



2013 NOAA MADIS Plans

MADIS – The Meteorological Assimilation Data Ingest System



Greg Pratt, Leon Benjamin, Thomas Kent, Gopa Padmanabhan, and Leigh Cheatwood-Harris
NOAA/Oceanic and Atmospheric Research/Earth System Research Laboratory/Global Systems Division

Tim Mcclung, Steven Pritchett, Curtis Marshall, Ben Kyger, Daniel Starosta, Rebecca Cosgrove, and Wen Meng
NOAA/National Weather Service/Office of Science and Technology & National Centers for Environmental Prediction

John Bates, Drew Saunders, and Philip Jones

NOAA/National Environmental Satellite, Data and Information Service/National Climate Data Center

Providing Value-Added Observations to the Meteorological Community



NOAA Mission

NOAA's mission increasingly demands advanced data management processes, including data integration, to achieve interoperable, accessible, and readily usable observational data.

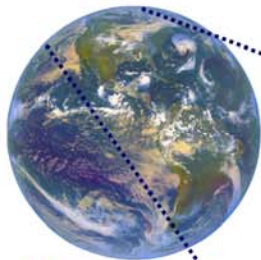
MADIS Goal

A more usable, complete, accurate, timely, and higher density observational infrastructure for use in local weather warnings and products, numerical weather prediction, and use by the greater meteorological community.

MADIS Provides

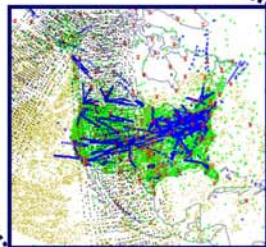
- Access to real-time and archived data sets
- Uniform data formats, observation units, and time stamps
- Observational Quality Control (QC)
- Network-enabled distribution with server-site sub-setting
- Authentication for proprietary data
- User documentation and help desk support

MADIS Data Sets



- + Surface
- o Aircraft
- x Radiosonde
- P Profiler
- GOES Satellite
- POES Satellite
- R Radiometer

Available Observations



MADIS observations covering North America

MADIS Data Scope

- 66,127 stations from over 160 surface networks producing nearly 13 million observations per day
- 154 Profiler sites (>200,000 observations per day)
- >450,000 aircraft observations per day
- Plus global radiosonde and satellite observations

The MADIS Team

NWS/OST&NCEP

Transition/Operations

Tim Mcclung, Steven Pritchett, Curtis Marshall, Ben Kyger, Daniel Starosta, Rebecca Cosgrove, and Wen Meng

NESDIS/NCDC

Archive

John Bates, Drew Saunders, and Philip Jones

OAR/ESRL/GSD

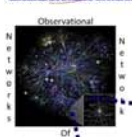
Transition/R&D/Conduit to Operations

Greg Pratt, Leon Benjamin, Thomas Kent, Gopa Padmanabhan, and Leigh Cheatwood-Harris

Providers

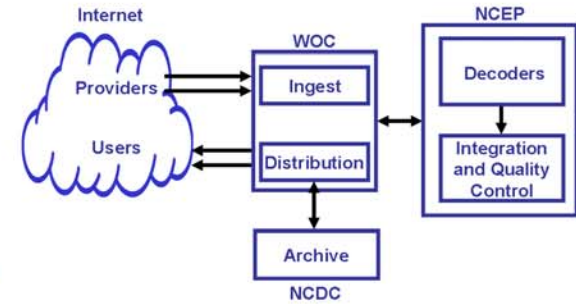
Observations and Metadata

http://madis.noaa.gov/mesonet_providers.html



National Mesonet (NM)
Mobile Platform Environmental Data (MoPED)
Clarus

MADIS Final Operating Capability



ESRL/GSD MADIS software is being ported to a distributed environment hosted at NOAA's WOC, NCEP, and NCDC with GSD supporting a research-to-operations testbed hosted at GSD.

MADIS Users Include...

- NWS Forecast Offices and National Centers
- OAR, NESDIS, NOS
- NCAR, NASA, DOE, FAA, DOT
- Hundreds of private companies
- International meteorological centers
- >200 universities
- Public

MADIS Future Plans

- Reach Full Operating Capability (FOC) for real-time processing within the NWS
- Work with NESDIS to transition the MADIS archive capabilities into operations at NCDC
- Work with Federal Highway Administration Clarus team to fully transition Clarus capabilities into MADIS
- FAA NextGen/NWS AWIPS data discovery/dissemination capable
- Conduit for efficient transfer of research and development to operations
 - Additional data sets – (FAA 1 minute ASOS, Clarus, ...)
 - Advanced data query and web services
 - Improved data/metadata standards
 - Improved QC and station monitoring
 - Open source development environment
 - Extend QC algorithms to meet operational and research needs

MADIS Google Displays

