

The PNA Teleconnection in Different Climate States

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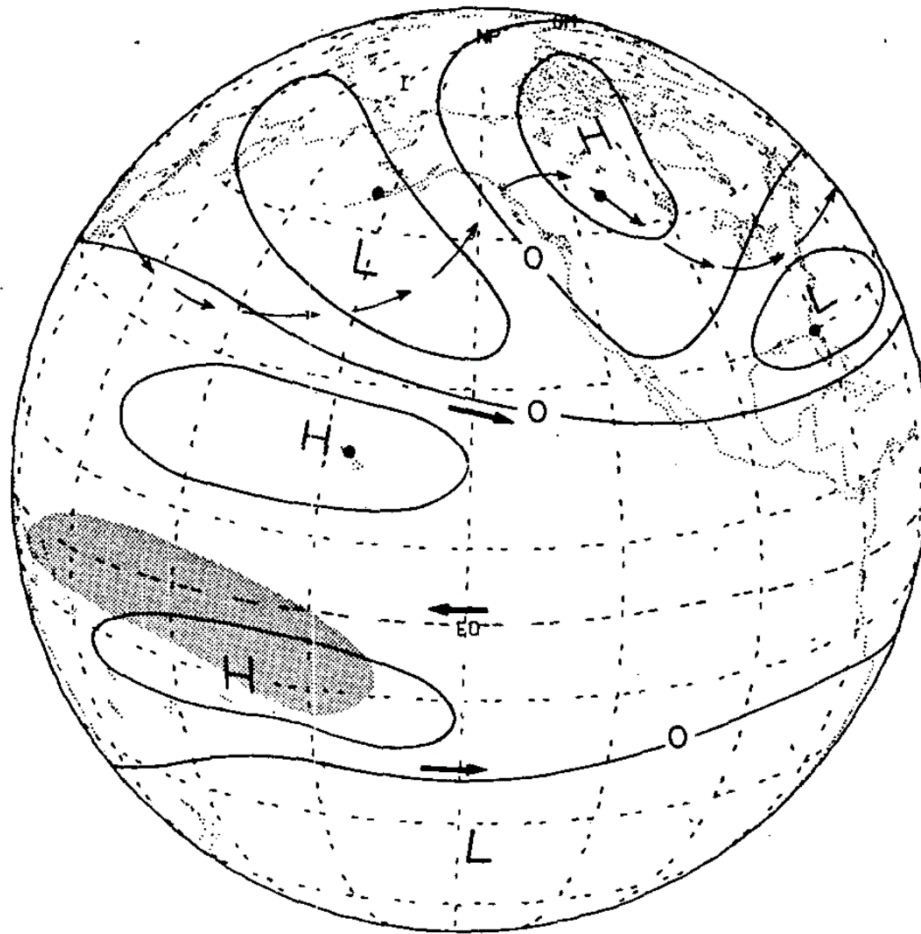
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The Pacific-North America Teleconnection (PNA)



Horel and Wallace (1981)

1. About PNA: 3 papers in 1981

1. Wallace, J. M., and Gutzler, D. S., **1981**: Teleconnections in the Geopotential height field during the Northern Hemisphere Winter, *Mon. Wea. Rev.*, 109, 784-812.
2. Horel, J. D., and Wallace, J. M., **1981**: Planetary-Scale Atmospheric Phenomena Associated with the Southern Oscillation. *Mon. Wea. Rev.*, 109, 813-829.
3. Hoskins, B. J., and Karoly, D. J., **1981**: The Steady Linear Response of a Spherical Atmosphere to Thermal and Orographic Forcing. *J. Atmos. Sci.*, 38, 1179–1196.

Question

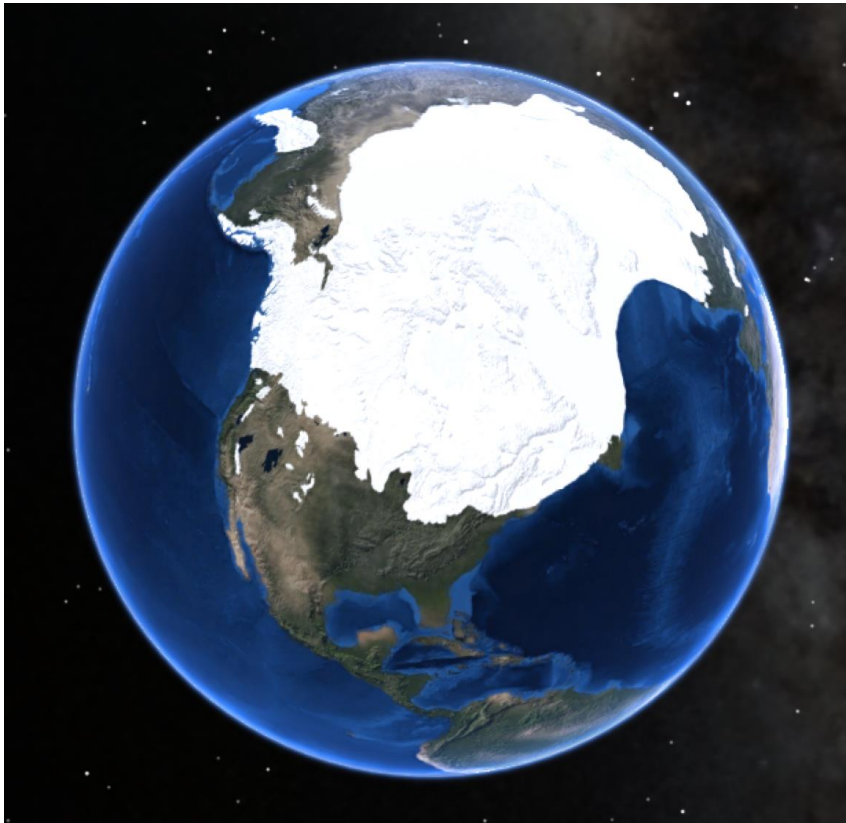
- What cause the PNA differences for the different climate states?
 1. LGM (cold)
 2. Present
 3. RCP8.5 (warm)

2. Data

CCSM4 simulations

1. Pre-industry (modest)
2. 4xCO₂ (warm)
3. PMIP3: LGM (21 ka) (cold)

The Last Glacier Maximum (LGM)



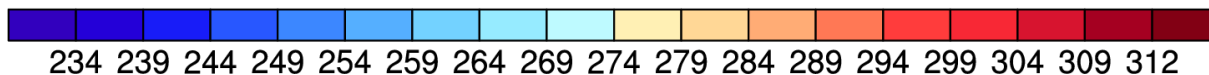
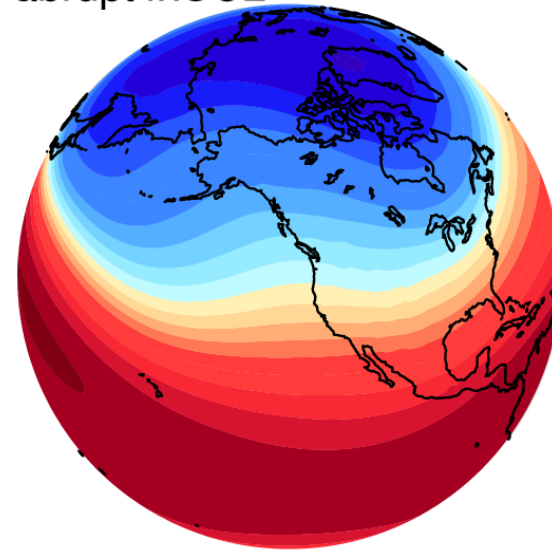
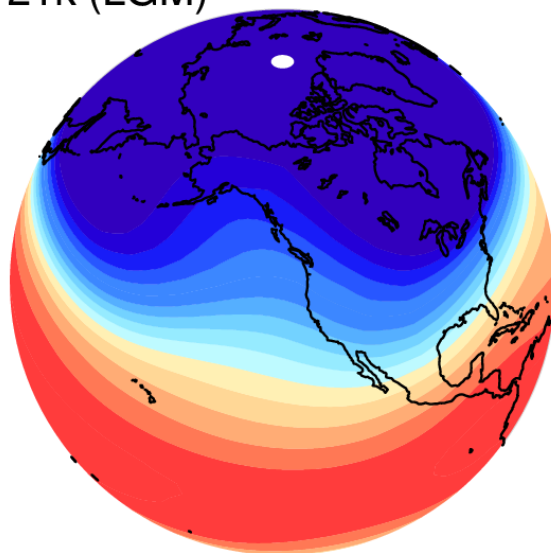
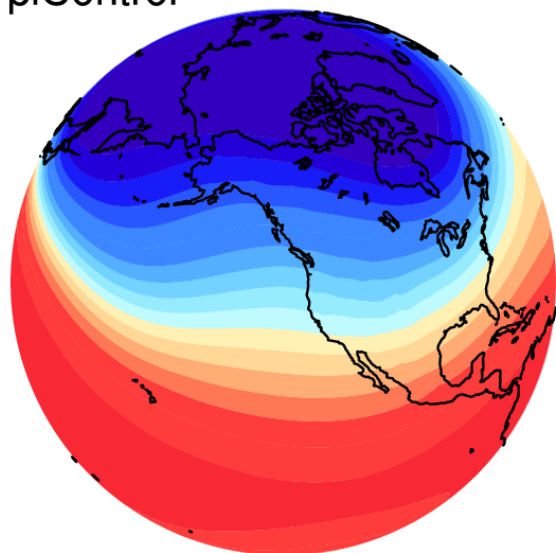
21000 years ago (21 ka)

Annual-mean surface temperatures

piControl

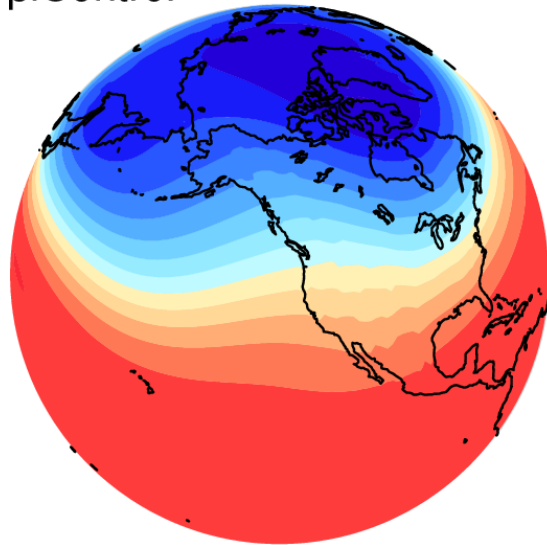
21k (LGM)

abrupt4xCO2

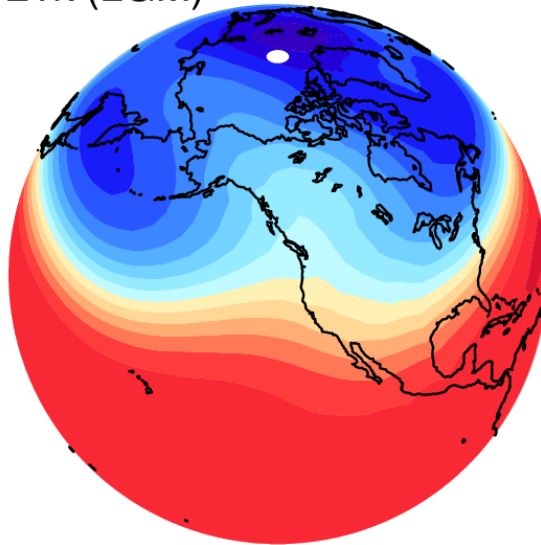


Annual-mean geopotential height at 500 hPa

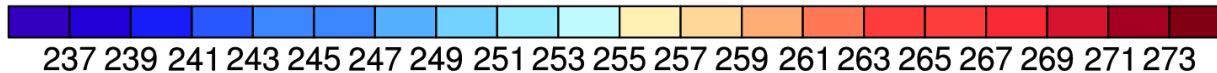
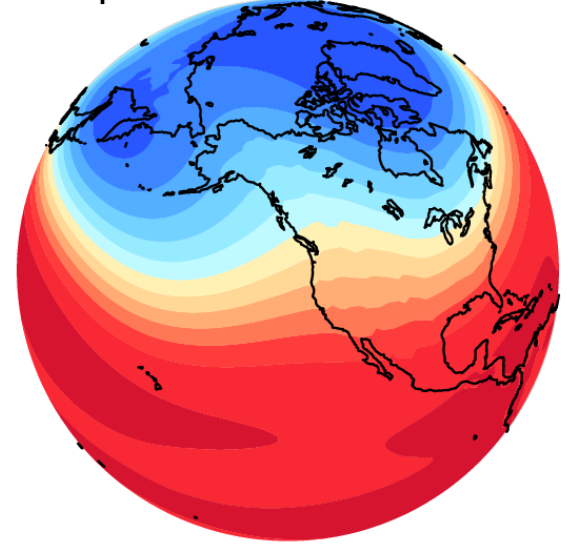
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21k (LGM)

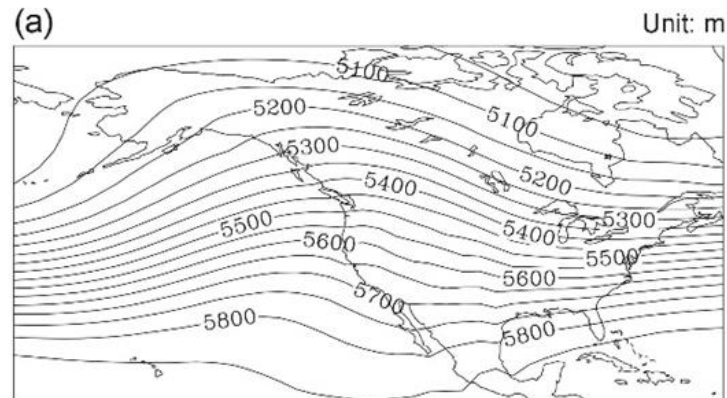


abrupt4xCO2

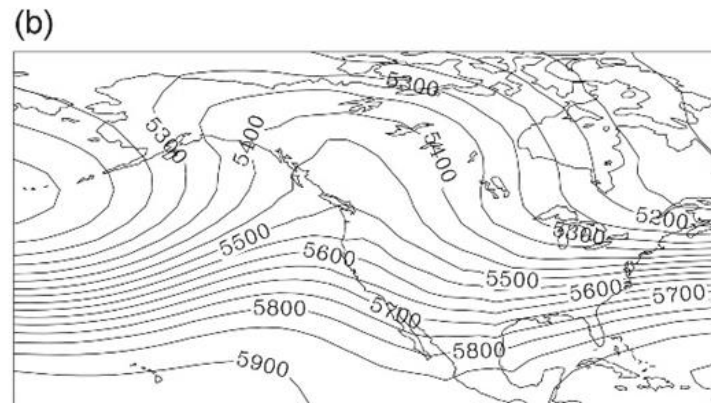


DJF Geopotential heights at 500 hPa

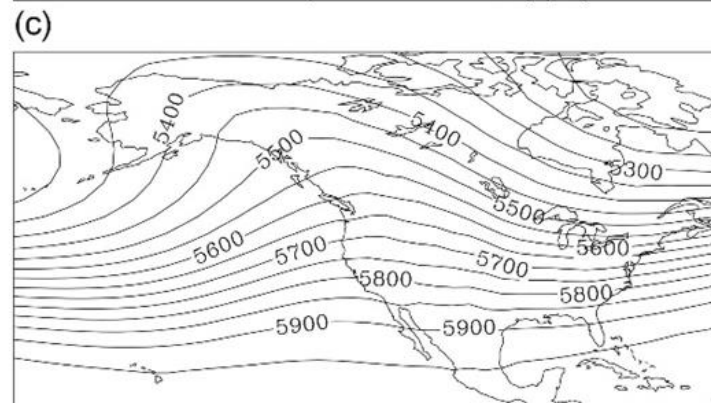
Present



LGM

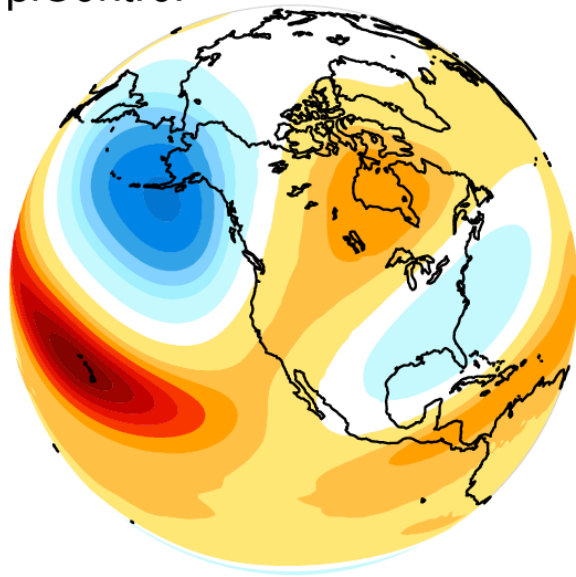


4xCO2

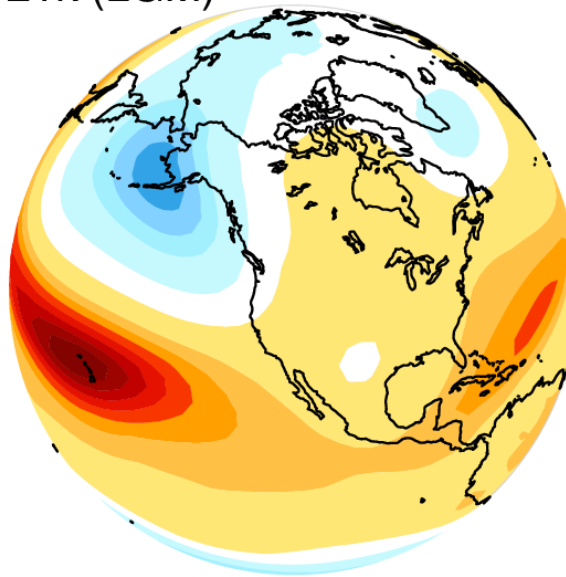


One-point correlation of DJF geopotential heights at 500 hPa, with the base-point at 20° N and 160° W

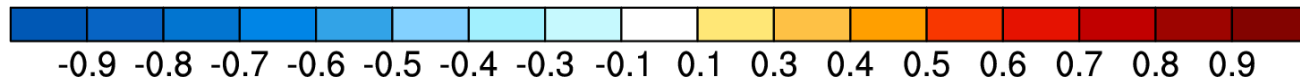
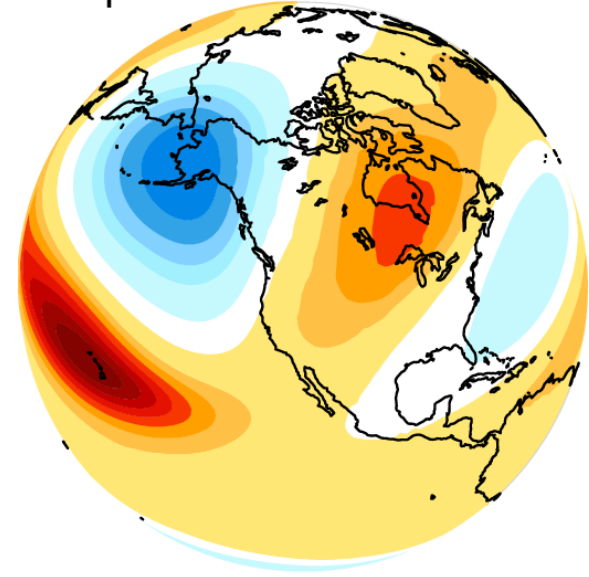
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21k (LGM)



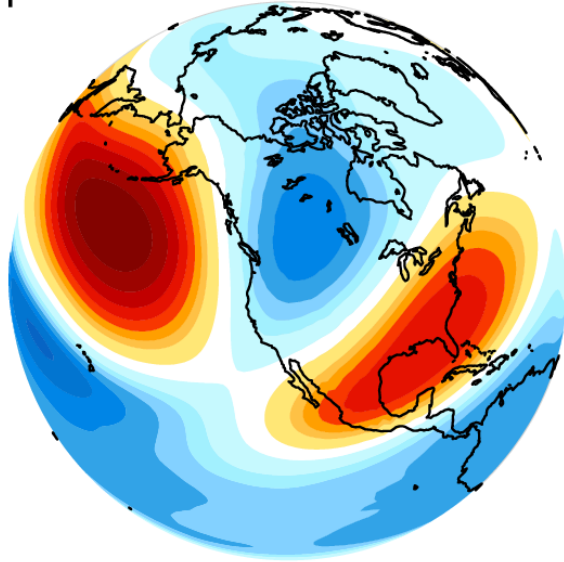
abrupt4xCO2



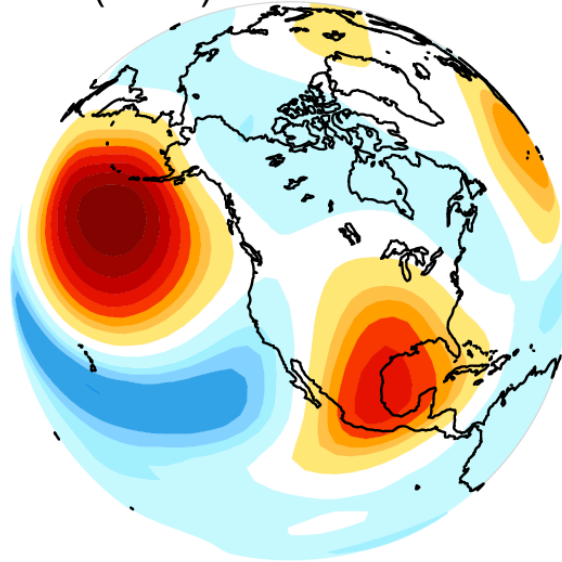
The PNA Teleconnection is lost in LGM.

One-point correlation of DJF geopotential heights at 500 hPa, with the base-point at 45° N and 165° W

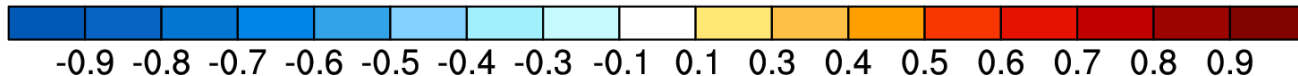
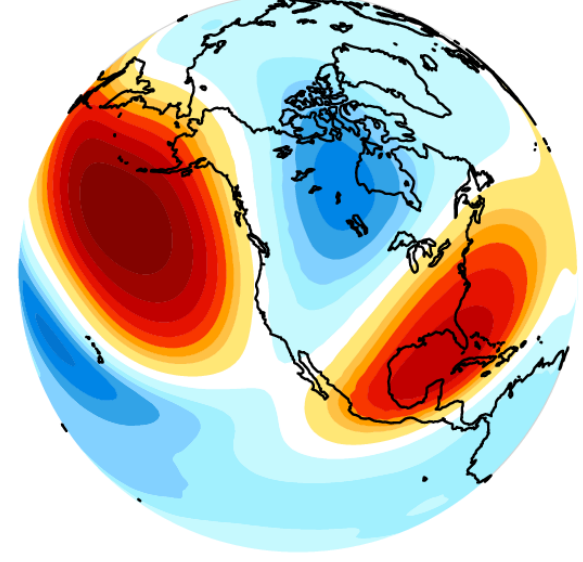
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21k (LGM)

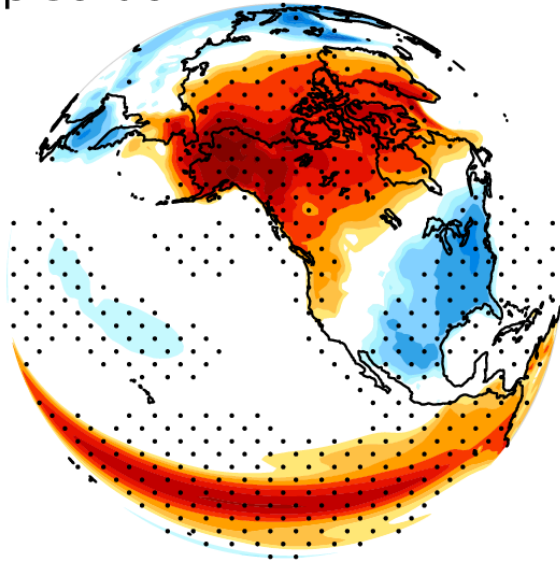


abrupt4xCO2

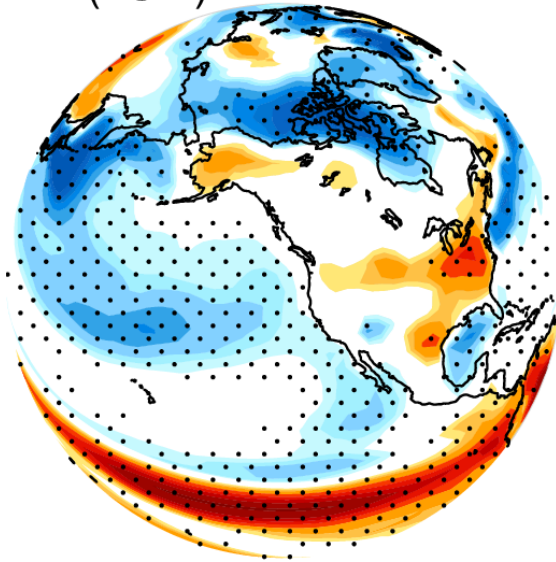


DJF SATs regressed on Nino3.4

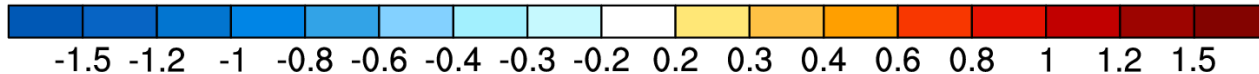
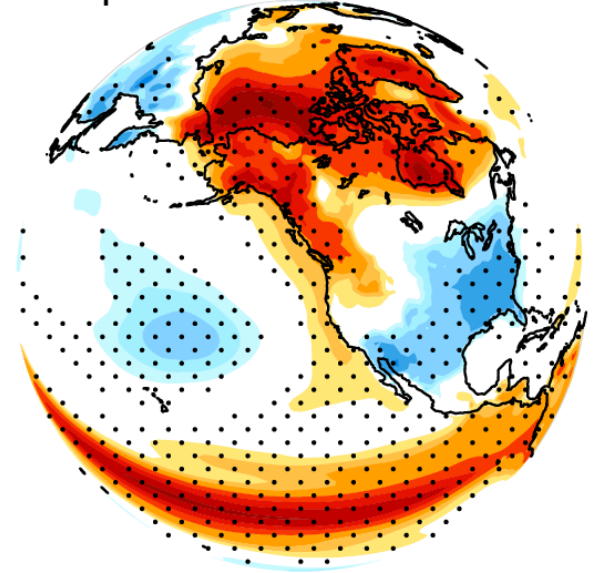
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21k (LGM)



abrupt4xCO2

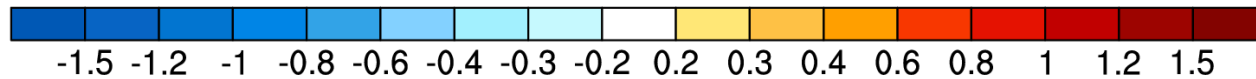
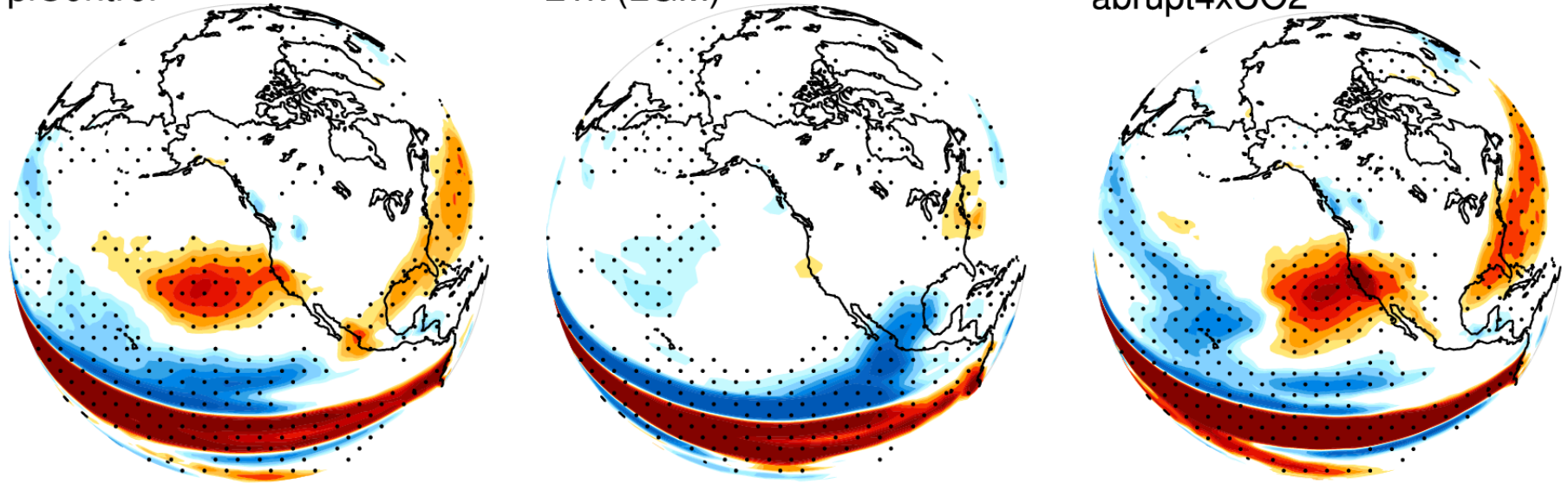


DJF precipitation regressed on Nino3.4

piControl

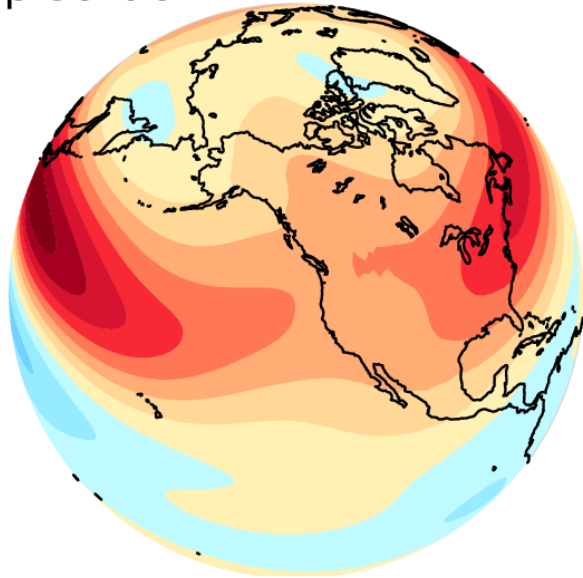
21k (LGM)

abrupt4xCO2

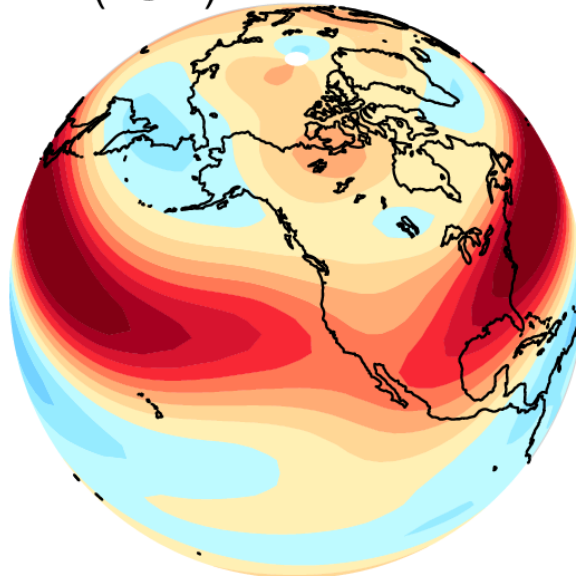


DJF zonal wind at 500 hPa

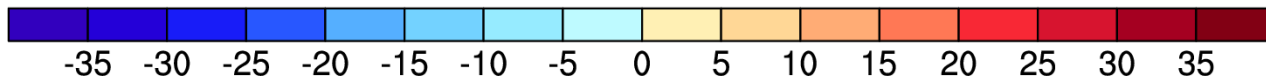
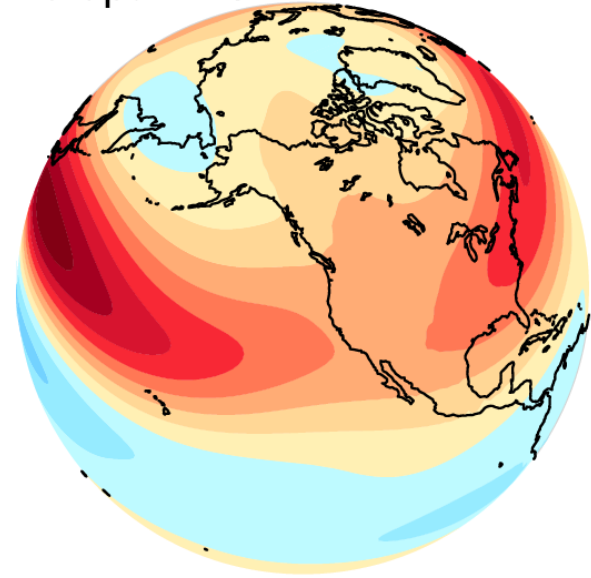
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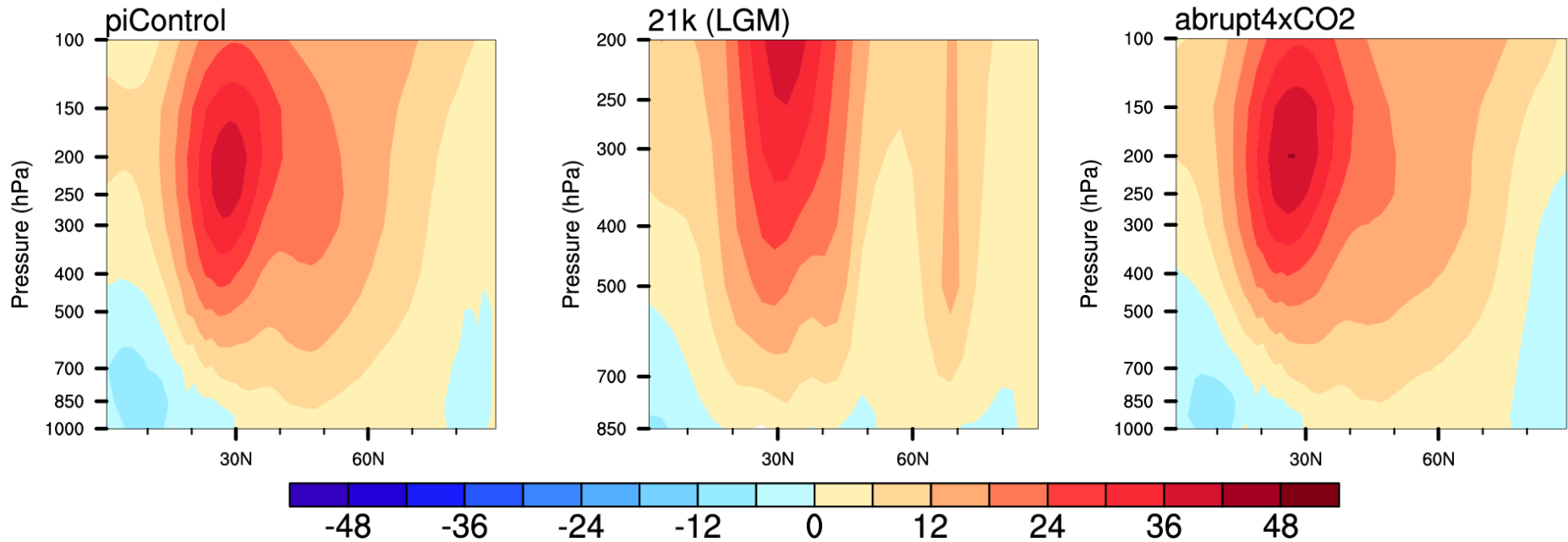
21k (LGM)



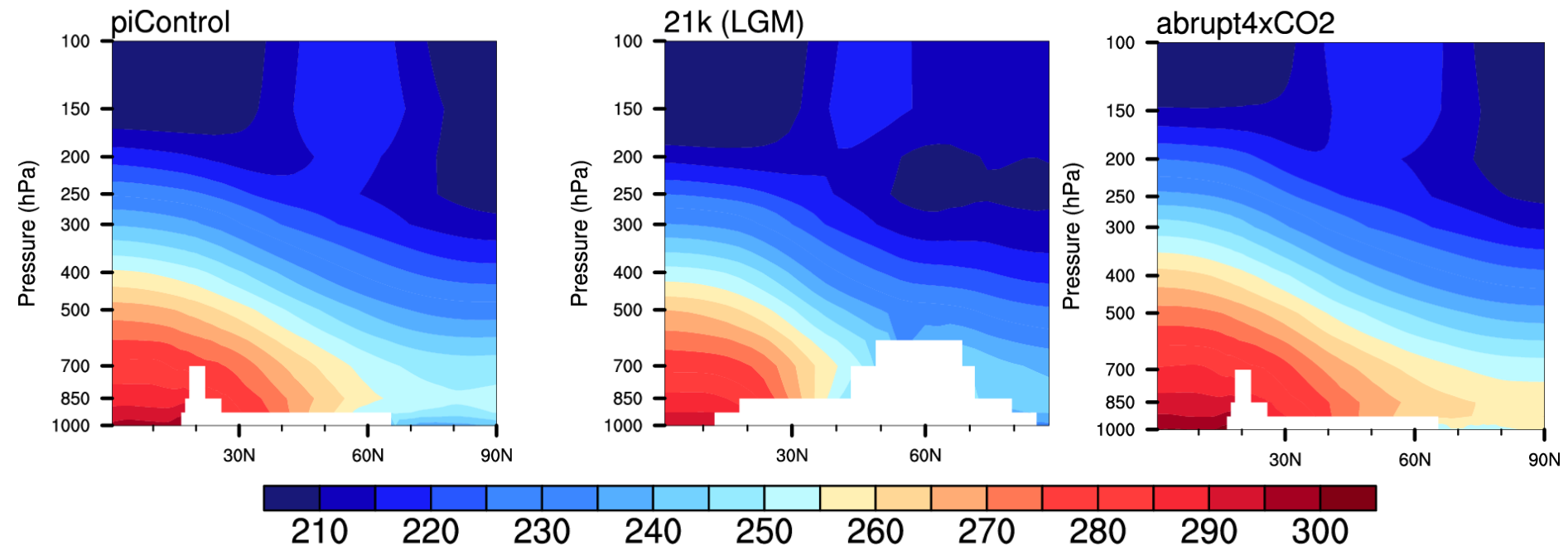
abrupt4xCO2



Vertical cross-section of DJF zonal-wind at 100° W



Vertical cross-section of DIF temperature at 100° W



The wave guide

$$K_s = \sqrt{\beta/U}$$

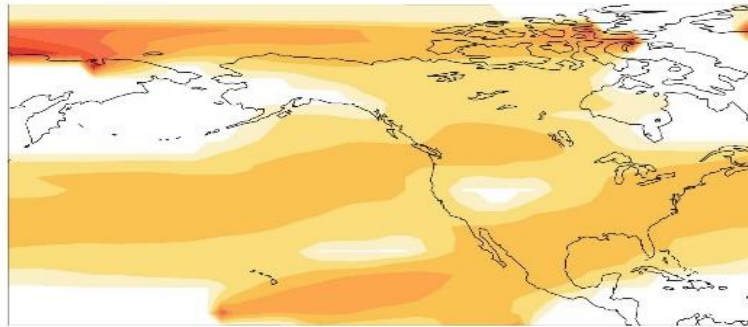
K_s : stationary wavenumber

U : zonal – mean wind

K_s differences

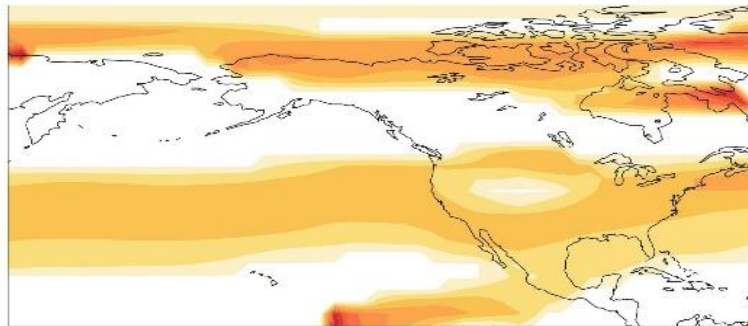
Present

(a)



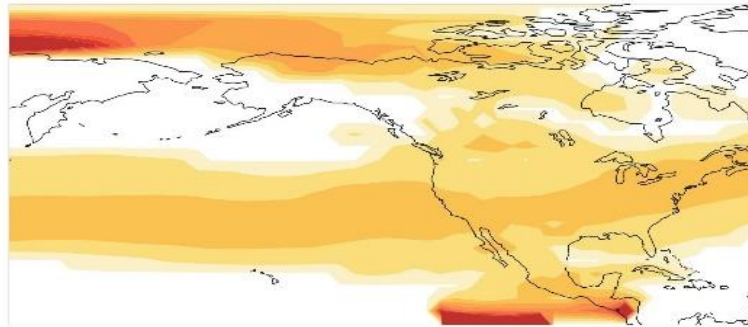
LGM

(b)

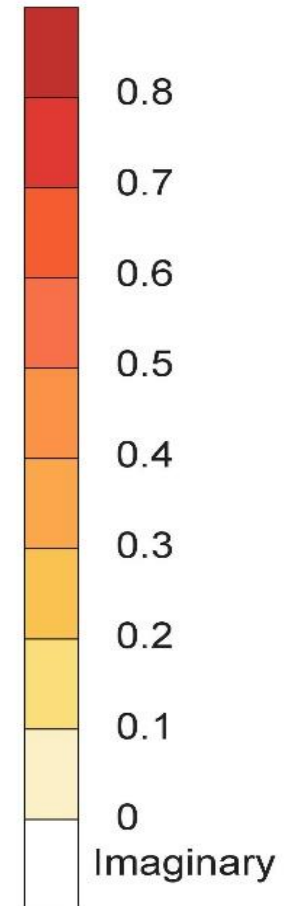


4xCO2

(c)



Unit: 10^3 km^{-1}



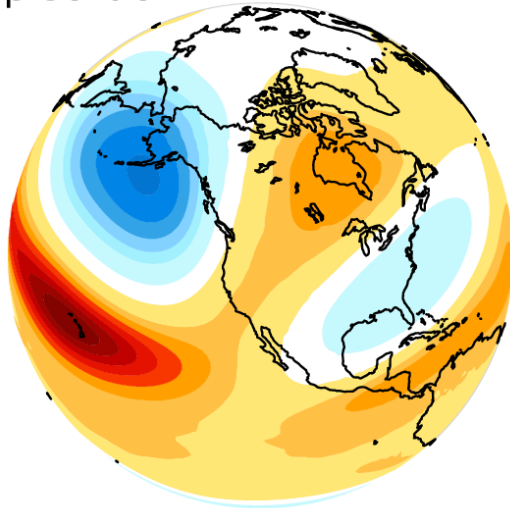
Conclusions

1. The PNA is almost completely lost in LGM.
2. The PNA has not significant changes for 4xCO₂ and RCP8.5, with stronger correlation at Alberta and weaker correlation at Gulf.
3. The different PNAs are caused by mid-latitude wave guides.

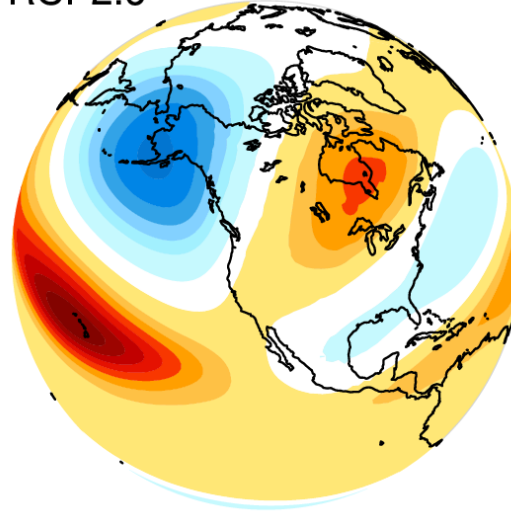
1. Any paleo-records for PNA in LGM?

PNAs for different RCPs

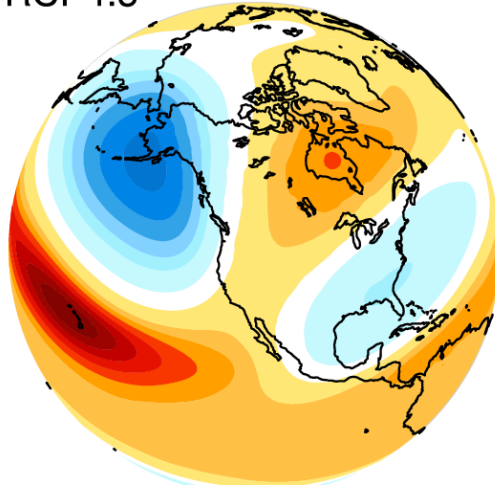
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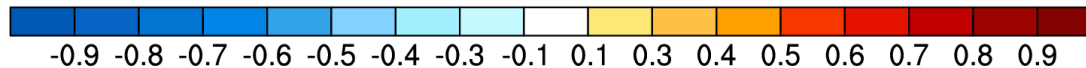
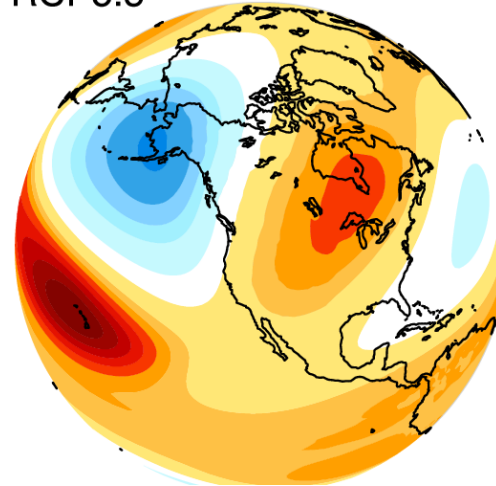
RCP2.6



RCP4.5

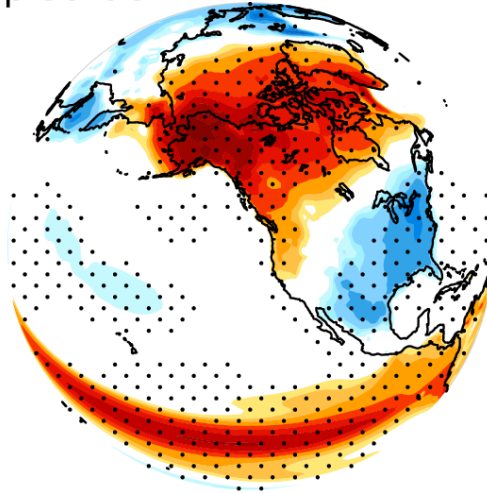


RCP8.5

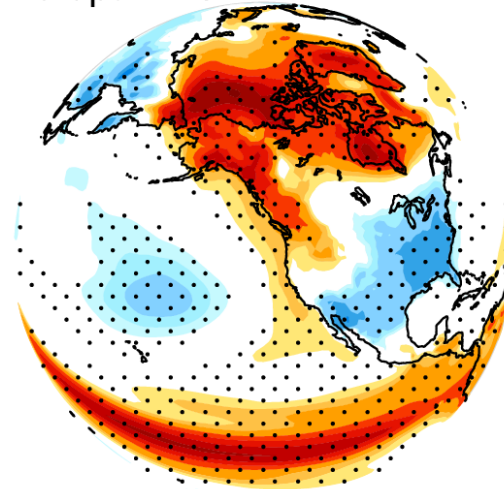


DJF SATs regressed on Nino3.4

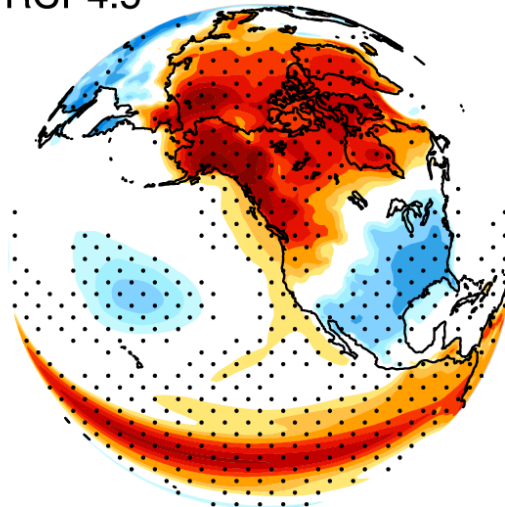
piControl



abrupt4xCO2



RCP4.5



RCP8.5

