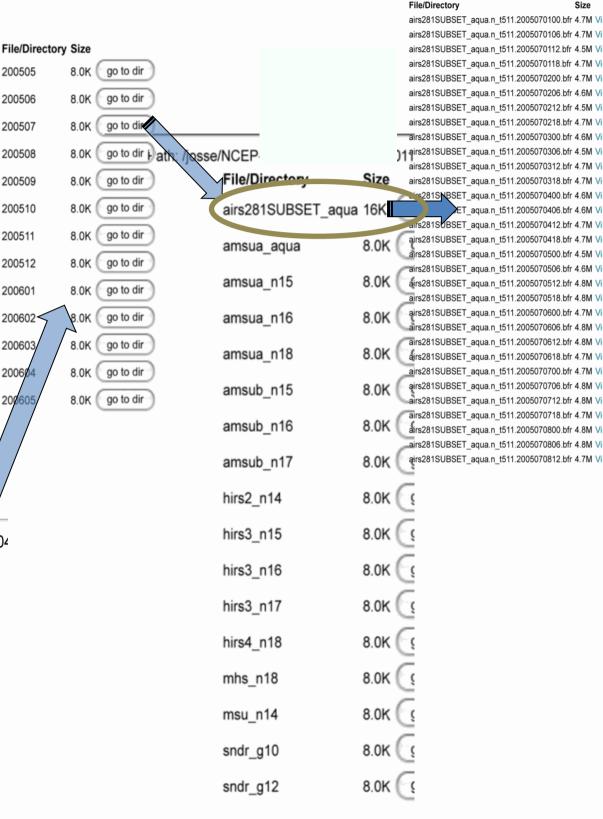
Radiance data at NASA/NCCS

Simulated radiance data, with and without MASK in BUFR format for entire Nature run period

Type of radiance data used for reanalysis from May 2005-May2006

Simulated using CRTM1.2.2

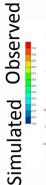


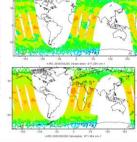


20060

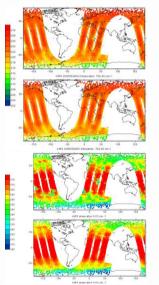
Evaluation of simulated AIRS and IASI at the 1st step (12hr fcst) of the Nature Run simulated with 2009 template Haibing Sun (NESDIS)

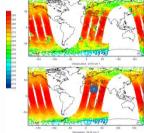
Observed



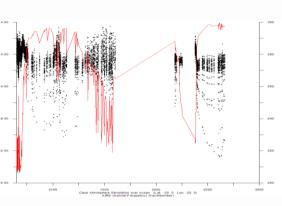


AIRS

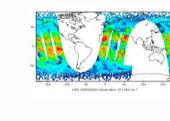




The comparison between channel at frequency: 2513cm -1.



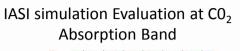
Compare the spectrum of one cloud effected point. Red line: the spectrum of the observation. Black line: the bias between the observation and simulation.

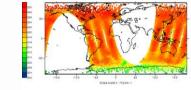


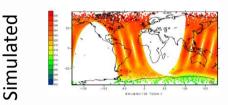
A windows channel observation can give the cloud distribution.

The Nature run start at May 1st 12z. At 00z May 2nd (12hr forecast), the Nature Run fields are still very close to real atmosphere and simulated radiance can be compared with real

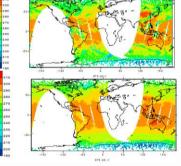
observations.

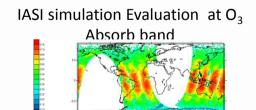


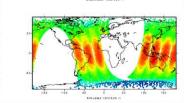




IASI simulation Evalution at Windows channel

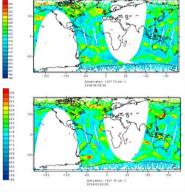




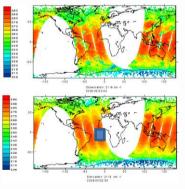


Simpson Weather

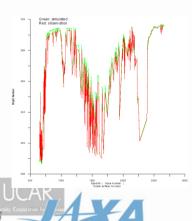
 $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{IASI}\\ \textbf{IASI simulation Evalation at } \textbf{H0}_2\\ \textbf{Absorption Band} \end{array}$



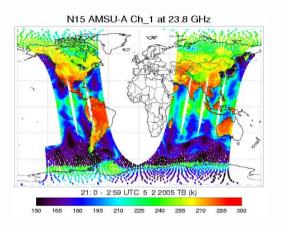
IASI simulation Evaluation at Windows channel



IASI Simulation over ocean (Clear atmosphere)



Evaluation of simulated GOES and AMSUA at the 1st step (12hr fcst) of the Nature Run simulated with 2005 template Tong Zhu (NESDIS)



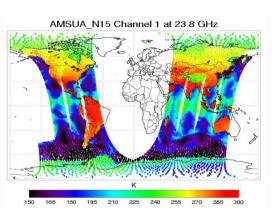


Fig. 1 NOAA -15 AMSU-A Channel 1 brightness temperature at GSI analysis time 0000 UTC May 2, 2005, time window 6 hours from (left) observation, (right)) CRTM simulation with NR atmospheric profiles.

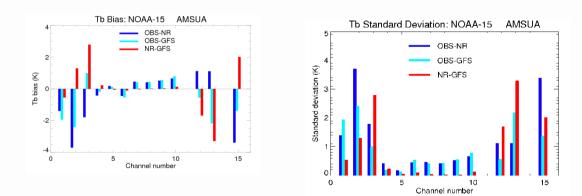


Fig. 2 Comparisons of (a) biases and (b) standard deviations (STD) of NOAA-15 AMSU-A brightness temperatures of observation-minus-simulation(NR), observation-minus-background(GSI), and simulation(NR)-minus-background(GSI) at 0000 UTC May 2, 2011.

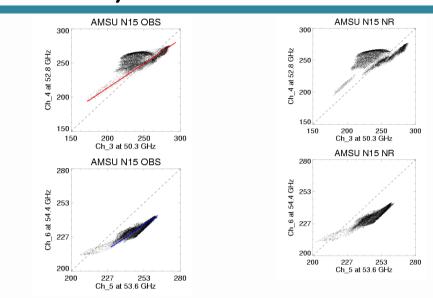
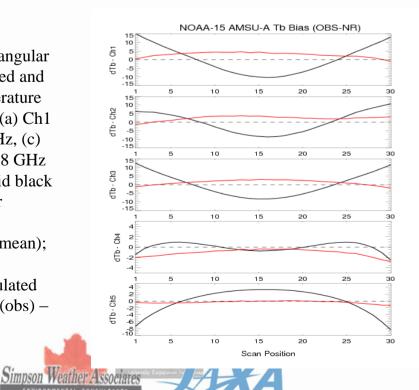


Fig. 3 Scatter plots of the inter-channel relation between brightness temperatures of (a) channel-3 and channel-4 from observation, (b) channel-3 and channel-4 from NR simulation, (c) channel-6 and channel-7 from observation, and (d) channel-6 and channel-7 from NR simulation at 0000 UTC May 2, 2011.

Fig. 4 Monthly mean scan angular dependent biases of observed and simulated brightness temperature for May 2005 at AMSU-A (a) Ch1 23.8 GHz, (b) Ch2 31.4 GHz, (c) Ch3 50.3 GHz, (d) Ch4 52.8 GHz and (e) Ch5 53.6 GHz. Solid black line is the observed angular dependent bias,

 $dT(obs)=T_{obs}(30scan)-T_{obs}(mean);$ and the red line is different between observed and simulated angular dependent bias, dT(obs) - dT(sim).



Calibration experiments and Initial results of DWL OSSE at JCSDA

Assimilation codes for DWL were developed and improved and merged to NCEP GSI trunk.

Simulation of control observation without observational error have been completed and made available to scientific community.

Calibration experiments showed reasonable agreement in large scale data impact of RAOB wind in real and simulated impact.

Initial evaluation of DWL impact were conducted for the period 1st July-15 August. Hurricane case study conducted. Significant improvement in intensity forecast is demonstrated.

OSSE with control observation without observational error is useful to provide initial outlook of the data impact in large scale. Some time random error has positive impact.

Future Plans

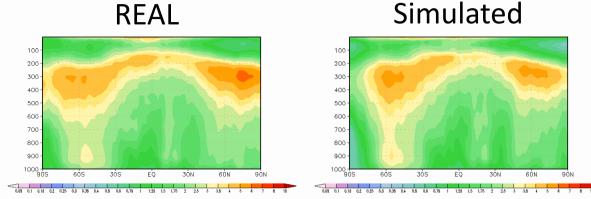
Add various observational errors to control observations and study data sensitivity to the data impact .

More OSSEs to study detail evaluation configuration of DWL planed by NASA and compared with ESA DWL.

Related presentations and a poster

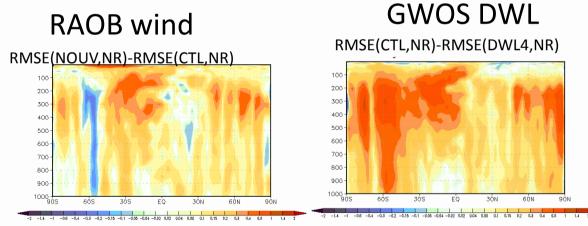
OSSE calibration test

RMSE difference between Control and Control without RAOB wind. RMSE(NOUV,CTL) for REAL and Simulated. 24 hourly time averaged between July 7 and August 15, 2005



DATA impact test

Data impact measured as Reduction of RMSE from NR 24 hourly time averaged between July 7 and August 15, 2005



CTL: All data used for operation. NOUV: CTL without RAOB wind DWL4: CTL amd 4 look GWOS DWL, NR: T511 Nature Run (truth)

Tuesday, 24 January 2012: 11:30 AM Observing System Simulation Experiments in the Joint Center for Satellite Data Assimilation, Room 256 (New Orleans Convention Center)Lars Peter Riishojgaard et al.

Thursday, 26 January 2012 Internationally Collaborative Joint OSSEs - Progress At NOAA in Hall E (New Orleans Convention Center), Michiko Masutani, EMC,

Thursday, 26 January 2012: 1:45 PM Impact of Different Wind Lidar Configurations on NCEP Forecast Skill in Room 340 and 341 (New Orleans Convention Center) Zaizhong Ma et al. Progress and Plans for OSSE to evaluate JPSS and DWSS

Back Ground

In 2010 NPOESS project was transferred into JPSS and DWSS

JPSS(Joint Polar Satellite System) Civilian Program by NOAA and NASA PM orbit for NPOESS VIIRS, CrIS, ATMS, OMPS, CERES and others

DWSS (Defence Weather Satellite Systems) Early AM orbit VIIRS, SEM-N, MIS and others

(Mid Morning Orbit is covered by EUMETSAT)

Acknowledgement

The nature runs for Joint OSSEs were produced by Dr. Erik Andersson of ECMWF. We appreciate GMAO to provide initial satellite data for calibration at ESRL. GMAO also provided code to add random error to simulated data.

OSSE Plans and Progress

Initial period July 2011

Simulate existing operational satellite observation and conventional data using July 2011 template (Progress at NCEP)

Development of CRTM and data assimilation system for JPSS. (Ready to be evaluated.)

Simulation of ATMS. (Completed by NESDIS)

Simulate observation from JPSS instrument.

Simulation of DWSS instrument.

OSSE calibration with 2011 observing system.

Simpson Weather Associate

Conduct OSSE to evaluate JPSS and DWSS.